The New-York Times.

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EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Advices to Last Evening by Ocean Telegraph.

The Garibaldian Disturbance at Viterbo.

The Insurgents in Possession of the Town of Aquapendente.

Victor Emmanuel Refuses Aid to the Pope.

Rumors of a New Fenian Conspiracy.

ITALY.

The Outbreak at Viterbo—The Insurgents in Possession of Aquapendente.

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 2—Midnight.

The reports from Italy are startling.

A dispatch received from Florence late this evening says that the outbreak at Viterbo was not quelled.

The small town of Aquapendente, in Orvieto, has been captured by the insurgents, who now have full possession of all the roads leading to it.

The commander of the forces of the Pope has asked the Italian Government for instant assistance.

Italy refuses to furnish any soldiers.

There is no longer room for doubt that the revolt is serious.

There are alarming apprehensions of an interruption of the heretofore friendly relations between Italy and France.

FLORENCE, Wednesday, Oct. 2.

Official dispatches published to-day are silent in regard to Rome, but confirm the reports that a revolt has broken out in the Papal Province of Viterbo.

The Rebels Holding Many Posts in Viterbo.

LONDON, Thursday, Oct. 3—Midnight.

The following dispatch from Italy has just been received here:

FLORENCE, Thursday, Oct. 3—Evening.

The rebels hold many posts in the Province of Viterbo, and await the attack of the Pontifical troops.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Rumored New and Wide-spread Fenian Conspiracy.

LONDON, Thursday, Oct. 3—Evening.

It is reported that a policeman has been shot and killed in Rochdale by some Fenians.

A policeman was attacked and nearly killed in this city by a gang of Irishmen last night.

These events, in connection with recent occurrences in Manchester and Ireland, have given rise to rumors of a new and widespread Fenian conspiracy.

Many of the Fenian convicts who have hitherto been confined in English and Irish jails, have been placed on board transports, and will be sent to Australia to serve out the terms of their sentences.

Masonic Dinner to the Officers of Admiral Farragut's Flagship.

LONDON, Thursday, Oct. 3.

The members of the Masonic Order last night gave a grand dinner at Gravesend to the officers of Admiral FARRAGUT's flagship, the *Franklin*, now lying off that port.

Bullion in the Bank of England.

LONDON, Thursday, Oct. 3—Evening.

The weekly returns of the Bank of England show that the amount of bullion in the vaults has increased £500,000 since the last report.

TURKEY.

Demand by the Czar for the Cession of Crete to Greece—Apology to the American Government.

LONDON, Thursday, Oct. 3—Midnight.

The Emperor ALEXANDER of Russia, has demanded of the Sublime Porte the cession of the Island of Candia to Greece.

The Turkish Government has made an apology to the American Ambassador at Constantinople for the insult offered to one of the messengers attached to the United States Consulate.

AUSTRIA.

Action of the Roman Catholic Bishops.

VIENNA, Thursday, Oct. 3.

The Roman Catholic Bishops of the Austrian Empire have met in congress and declared their opposition to any change in the *Concordat* now established between Rome and Austria.

SPAIN.

Gen. Lersundi Appointed Captain-General of the Island of Cuba.

MADRID, Thursday, Oct. 3.

Gen. LERSUNDI has received his commission as Captain-General of the Island of Cuba, and will immediately sail for Havana.

HUNGARY.

The Old Intrigues of Louis Kossuth.

PESTH, Wednesday, Oct. 2.

The *Naplo* (newspaper) of this city publishes letters and other documents to prove that LOUIS KOSSUTH was engaged in intrigues with agents of the Russian Government in 1849.

GERMANY.

Hamburg and the Zollverein.

BERLIN, Thursday, Oct. 3.

The City of Hamburg refuses to join the Zollverein.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Financial.

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 2—3 P. M.

Consols, for money, 94¼.

United States Five-Twenty Bonds	72
Illinois Central Railway Shares	76¾
Erie Railway Shares	41¼
Atlantic and Great Western Consolidated Bonds	23

PARIS, Wednesday, Oct. 2—Evening.

There is a better feeling on the Bourse and the Rentes are firmer and tend upward.

FRANKFORT, Wednesday, Oct. 2—Evening.

United States Five-Twenties for the issue of 1862 close at 74¾.

FRANKFORT, Wednesday, Oct. 2—2 P. M.

United States Five-Twenties for the issue of 1862, 75¾.

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 2—Evening.

Consols, for money, 94¼.

No advices have been received to-day, over the cable, of the prices of American Securities in the New-York market. There is a firmer feeling in the market here, however, and the following are the closing quotations:

United States Five-Twenty Bonds	72
Illinois Central Railway Shares	76¾
Erie Railway shares	41¼
Atlantic and Great Western Consolidated Bonds	22¾

LONDON, Thursday, Oct. 3—Noon.

Consols opened at 94 5-16 for money.

No New-York advices of the 3d instant have been received by the Atlantic Cable, and in their absence American securities open nominal at the following rates:

United States Five-Twenties	72¼
Illinois Central Railway Shares	77¼
Erie Railway Shares	42
Atlantic and Great Western Consolidated Bonds	22¾

LONDON, Thursday, Oct. 3—2 P. M.

Consols steady at 94 5-16.

American Securities are heavy, and declining under effects of advices from New-York, which have just been received by Atlantic Cable.

The following are the current quotations:

Five-Twenties	71¾
Illinois Central	76¾
Erie Railways	41¼

Atlantic and Great Western better at 23.

LONDON, Thursday, Oct. 3—Evening.

Consols close steady at 94 5-16 for money.

American Securities close at the following rates:

United States Five-Twenty Bonds	71¾
Illinois Central Railway Shares	76¾
Erie Railway Shares	41½
Atlantic and Great Western Consolidated Bonds	23¼

FRANKFORT, Thursday, Oct. 3.

The opening quotation of United States Bonds to-day was 74¼ for the issue of 1862.

FRANKFORT, Thursday, Oct. 3—Evening.

United States bonds closed at 74¾.

Commercial.

LIVERPOOL, Wednesday, Oct. 2—2 P. M.

COTTON dull and declined ⅛ since the noon dispatch. The sales to-day amount to 10,000 bales:

Middling Uplands	8⅝d.
Middling Orleans	8⅞d.

Breadstuffs are without change.

In the Provision market Lard has advanced to 53s. 9d. Beef, Pork, Bacon, Lard and Cheese are without alteration.

There are no changes to report in the Produce market.

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 2—2 P. M.

Our markets have undergone no change since noon.

PROVISIONS—Beef, 140s. ₱ 304 ℔s. for Extra Prime Mess. Pork, 71s. ₱ 200 ℔s. for Prime City Mess. Bacon, 43s. ₱ cwt. for Middles. Lard, 53s. 9d. ₱ cwt. for American. Cheese, 53s. ₱ cwt. for Middling American.

PRODUCE—Resin, 8s. 6d. ₱ cwt. for Common American, and 11s. for Medium. Tallow, 44s. 6d. ₱ cwt. for American. Spirits of Turpentine, 27s. 6d. ₱ cwt. Petroleum—Spirits, 1s. ₱ gallon, and Standard White, 1s. 5½d.

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 2—Evening.

No. 25 Dutch Standard Sugar, 25s. 6d. Calcutta Linseed, 68s. 6d. ₱ imperial quarter. Linseed Cakes, £10 5s. ₱ ton for feeding. Whale Oil, £38 ₱ 252 gallons. Linseed Oil, £39 10s. ₱ ton.

LIVERPOOL, Wednesday, Oct. 2—Evening.

COTTON—The market became steady with more doing toward the close. The sales to-day foot up 12,000 bales. The closing quotations are as follows:

Middling Uplands	8⅝d.
Middling Orleans	8⅞d.

BREADSTUFFS—Corn, 42s. 6d. ₱ quarter for Mixed Western. Wheat firm at 14s. 6d. ₱ cental for White California, and 13s. 9d. for Milwaukee Red. Barley, 5s. 3d. ₱ 60 ℔s. for American. Oats, 3s. 6d. ₱ 45 ℔s. for American. Peas, 46s. ₱ 504 ℔s. for Canadian.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday, Oct. 3—Noon.

COTTON—The market opened rather quiet in tone. It is estimated the sales of the day will not exceed 10,000 bales.

The quotations are as follows:

Middling Uplands	8⅝d.
Middling Orleans	8⅞d.

BREADSTUFFS—The market opened quiet. Corn, 42s. 6d.; Wheat, 14s. 6d. for California White, and 13s. 9d. for Milwaukee Red; Barley, 5s. 3d.; Oats, 3s. 6d.; Peas, 46s.

PROVISIONS—Beef, 140s.; Pork, 71s.; Bacon, 43s; Lard, 53s. 9d.; Cheese, 53s.

PRODUCE—Common Resin, 8s. 6d.; medium do., 11s. Tallow, 44s. 6d. Turpentine, 27s. 6d. Petroleum, 1s. for spirits, and 1s. 5½d. for refined.

LONDON, Thursday, Oct. 3—Noon.

Sugar, 25s. 6d. Linseed, 68s. 6d. Linseed Cakes, £10 5s. Whale Oil, £38. Linseed Oil, £39 10s.

LONDON, Thursday, Oct. 3—Evening.

Sugar closed 25s. 6d. for No. 12 Dutch Standard. No alteration in other quotations.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday, Oct. 3—2 P. M.

COTTON—The market is inactive; quotations are unchanged.

BREADSTUFFS—No changes are reported.

PROVISIONS—Beef has declined to 137s. 6d. ₱ bbl. for prime City Mess. Bacon advanced to 44s. 6d., and Lard to 54s.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday, Oct. 3—Evening.

COTTON—The market has been heavy all day, and close at a decline of ⅛d. ₱ ℔. The sales foot up 10,000 bales. The following are the authorized closing quotations:

Middling Uplands	8½d.
Middling Orleans	8¾d.

BREADSTUFFS—The market closed quiet and unchanged. Corn, 42s. 6d. ₱ quarter for new Mixed Western. Wheat, 14s. 6d. for California White, and 13s. 9d. for Milwaukee Red. Barley, 5s. 3d. Oats, 3s. 6d. Peas, 46s.

PROVISIONS—Market irregular but prices unchanged from last quotations.

PRODUCE—Spirits Petroleum 1d. higher, closing at 1s. 1d. ₱ gallon. Refined steady at 1s. 5½d.

Other articles of Produce are unchanged.

MARINE NEWS.

Movements of United States Steamers.

LONDON, Thursday, Oct. 3.

The last dates from Rio Janeiro report the arrival at that port of the United States steam-frigate *Guerriere*, the flag-ship of Rear-Admiral CHARLES H. DAVIS, commanding the South American Squadron.

LISBON, Thursday, Oct. 3.

The United States frigate *Minnesota*, Commodore JAMES ALDEN commanding, has arrived here. She has on board a large number of Midshipmen.

Arrival Out.

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 2—9 P. M.

The steamship *Atalanta*, Capt. PINKHAM, of the London and New-York Line, from New-York on the 14th inst., *via* Brest, arrived here this morning.

ANTWERP, Wednesday, Oct. 2—Evening.

The Petroleum market closes with a firmer feeling; Standard White 55 francs.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Dispatches by the Atlantic Cable—The Bombardment of the Paraguayan Fortifications by the Allied Forces.

LONDON, Thursday, Oct. 3.

Later advices from South America have been received.

They give no definite intelligence as to the result of the recent bombardment of the Paraguayan fortifications, but state that the Brazilian and Argentine fleets were lying inactive off the Fortress of Humaita, and the land forces of the Allied Powers were making no preparations for any further movement.

WEST INDIES.

Affairs in Havana—The Obsequies of Captain-General Manzano—Proposed Military Draft—Marine Disaster—Miscellaneous Intelligence.

From Our Own Correspondent.

HAVANA, Saturday, Sept. 28, 1867.

According to the programme announced in my previous letter, the funeral of the late Gen. MANZANO took place with great pomp on the morning of the 26th. The remains were followed by a large retinue, comprising all the officers of the different branches of the service, and many civil and religious corporations. The corpse was borne by four soldiers, the pall being held by the Admiral of the station, Count CANONGO, Chief of Administration LARA, Chief-Justice POSADILLO, and two members of the City Council. At the cathedral a requiem mass was sung, the Bishop officiating. Subsequently the procession took up the line of march and proceeded to the cemetery, where the coffin was closed and deposited in the chapel. The journals of the city have done their share in the general demonstration of sorrow by coming out in mourning for three consecutive days.

PROPOSED MILITARY DRAFT.

The denizens of the quiet towns of Regla and Guanabacoa have been startled out of their routine life by the first intimation of a military draft which this Government contemplates enforcing throughout the island. That such a measure is intended there can be little doubt, as a call has been made at every dwelling by the Captains of the Ward Police, for the purpose of taking down the name of every single man whose age ranges from 16 to 20 years. Some fond parent, dreading the hardships of military life for his son, has addressed a letter of inquiry on the subject to the editor of the *Siglo*. The journal replies by an attempt to allay the correspondent's fears, but does not contradict the report relative to the enforcement of the draft. It is to be hoped, however, that sober reflection on the part of the Government may cause a reconsideration of the affair, as its prosecution would undoubtedly, widen the existing breach between the natives and the Spaniards, and ultimately, perhaps, drive the former to rash measures of resistance.

MARINE DISASTER.

The American bark *Elizabeth C. Jones*, Capt. W. C. JONES, bound from Philadelphia to St. Thomas, with a cargo of coal for the Government account, encountered a terrible hurricane on the 8th inst., when close to her destination. She weathered the storm successfully until the 9th, when she commenced to founder, and went down before the crew had time to construct a raft. Capt. JONES, however, managed to seize upon a plank, and was soon joined by one of his sailors, who clung with him to the fragment of the wreck. The two men remained in this awful predicament, tossed upon the angry waves, without eating or drinking, until the night of the 11th, when the Spanish brig *Natividad* hove in sight, Capt. JONES shouted for help, and his cries were heard. Capt. GOITIA, of the brig, with the generous instincts of a true sailor, lowered a boat with all dispatch and made search for the shipwrecked unfortunates. The sailor had died a few minutes before the vessel was hailed, but Capt. JONES was rescued and taken on board in an exhausted condition. Through the unremitting care and exertions of Capt. GOITIA he was restored to life and made as comfortable as possible. Such a noble deed as that performed by Capt. GOITIA should be rightly acknowledged by our Government. The *Natividad* landed Capt. JONES at St. Jago de Cuba, where at last accounts he had recovered his good health.

MURDER ON A PLANTATION.

News from Maunabo sets forth that a crime was committed on the 3d inst. on the California Plantation, situated in that district. Five negroes belonging to the estate made an attack on the second overseer, and one of them dealt him a blow on the head with an ax. The unfortunate man fell dead. The murderer's accomplices then sprang on their victim and mutilated him in such a manner that more than one hundred stab wounds were found on his body. The Alcalde hurried at once to the spot and caused the arrest of the negroes.

CUBAN POSTAL CHARGES.

Our Consul has been subjected to a shameful imposition, perpetrated upon the arrival at this port of the Spanish steamer *Barcelona* from Vera Cruz. It seems that the officers of the United States steamer *De Soto*, unmindful of our postal regulations, availed themselves of the opportunity to forward their letters home, and secured them in a small cloth bag, which was addressed and forwarded to Mr. SAVAGE. Of course, this gentleman, imagining that the receptacle contained official dispatches, ordered it to be brought to the office, little dreaming that he was expected to pay the moderate sum of $48 for the said bag, which weighed only three pounds!

JOURNALISTIC MATTERS.

It has ultimately leaked out that there is a disruption in the Republican Party here, from the fact that Señor ARMAS, late editor of the *Siglo*, is the chosen person to start the *Occidente*, with the material and moral support of the seceding members. It is an undeniable fact that the first-named journal has changed its tone within the past year. Arrangements are nearly completed for the publication of this opposition sheet, which numbers among its contributors a majority and the *élite* of Cuban literary men.

THINGS THEATRICAL.

The Tacon opens this evening with the dramatic company recently arrived from Spain.

The Cuban Burlesque Company have tendered a benefit night to Señor VALERO, of the Villanneva Theatre, the beneficiary seeming to have found great favor with the public.

Miscellaneous Intelligence.

The Spanish steamer *Ocean Bird*, from Porto Rico on the 10th, arrived here on the 27th.

PORTO RICO.

There had been a very damaging rain-storm, which nearly destroyed all the crops in the neighborhood of Ponce and Pennelas.

A slight shock of earthquake was felt in Rio Pedras on the 8th.

ST. THOMAS.

The Seventh was celebrated with a great deal of *eclat* especially by the Spanish population of the Island, it being the anniversary of the birthday of the Queen of Denmark. All the shipping in the harbor was gaily decorated, the military bands treated the public to an economical opera, while the forts were firing salutes. There was a great scarcity of ice, and for several days none could be had, causing quite an excitement during the hot days when people need the article to keep cool.

ST. DOMINGO.

Our dates from St. Domingo are to the 14th of September.

Congress had met on the 2d to discuss the treaty with Hayti, and there being no dissenting opinion as to the necessity of its ratification, it was unanimously agreed to. The President then submitted the question of adjournment, and stated that the business for which the extraordinary session had been called was transacted. Congress then adjourned, to reassemble Oct. 5.

A Haytien delegation was to arrive on the 15th to exchange the ratification documents concerning the treaty.

Mr. E. P. SMITH, bearing the treaty from the United States Government, had just arrived at the capital.

The British brig *Paragon* had arrived from New-York.

The British brig *Ocean Bird*, which put into this port owing to stress of weather, has been chartered to load at Altovelo.

President CABRAL had returned to the capital after visiting the Province of Azua and the entire southern coast, where everything remained tranquil.

The English brig *Paragon* arrived from New-York with a cargo of provisions, and after discharging will load with guano at Altovela. The English schooner *Curlew*, loaded with lumber, was lost near the harbor of St. Domingo. The crew was saved, but the vessel will prove a total loss.

DEPUTY.

DISPATCHES BY THE CUBAN CABLE.

HAVANA, Wednesday, Oct. 2.

Exchange continues dull; United States currency 24¾ discount.

Sugar market is steady, prices are unchanged.

Lard in tins, 19¾; Apples, 10; Potatoes, 6; Onions, 5.

MARINE.—Steamer *Liberty*, from Baltimore, sailed to-day for New-Orleans. Also sailed brig *Havana* for New-York.

HAVANA, Thursday, Oct. 3.

Exchange on London, sixty days, 19¾ ₱ cent.; ninety days, 18¾ ₱ cent. On Paris, ninety days, 6 ₱ cent. On United States—Currency, 23¾@25 ₱ cent.; gold, sixty days, 7¼@7¾ ₱ cent.

Sugar active, at 9 reals for Nos. 11¾ to 12. More than 7,000 boxes sold.

Hams, 16c.@17c.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

Speeches of Ex-Governor Seymour and Mayor Hoffman.

The Mozart Hall Delegation Refused Admission.

The Nominations and Platform Not Yet Agreed Upon.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, Thursday, Oct. 3.

The Democratic Convention has held two sessions to-day, listened to half a dozen long speeches, and adjourned at 5 P. M. without making any nominations or adopting a platform. This is in accordance with a time-honored custom of Democratic Conventions from the good old days of the Regency. For all business purposes the Convention might as well have finished its work to-day.

There was but a slim attendance, Tweddle Hall being less than two-thirds full at either session, and no ladies being present at either, as there were at the Republican Convention.

Mayor HOFFMAN's speech failed to create much enthusiasm among the country delegates, who did not appear to relish his repeated use of the slang about the Puritan and the negro. He also surprised a portion of the Democracy by the decided stand he took on the financial question. He was in favor of paying every dollar of the National debt according to the letter and the spirit of the bond; but he did not fail to add the *non-sequitur* that the thing never could be done without restoring the Democracy to power.

Gov. SEYMOUR's speech was received with perfect furor from all sides. He also dwelt largely upon the finances, and took similar ground to that taken by Mr. HOFFMAN. The debt must be paid, but the Democratic Party alone could do it.

The Mozart delegation were ignored in their official capacity as usual, but made no resistance, and were rewarded for their good behavior by an invitation to honorary seats in the Convention by the side of another outside delegation representing the German lager-beer interest.

Since the adjournment the caucusing for candidates for the State ticket has been going on briskly at the Delavan House, and, so far as can be ascertained at the present writing, has reached the following programme, which differs but little from that given in last night's dispatch. For Secretary of State, HOMER A. NELSON, of Dutchess; for Comptroller, Judge ALLEN, of Oswego; for Attorney-General, M. D. CHAMPLAIN, of Alleghany; for Treasurer, ANSEL BASCOM, of Washington; for Canal Commissioner, JNO. D. FAY, of Monroe; for State Engineer, VAN RENSSELAER RICHMOND, of Wayne; for State Prison Inspector, D. B. MCNEILL, of Auburn; for Court of Appeals, MARTIN GROVER, of Alleghany.

The platform is sufficiently foreshadowed in the speeches of Messrs. SEYMOUR and HOFFMAN.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

ALBANY, Thursday, Oct. 3.

Soon after 12 o'clock to-day the Democratic State Convention was called to order by Hon. SAML. J. TILDEN, who congratulated the party because of the full attendance of the representative men of the party, the harmony apparent everywhere, and the signs apparent to all that success will attend the work of to-day if that work be done wisely, and with the single determination of promoting the great Democratic cause. In closing, he hoped the Convention would forget everything except the great public cause, for the advancement of which the delegates had assembled, ignoring all personal preferences and predilections. Acting thus he felt assured that the party will enter the Presidential contest next year with success assured to the party, and peace and prosperity to our beloved country. He moved, as instructed by the State Committee, Hon. JOHN T. HOFFMAN be appointed temporary President of the Convention.

The motion was carried unanimously, and Mr. HOFFMAN was greeted with loud and enthusiastic cheers.

Mr. E. A. LAWRENCE, of Queens, and Mr. D. OGDEN, of Yates, were named to conduct Mr. HOFFMAN to the platform.

As Mr. HOFFMAN took the chair he was again enthusiastically applauded. He addressed the Convention as follows:

GENTLEMEN OF THE CONVENTION: I thank you for the distinguished honor you have conferred upon me. When I last stood in this hall it was to accept from the representatives of the people assembled here, their nomination to the chief executive office of the State. [Cheers.] This greeting you have given me to-day assures me that you do not attribute it to my fault that the battle you nobly fought was not won. [Applause.] I may be pardoned, I am sure, if I avail myself of this, my first opportunity, to thank you and the people of the State for the generous support they gave to the ticket then, and to assure you that the City of New-York, which gave for that ticket nearly 50,000 majority, and I think I may say the County of Kings, which added 10,000 more, will be ready hereafter to respond in the same thunder tones to any ticket which you may present to them for their support, let it come from whatever section of the State it may. [Cheers.] I shall not detain you long in what I have to say as the temporary Chairman of this Convention. I shall not imitate the poetic license and the fine frenzy of the distinguished Radical Senator who presided over the Convention recently assembled in Syracuse. [Laughter.] I shall not talk to you as he did of the "Red Eye of Battle," which glared furiously at Syracuse then, and which words have become historic in connection with that subject ever since. He told those assembled there, and through them the people of the State, that the leaves had not fallen ten times since the banner of his party was unfurled, but he did not call their attention to the fact that ten hundred thousand American lives had fallen since he and his party had placed the country under the despotic rule of the Puritan and the negro. [Great Applause.] He told them that in order to deserve the lasting confidence of the people, the party must do something besides prepare for election. I tell them that because his party has done nothing, it cannot have and will not have the lasting confidence of the American people. He asserted that the past of his party had not been six years. I tell him its future in the State of New-York will not be six weeks. [Cheers.] He said in 1861 that the life of the Republic was almost extinct. I tell him it was not so! That the life of the Republic still lives, and will live long after he and his party have been consigned to oblivion. [Enthusiastic cheers.] He declared in 1861 that the treasury of the country was bankrupt, but he failed to call the attention of the people to that splendid condition of its solvency to-day, with three thousand millions of national debt, with five hundred and eighty millions of annual taxation, with interest on that national debt of one thousand millions more than England has to pay, one hundred and eighty millions more than France has to pay, and to the indebtedness of the State of New-York, equal to one-third and more than one-third of the assessed valuation of its property. The taxation of the State is $108,000,000, or $45 for every man, woman and child, and $200 for every voter within the limits of the State. He failed to call the attention of the people to those facts. I call their attention to those facts now, and ask them to remember it in connection with the policy of his party, which the Democratic Party of the State bound to oppose. After he had told them this, to cap the climax, he foreshadowed the policy of the party of which he is the representative man, and which is this: That, having added to the power of the Puritan in New-England the power of the illiterate negro in the Southern States, the President of the selection and election of his own party shall be suspended by joint resolution of Congress, and the Government shall be turned over to new combinations, and then, with a revolutionary President at its head, we shall wade through another revolution without precedent and without parallel.

Gentlemen of the Convention, when in my humble and feeble way I had the honor during the last Fall canvass to discuss the issues of the campaign before the people of the State, I endeavored to prove and to show them that the constitutional amendments which were then discussed were not the real issues of the canvass—that they were put forward merely as covers for more dangerous and destructive schemes. I told them that the real policy of the Radical Party in power was what to-day the Convention at Syracuse has itself declared—universal negro suffrage, not only in the Southern States, but in the Northern States; the suspension and impeachment of the President of their own choice, and put in his place a President of their own selection. Everywhere I went I was charged by my Radical opponents with mingling upon that subject partisan harangues, and that the issues of the day were not really as I declared they were. I appeal to the record to show whether the declarations which by myself, and others with me, were then put forth, have not been verified by history. They stand to-day where, then, BUTLER and GREELEY and PHILLIPS, and others of that stamp, declared they would stand. The mask and the cover have been thrown off, and the policy so distinctly foreshadowed is the policy that has been announced and avowed by the Chairman of that Convention. I do not propose to discuss it here. I am prepared, to the extent of my ability, and my power, and my time to go among the people and present distinctly to them, in connection with other questions, the issue. Shall the Puritan of New-England with the negro of the South rule the destinies of the American country, or shall the country be governed by the people? I leave that for you by your voices to determine. Gentlemen, the difference between the Radical Puritan idea of government and the Democratic idea of government is very marked and very distinct. The Radical Puritan insists upon it that the best government is that which governs the most. The Democrat insists upon it that the best government is that which governs the least. There is the distinction. [Loud applause.] The Radical acting upon his theory of government, commences his initial policy and allows for no honest difference of opinion. He steps into a Rump Congress and enacts which he declares are superior to (?) the Constitution of his country. He insists upon it that his Puritan ideas shall be the dominant ideas of the country, beneath which every other idea shall sink. Nothing is so sacred that it must not submit to his wishes. No view, however honest can be considered honest; no view, however patriotic can be considered patriotic if it happen to be at war with his. From the nation it comes to the State, and what then? He declares that the rights of the people of the State secured to them by the Constitution of the country, shall not be protected and maintained. He declares that the Sovereign State of New-York shall be regulated by an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and when the Puritan comes to a Democratic State that is particularly the place for Puritanic ideas to enter, what then? Odious Registry Laws, which make a distinction between the adopted citizens and the native citizens, which declares that the adopted citizen shall not be registered so his vote can be given unless he produce further evidence of his right to vote than that of citizenship, and which say that papers given under his oath, and which would be rejected in the Courts of his State or anywhere else, shall not be received at the place of registry. Having done that, having raised his voice against adopted citizens of the country by making them a class apart, he goes among them and tells them he is their friend; but he does not stop there; applies to cities such as New-York and Brooklyn—the hearts of the Metropolitan District—a law which I do not hesitate to declare, in its provisions, to be odious, oppressive, harsh and unjust. He declares what men shall drink and when they shall drink it. He undertakes to enforce upon them his ideas as to how one day shall be spent and how another shall be spent. He makes an odious Excise Law and intrusts its execution to officers of his own selection, who administer the law with despotic rigor. He entrusts its execution to men who wherever they go degrade and disgrace the American character, for a man who plays the part of a spy upon the conduct of an American citizen in his house or place of business degrades himself and degrades the character of those at the Convention. [Loud applause.] Having made these laws, laws which are repulsive to the common sense of nearly the whole community, having refused to the Legislature any power to modify them, having provided for their execution in the most repulsive manner, they meet in nominating Convention at Syracuse, and at its close pass a resolution by which they seek to escape the consequences of their own acts—a resolution which the journals of the State designate as the "Lager-beer Resolution." [Derisive laughter.] A resolution, I venture to say, more serious in its character than any of the illicit whisky that is distilled from the vats of some Radical invaders of the Internal Revenue Law. [Great laughter.] I say here that a party which has the control of the legislative and executive power of the State, which has power to amend and modify the laws, they find oppressive, harsh and unjust, cannot escape the responsibility of such legislation. For no party in a Legislature having the power has any moral right to pass any law which interferes with the life-long habits and customs of the people, which are as harmless as they are universal. [Applause.] I am in favor of just excise laws, with every man within the hearing of my voice. The Democratic Party, with all just parties, has been in favor of just and well-regulated excise laws. The object of all laws is to preserve order, and prevent one man doing an injury to his neighbor; and when it has accomplished that its object has ceased, and the law should cease to operate. I insist with you, and I believe that the Democratic Party insists with me, that injustice is none the less oppressive because it comes in the form of a law.

Now, my friends, there are great questions to be discussed. I can barely allude to them, only to one or two. I have referred to the subject of the national debt to the immensity of the taxation in the nation and the State. I desire to ask the people of this State, not only the rich who hold the bonds of the Government, not only the capitalist whose property is in the State, but every poor man who has his dollar or his hundred dollars deposited in the savings bank—every man who has a home, be it ever so humble—whether he thinks the securities of the Government will be worth any more or taxes upon the people be any less if the power of the Republican Party shall be perpetuated? Under the same conditions, I ask the men who hold Government securities, which are exempt from taxation, I ask men who do not hold Government securities but who pay taxes, whether they think their securities will be worth more, or their taxes be less, if the country is controlled by the Puritan and negro, with a revolutionary President at their head and a Republican Congress? What remedy do you propose? they may ask. I will tell you what I propose. The first is to oust from power the party which has brought difficulty upon us. [Applause.] It is time enough to give them details when we have the power to execute them. We do not propose—I do not, at least—to discuss the question of the national debt. I simply say this to place myself right upon the record. I declare the honor, the good faith of the country is pledged, every dollar of the property of the country is pledged; every right arm of labor in the country is pledged; every energy of the country is pledged, to the payment of every dollar of the national debt, honestly and fully, not only according to the letter, but according to the spirit of the bond. [Applause.] It is time enough to discuss the question how it is to be paid and when it is to be paid; when a party can come into power which can inaugurate a system of economy in the place of a system of extravagance—a party which will reduce expenditures instead of increasing them—a party which will give ten independent loyal States back to the Union instead of five military despotisms. [Applause.] A party which will develop the resources of the South as well as of the North, which will enable every man in every section of the country to put his shoulder to the wheel and contribute his portion toward the payment of the national debt, and which will relieve the Northern States from the burdens which now rest upon them to pay the whole of it. That is all I propose to say in regard to the national debt, and how it is to be paid to-day. But I tell the rich and the poor, the old and the young, that it is of no use to pay it, either in gold or in currency, so long as the country is kept comparatively in a state of war—union, harmony, peace and restoration are what are needed. Then our securities will become worth their face in gold. Now, gentlemen, in looking back over the last few years of strife and civil war, I desire to say that I honor every man who, according to his conscientious convictions and the exercise of the judgment and talent which his God gave him, devoted himself to the preservation of the Union, which was the common glory of the American people. Our adversaries may claim it to have been the victory of a party; we know it to have been the victory of a patriotic people. [Applause.] They gave millions from the Treasury and hundreds of thousands of lives, and have planted again the American flag in the capital of every State; they demanded peace, union, harmony, order, law and constitutional government. More than two years have elapsed and they have not obtained either. I appeal to the State, the merchant, the farmer and the laborer, whether to-day we are as near to peace, harmony and prosperity as we were one year ago. No. An immense volume of paper currency has corrupted the people; commerce is declining; American shipping is destroyed; the nation is groaning under the heavy burden of debt and taxation; the power of the Legislature is transferred to the military, and the Constitution is no longer the law of the land. Extravagance rules in the nation and in the State. We have no peace, and as long as the party now in power is continued in its supremacy we will have no peace. "Gentlemen may cry peace, peace, but there is no peace." In our own State we have a Legislature which, if common report is to be believed, is full of corruption, without precedent and without parallel. Frauds perpetrated in regard to the canal contracts and canal management have been spread before the people in such manner as to astonish them. The Radical Party controlling the Constitutional Convention have frittered away the time and money of the people, and have refused to submit questions which they made issues before the people, and have adjourned to save themselves from the disgrace which would come upon them, coming out in the beginning, as they did, the avowed advocates of negro suffrage in the State. Within a week of the meeting at Syracuse they voted down the proposition to submit the question to the people. All we ask is to let it go before the people, and, so far as I am concerned, to let it go before the people without discussion and without argument. They refused to do that, and they must take the consequences. I rejoice in the spirit which seems to animate the members of this Convention, not only as manifested here, but in the interviews I have had the pleasure to hold with them. It gives evidence of a determination which I cannot but admire, which tells of an earnest campaign, to be followed by a great and glorious victory. I feel confident every member of this Convention will so state his course, in the adoption of resolutions and in the selection of candidates, that personal feelings and prejudices shall give way; that all may labor for the common good, and the result will be that before the lapse of Autumn that party which, for its corruption, its extravagance, its folly and its recklessness, is without precedent and without parallel, will be displaced. [Prolonged applause.]

On motion, Mr. E. O. PERRIN, of Suffolk, and Mr. M. C. WELLS, of Ontario, were appointed secretaries.

On the roll of delegates being called, as the New-York delegation were about to answer to their names a delegate, who was said to represent the names Hall organization, remarked that there were contestants present from New-York, and he moved that the call of New-York be suspended until the roll be gone through with.

The Chair decided that the motion was out of order pending the call.

Another delegate appealed from the decision, but the Chair was sustained by a large majority.

Mr. GEORGE W. MILLER, of Monroe, moved the following:

Resolved, That the organization known as the Tammany Hall organization is the regular organization of the Democracy of New-York, and that the delegates claiming seats under that organization have been regularly elected as delegates to this Convention.

Mr. MILLER called for the previous question on this motion, which was ordered, and the resolution adopted with but few negatives.

Mr. GEORGE C. GREEN, of Niagara, then moved the following:

Resolved, That, recognizing the delegation from the County of New-York, representing the section of the Democratic Party known as Mozart Hall, as sound Democrats of unquestionable fidelity to the principles and nominations of the Democratic Party of the State, we tender them honorary seats in the Convention.

Mr. A. OAKEY HALL, of New-York, moved to amend so as to include the German delegation from New-York.

This amendment was accepted, and then Mr. HALL, on behalf of the Tammany Hall delegation, seconded the resolution, which was adopted unanimously.

The usual Committees were appointed, after which the Convention here took a recess until 3 o'clock this afternoon.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

ALBANY, Thursday, Oct. 3—3 P. M.

The Convention being called to order, Mr. SMITH M. WEED, of the Committee on Permanent Organizations, reported a list of officers, headed by Ex-Gov. SEYMOUR as President, which was adopted.

On being conducted to the chair, Mr. SEYMOUR delivered a lengthy address, of which the following is the substance:

The speaker commenced by declaring that the party holding political power was crying out that the country is in danger, and that the Democratic Party could not escape from confronting the problems of the hour. We have, he said, put down rebellion, we are now struggling with revolution—the first was sectional, the last was universal—the first sought to destroy our country, the last threatens to destroy it. He then referred to the corruption of the Republican Party, asserting that its leading men were charging each other with judicial murder, theft and robbery, while some went so far as to assert that the President of their own selection had connived at the assassination of his predecessor. He spoke of the inequalities of representation in the Senate, declaring that Colorado, which cannot uphold the rudiments of a State, balanced in the scale of representation the four million citizens of New-York. He continued:

But a bolder act is in view unless this dangerous game to get power over the majority by a rotten borough system is stopped. Twenty Senators are to be admitted from ten States lately in rebellion, not as representatives of the white people, for they are disfranchised; not of the blacks, for it is indiscreet to claim that a race who are declared by Congress to be unable to take care of themselves, and are placed under the guardianship of the Freedmen's Bureau and military chiefs, would, as a body, know of the existence of such representatives; but they are to be admitted because they hold the views of the majority of the Senators, and because they are sent to Washington by their agents. These Senators mean to be their own constituents, to become a close corporation, and to have more representatives of their own selection than the majority of the people of the country living in nine States. About sixty Republican Senators will, beyond their own votes, have in the twenty members sent by the Freedmen's Bureau, more representatives than sixteen million of American people living in New-York, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, Tennessee, Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, Ohio and Missouri. Not content with holding in subjection the people of the South, they mean to extend, in the name of the negro, their domination over the North and South alike. It would seem that this madness was enough to make their destruction sure. But here, after acts like these, they solemnly declare they are in favor of what they call manhood suffrage. Be it so, but with it must go manhood representation. Manhood suffrage must not be used to destroy the right of the majority of the people of this country. If it is the natural right of a negro in Florida to have a vote, it is not his right to have it count forty-fold more in the Senate of the United States than that of a man in New-York. It is the natural right of a man in New-York to have a vote, it is also his natural right to have it count as much in the controlling branch of the Government as that of a man in Rhode Island. If this revolution is begun it must go on to its logical, just end. It must not roll on the necks of the majority of the American people and stop there, but numbers must be represented, not rotten boroughs or sham States. We implore Senators not to begin revolution. Your organization is at war with impartial suffrage and impartial representation. If you continue your usurpation the country may not be content with driving you back within Constitutional limits. It may go further, and, acting upon doctrines you assert, it may crush you out and make another Senate based in truth upon manhood suffrage. The country needs peace, but if you will have revolution it cannot stop at any chalk lines you may mark out.

OUR SOCIAL CONDITION.

The speaker next drew a terrible picture of the social condition of the country. He said: The public is startled with unusual violence and murder throughout our land. Men, and women too, kill those who have done them no wrong, life and property have become unsafe. Our people learned to do these things from those who should have taught reverence for the laws. The seeds which were sown when men were imprisoned, mobbed or murdered because they honestly differed from the party in power, are now springing up in an abundant harvest of crime, which plagues and curses those who were actors in violence or consenting witnesses to outrage upon their neighbors. If, when an unworthy Secretary of State boasted to the representatives of kingly power that American liberty was a sham, and that he could do what Britain's monarch dare not, imprison without warrant and punish without trial, weak and wicked vanity had been fittingly whipped by justice, the floodgates of violence would not have been opened. But he was upheld and a horde of robbers and brutal men drunk, with unusual power, were organized as spies and detectives, and let loose upon the public. The spirit of cowardly and criminal violence that was sent out from the Department of State, in time stalked back into the chamber of the Secretary in the foul form of the assassin. Murder, robbery and arson afflict the people who did not care what wrongs were done to their neighbors. If we would avert God's just judgment, let us all now try to bring back reverence for the laws which our fathers left us as a heritage and which we have wasted. It was not courage, but cowardice which made the Administration trample upon laws, courts and home rights, and made Judges trail their ermines in the dust.

FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE COUNTRY.

In regard to the financial condition of the country the speaker said:

"We owe a vast debt, made by the consent of the people of this country. In the details of heaping it up there was much of fraud and more of folly. But at the time and since its creation the citizens of the United States have, in their elections, approved of these acts of their representatives. The fabric of our Government has been already fearfully shaken by the violation of personal and political rights; we must not add repudiation to the list of crimes which destroy Republican Governments. The first step to uphold the public faith is to put forth an honest statement of our affairs. The credit of our Government is lower in the markets of the world than that of any Christian nation in Europe. It has sunk to the level of that of the Turk, the 'sick man of the East.' When you look at the list of prices of national stock, you will find that our bonds, taking into account the great interest we pay, are selling for less than half the price given for those of Great Britain. When we lay them side by side upon the counter of the capitalist, he takes the British bond at a rate, which will give him back in the course of twenty years, only $1,700, while we pay him $2,700 during the same time. That is to say when the United States borrows $1,000 in gold, it pays the lender principal and interest in twenty years $2,700; England pays only $1,700. When we borrow $1,000,000 we pay on a twenty year loan $2,700,000; England pays only $1,700,000. But leaving the markets of the world, and coming to our own shores, we find our citizens will not trust our Government upon the same terms, which they give to their neighbors. The bonds of the United States pay an interest to those who buy them of about eight per cent. They also give an exemption from taxation, worth one or two per cent. more. Yet men eagerly seek safe securities which, with the drawbacks of taxation, pay but about half the interest given by our Government. Every day's report from Europe that flashes along the electric line, tells that the nation's credit is lower than that of the bonds put forth by a corporation of its own creation. Our shame is proclaimed in the markets of the world once in twenty-four hours. This is a position of danger and disgrace. At any moment foreign war or civil commotion may topple over this feeble credit and leave us helpless, despite all our resources and our boastful sense of national power. Why does the world—why do our own citizens distrust the faith of the Government? Why, when this question presses itself upon the public mind, do those who hold political power in our land, strive to turn public attention away from the subject? Constant efforts to keep alive the passions of the North, do not spring so much from hatred of the South as from the fear that the people may look into the financial condition of the country. When taxation presses heavily upon labor, a new committee is at once ordered by Congress, to look up or invent Southern outrages. A series of telescopic views of far-off and irritating subjects are constantly held up to the public eye, less these things which most concern us at home should get a share of our scrutiny. They are anxious at the pending election to keep men's thoughts intent upon the squabbles between military and civil members of their party. They would have their bubbles of the hour take up the attention of our people. This through all time has been the device of those unable to face their creditors, or who seek public or private plunder. I believe wise statesmanship can save our honor, can pay our debts and lift the load of taxation from our people. Let us, then, confront these financial problems. Why is our national credit so low? Because ours is the only Government in the world that seeks to keep alive hatred and discord within its borders, because it is revolutionary in its tendencies; because it tramples upon all those rights of person, of property, of freedom of thought and opinion, which had heretofore been the living principles of our political fabric, and which alone gives it strength and value; because it has violated all the pledges which it gave from time to time in the course of the rebellion; because it influenced the different States making up the Union to repudiate their sacred obligations. Another cause for the low and at this time waning credit of the Government, is that the business men of the world see that the statements put forth by the Treasury are used to mislead the people. I do not charge that they are untrue; they give the amount of bond and currency debt, and such claims as appear upon the books of the department, but they are used to make the false impression upon the minds of the people that the burdens of taxation will soon grow lighter, and that the public securities are gaining in real strength and value. Perhaps it is not the fault of the Secretary that they do not set forth other facts which fill with alarm every thoughtful man. We are in truth making in this country another form of indebtedness, which does not appear upon his books, but which are a prior lien to that held by the public creditor. When a Government, by its policy, fastens upon a people new and lasting expenses it makes obligations which are as burdensome to the taxpayers as if they were annual interest upon its bonds. When our Government entered upon the plan of governing the South by military power, when it resolved to rupture the whole political structure in one-third of the Union, by disfranchising the intelligent white man and giving to the ignorant negro political control, it increased the permanent cost of this Government about two hundred millions every year. The man does not live who will see the day when this military power and its fearful cost can be cut down under the policy which now directs our public affairs.

The speaker proceeded at great length to sum up the various items which go to make up our national debt, and to descant upon the additional expenses which had been authorized by Congress. It may be asked, he said, if we can cure the evils under which our country labors; if we can lift off the heavy burden of taxation which crushes our industry? If we can build up the credit of our nation? Wipe off the disgrace which soils our credit, and remove the danger which threatens the safety of the Republic? If I did not believe that we could do all this, I would not stand here to impeach the wisdom of those in power. I do not call in question the motives of the mass of the Republican Party, but I aver, and time has proved that its organization cannot discharge the horde of officers which eats up the substance of our country. And I will show why, without claiming for ourselves superior virtue or patriotism, the instincts and policy of the Republican Party lead us to bankruptcy, and float bad men to the surface of public affairs, and corrupt officials in the discharge of their duties; and why, upon the other hand, our policy—although our ranks are filled as theirs are by good and bad men—leads to opposite results. Mr. SEYMOUR then proceeded to explain that the triumph of the Democratic Party would correct all the financial evils of the day, would reduce the burden of taxes, restore our commerce and give employment to all mechanics. He concluded by saying:

The great and crowning measure to lessen the taxation of the North; to shorten the hours of labor for our mechanics; to raise the credit of our securities; to insure the peace and safety of our land is to give us back our Union. We can no longer bear the cost of armies; of spendthrift agents, of corrupt officials, of food and clothing to vagrant idlers, of meddling with the concerns of far off States and of neglecting our own affairs. It is at this point that the antagonisms of party show themselves in principles as well as policy. Talk as we may about the rise and fall of parties, there are sentiments in the minds of our people which will always make one party favoring centralization and meddling. It may in the future, as in the past, change its name and pretext, as the result of its policy makes it odious. It has filled our land with bloodshed and strife. It has loaded us down with debt and taxation. It has put back religion, temperance and virtue by dragging them into political strife, and by the passage of laws which tend to make them odious in the minds of the people. It is ever on the lookout for some pretext to meddle with the rights of men, upon some ground of birth, of lineage, of religious belief, of social custom. These, worse than positive crimes, excite its passions. While our German citizens are people marked for their frugality, industry, good order and freedom from intemperance, many of them have been arrested and imprisoned because their social habits differ from our own. Not one of our public officers who are charged and convicted by their own friends of fraud and public robberies have ever been brought to the bar of justice. Against the policy of meddling and centralization we oppose the doctrine that government is made strong by leaving States and individuals as much as we can to their own action. That minding your own business and letting your neighbor's business alone is good statesmanship in public and good morals in private life.

If any man doubts the influence of a change of the men in power, let him look at the effects of the victories we have gained since the results in Maine, California and Connecticut. The Republican Convention has decided that foreign-born citizens have rights; that there ought to be freedom enough in the land to let the German have the social custom endeared to him by the associations of home; and that he is not bound to give up all his rights of opinion, and all his freedom of action when he becomes an American citizen. As the shadow of a coming defeat falls upon the Republicans, they even promise to become honest, and in their zeal they have pitched overboard all their officials who have not robbed the Treasury. We will end the good work they began by throwing the rogues after them. Let us lift up the Democratic standard, and raise it high; let us fight for fireside rights, for freedom of opinion, for an honest management of public affairs; above all, let us do battle for the salvation of the Union, and may God defend the right.

Mr. A. P. LANNING called up the resolution for the appointment of a Committee on resolutions, and it was adopted.

Mr. GEORGE C. GREEN moved that the State Committee consist of two members from each Judicial District, to be selected by the delegates from such Judicial District, and three at large, to be appointed by the President of the Convention. Adopted.

The President announced the following Committee on Resolutions: Messrs. A. P. Lanning, of Erie; Samuel J. Tilden, of New-York; George H. Purser, of New-York; W. A. Fowler, of Kings; John B. Haskin, of Westchester; Erastus Corning, Jr., of Albany; Isaiah Blood, of Saratoga; E. M. Dewitt, of Ulster; Caleb Pierce, of St. Lawrence; John A. Green, Jr., of Onondaga; David H. Brewster, of Oswego; H. A. Beebe, of Tioga; J. McGuire, of Schuyler; Charles F. Durston, of Cayuga; Adna Bowen, of Orleans.

In response to numerous calls A. OAKEY HALL addressed the Convention at considerable length. He said they had met to prepare so far as the State of New-York was concerned the obsequies of the Radical Party which was about to die of "yellow mulatto fever" it having now the "black vomit," the last stage of the disease. It needed only active exertion on the part of the Democrats throughout the State to carry the election this Fall. New-York and Brooklyn, which last year gave 60,000, would this year give 75,000 majority for the ticket. One of the New-York daily papers had likened President JOHNSON and the Democratic Party to the bull that thought to stop the progress of a train of cars and lost his life. But the simile was not carried far enough, for the train was saved by the very obstinacy so much jeered at, there being an open drawbridge into which it would have plunged had its course not been arrested. Though it should happen that the Democratic Party may lose something by resisting the Radical train, yet by a strong resistance they will be able to save this country from the ruin to which it is being rapidly impelled by the destructionists in Congress.

Mr. SAMUEL J. TILDEN moved that the Hon. JAMES S. THAYER be requested to address the Convention. Carried unanimously, and Mr. THAYER made a brief speech.

SAMUEL J. TILDEN said he had been requested by the New-York delegation to say that they would not present the name of any candidate for nomination on the ticket, but they would like to learn something more than they had yet heard of the views and wishes of the country delegations in regard to the formation of a ticket. The Committee on Resolutions have as yet been unable to meet; they need time for consideration; and it is therefore the desire of the New-York delegation, and also of a number of delegates from the interior with whom he had conversed, that the Convention adjourn over until to-morrow morning. It was not a long time, two days, to give to the cause of the party and the country. In the good old days of Democracy, it was the habit to devote at least that much time to our State Conventions, and the result was a full and satisfactory interchange of views and the most desirable results. He hoped the custom would be observed now, and moved that when the Convention adjourns it be until 9 A. M. to-morrow, which was carried, and the Convention adjourned.

The strife for control of the State Democratic Committee has been quite earnest, JOHN A. GREEN, of Onondaga, being prominently mentioned as the candidate for the new Chairman. Some of the districts have not yet selected their members, but it is said enough have been chosen to indicate that SAMUEL J. TILDEN will be reëlected Chairman, and that the President will appoint as members at large of said Committee, FRANCIS KERNAN, of Oneida; WM. G. FARGO, of Erie, and SAMUEL J. TILDEN, of New-York.

The following is the ticket most prominently mentioned late to-night:

Secretary of State—Homer J. Nelson.
Comptroller—Judge Allen.
Treasurer—Oliver Bascom.
Canal Commissioner—John D. Fay.
Attorney-General—Marshall B. Champlain.
State Engineer—Van R. Richmond.
Inspector of State Prisons—David B. McNeill.
[illegible] *of the Court of Appeals*—Martin Grover.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

—If popularity were in itself a test of genius, we should have to acknowledge Dr. HOLLAND's claim to be considered a poet, and *Bitter Sweet* and *Kathrina* to be masterpieces of his art. The sale of the first-named and earlier work has already reached 100,000 copies; and we are informed that *Kathrina* bids fair to attain an equal share of popularity. But the curious thing about popularity is that the worst and the best books (and the same is true of pictures,) share it in about equal measure, the chief difference consisting in the character of the patronage. Mr. TUPPER, for example, is even more extensively read in England than TENNYSON, though not by the same class of people; and so, though Dr. HOLLAND, who may not inappropriately be called the American Tupper, may number his readers by the half-million, they are probably not the class of people to delight in EMERSON, LONGFELLOW and LOWELL. Hence, notwithstanding its "popularity" with certain classes of readers, we do not hesitate to condemn *Kathrina* as one of the most wretched compositions ever published in this country under the name of poetry. It is said by its admirers to be a great improvement on *Bitter Sweet*. If this were really so, no severer condemnation of that book could be imagined. But the fact is, that both poems occupy the same dead level of mediocrity, one being neither better nor worse than its fellow. *Kathrina* purports to be an autobiography, written in exceedingly blank verse, or rather in unrhymed lines of ten syllables or thereabouts, the measure being very lame in numerous instances. The author intended to portray the benign influence exercised by a true-hearted and clear-minded woman over a man enslaved by pride, passion and doubt. In pursuance of this design, he loads his hero, Paul, with a variety of heavy misfortunes. Paul loses his father by suicide in early childhood, but first learns the dreadful secret from ill-disposed playmates. Thenceforward he begins to doubt God, and to indulge in unhappy Byronic humors. While brooding over his dark discovery, he suddenly finds out that his mother also has a tendency to suicide, against which she struggles, for his sake, with the strong agony of despair. Paul feels at once that he is "a youth doomed by hereditary taint to crime, a youth whose every artery and vein is doubly charged with suicidal blood." He shrinks aghast from the abyss which "God had prepared for" him, and in a state of very great excitement he swears "an awful oath," which he "dare not write," that——. But we must quote his own tremendous words:

> "I swore my will was mine,
> And mine my hand; and that, though all the fiends
> That cumber hell and overrun the earth
> Should spur the deadly impulse of my blood,
> And heaven withhold the aid I would not ask;
> Though woes unnumbered should beset my life,
> And reason fail, and uttermost despair
> Hold me a hopeless prisoner in its glooms,
> I would resist and conquer, and live out
> My complement of years."

What a terrible oath must that have been to frighten a youth capable of hurling such defiance against all the fiends of hell! We really should like to know what it was. His hesitation about writing it argues a weakness we had not looked for in Paul. To make a long story short, Paul goes to college. One morning a special messenger brings him word that his mother is alarmingly ill. With his usual impetuosity he rushes off without waiting for breakfast, (as he is careful to inform us,) and arrives home to find his mother out of her senses and raving. Repulsed from her bedside, he rushes away to his own chamber, and after carefully locking the door, (wherefore this extra precaution does not appear,) throws himself "prone on the precious couch," (a poet of Dr. HOLLAND's extraordinary powers is of course above the use of the homely word *bed*,) and "gives to grief" his "strong and stormy nature." We here venture to remark that "strong and stormy natures" are not given to such weak exhibitions of emotion. All day he remains "prone on the couch," bewailing his loss with "bursts of passion." At length the family physician comes to tell him that his worst fears are realized; whereupon we are treated to another awful scene of blasphemy, which the writer shrinks from recording. Paul now turns out a finished skeptic and cynic; and having got him into this unhappy state, Dr. HOLLAND proceeds to show us how lovely woman led him out of it. He falls in love with an impoverished, but very pious and accomplished orphan girl, whom he marries, and then the happy couple settle down to ten "long years" (Dr. HOLLAND's years are always "long") of indolence and domestic bliss. Paul feels no incentive to work. His wife's frequent but rather monotonous discourses fail to awaken him to mental activity. At length she discovers that their country home affords no stimulus to his mind, and proposes to move into the city, where he will be thrown among his equals. They, therefore, come to New-York, and here Paul sets to work writing poetry in dead earnest. His labors are varied by discourses with his accomplished wife, whose talk, for fear we shouldn't see it unassisted, we are constantly told is wise, witty, prophetic, and all that. Paul at length finishes his poem; it is printed and sent to all the papers for review. The editor of an "evening" paper favors him with a tremendous puff, which he reads with intense satisfaction and then tosses into his wife's lap. After reading it through with surprising and rather irritating coolness, she—but here we must quote again. We need not call the reader's attention to the elegance of the little dialogue:

> "She raised her eyes, and, fixing them on me,
> Said thoughtfully: 'You like this, I suspect.'
> 'Well, rather!' I responded."

Kathrina warns him that writing for the praise of men will not satisfy his soul; that he must act upon higher motives if he would not make his life a disappointment. Paul disregards this excellent warning, and, acting on the advice of his publisher, for "ten long years," he "pours" his "poems with redundancy upon the world." But he derives no satisfaction from the fame he earns thus lightly, and at length, "tired and disgusted," throws down his pen. After a very long conversation with his wife on art and the true aims of the artist, he sets himself down to work upon a theme worthy of his powers. But his poem, when finished, fails to satisfy his judgment, and he begins to realize the emptiness of the world's praise, and the worthlessness of the life he has been leading. He rises from the perusal of his work hopeless and dead at heart; and then for the first time fully realizes that his faithful wife is far gone in consumption. This accumulation of miseries quite breaks him down; and when his dying wife calls him to her bedside, and bids him kneel, and he fancies he hears the spirit of his mother also bidding him kneel, he submits and prays to heaven for mercy and forgiveness. His good wife imagines that all the sky is ringing with the voices of angels singing to each other that "Paul is saved." She then dies peacefully, and the poem comes to an end.

We cannot, for the life of us, see how Dr. HOLLAND draws his moral from the narrative he puts into Paul's mouth. Kathrina is a very sensible woman, as he pictures her, though somewhat uncomfortably inclined to prosy moralizing; but, after reading the poem through twice with painful attention, we must confess that Paul's conversion seems to be due rather to his own disappointments than to her influence and example. In addition to this serious defect, the poem has very little literary merit. Here and there the reader will light upon rather pleasing bits of description, (the easiest sort of writing,) or a conceit which many readers will call "pretty" and "beautiful." As, for instance, the following, on page 23:

> "The while we marked
> The tipsy bobolink, struggling with the chain
> Of tinkling music that perplexed his wings."

This, on page 19, was doubtless meant for something very beautiful:

> "And there within the emerald twilight, which
> Defied the midday sun, from bough to bough—
> A torch of downy flame—the oriole
> Passed to his nest, to feed the censer-fires
> Which Love had lit for Airs of Heaven to swing."

Who would recognize callow birds under the phrase "censer-fires?" Dr. HOLLAND writes of those same birds in a very different strain a little further on:

> "Sorrow cannot always brood
> Over the shivering forms that drink her warmth,
> But springs to meet the morning light, and soars
> Into the fresh empyrean, to forget
> For one sweet hour the ring of greedy mouths
> That surely wait, and cry for her return."

These examples could be multiplied, but we forbear. We had marked several passages for quotation, to give our readers some idea of the dreary twaddle on art, and human life, morals, &c., which constitutes the greater portion of the book; but those who admire the moral platitudes of *Bitter Sweet*, will admire the same style of writing in *Kathrina*, and those who do not admire it, will thank us for not thrusting before them more of it than is absolutely necessary to show the character of the book. *Kathrina* is published in very neat style by SCRIBNER & Co.

— SCRIBNER & Co. also publish two very valuable works by HENRY N. DAY—*The Art of English Composition* and *The Art of Discourse*. The first-named work is an attempt to reverse the usual method of teaching the art of composition, which makes grammar the first and most prominent object of study. The author argues that, as thought is the organic vital element of language and of discourse, determining the forms of words, their uses and the structure of the sentence, the study of language and the study of rhetoric should be grounded in the thought; and the leading peculiarity of his work is that it pursues this method. The whole art of composition is developed from the thought, in natural progression. The work is constructed with strict regard to method, and we do not doubt that it will prove a very valuable addition to our stock of text books for schools and colleges. In the *Art of Discourse*, which is a reconstruction of the author's *Elements of the Art of Rhetoric*, Mr. DAY aims to exhibit the "grounds of all the principles of the art in the nature of thought and of language, so as to enable the learner to discern the logical accuracy and completeness of its divisions, its processes and its properties." Teachers will find this a practical and very useful work.

—One of the most interesting books published by TICKNOR & FIELDS this Fall is Mr. C. H. NORTON's translation of the *Vita Nuova* (New Life) of DANTE, issued as a companion book to Mr. LONGFELLOW's translation of the *Divine Comedy*. It is a pleasure merely to turn the pages of this superbly printed volume. The clear and beautifully-fashioned type, and the wide, white page that takes the impression of the type with such exquisite distinctness, would make one read even a dull book, and add a charm to the perusal of a work every page of which is full of interest. Mr. NORTON's translation is not a new one, though now for the first time given to the general public. It was printed for private circulation several years ago, in a less elegant and less expensive form. The very great favor with which Mr. LONGFELLOW's translation of the *Divine Comedy* was received induced Mr. NORTON to give his work to the public in the same form. The *New Life* should always be found side by side with the *Divine Comedy*, on which it is a better commentary than most of the works that have been written with the express purpose of elucidating the mysteries of that poem. In the *New Life* DANTE has written the first part of the history of that love which began with his boyhood and lasted to his death,—"the love," says the translator in his admirable essay on the work, "which purified and spiritualized by the bitterness of separation and trial, led him through the hard paths of Philosophy and up the steep ascent of Faith, bringing him out of Hell and through Purgatory to the glories of Paradise and the fulfillment of Hope." The *New Life* is the earliest of DANTE's writings, and the most autobiographic of them. The narrative is quaint, embroidered with curious conceits, and deficient in artistic completeness; but as containing the first hint of the great poem in which the poet exalts the name and character of Beatrice, and as the earthly story of his love, it has a claim upon all who would read the *Divine Comedy* with full appreciation.

— TICKNOR & FIELDS have added *Rob Roy* and *Kenilworth* to their suburb illustrated Library Edition of the Waverley Novels. These volumes form the third and fourth of the series, *Waverley* and *Guy Mannering*, published some weeks ago, forming the first and second.

— The same publishers have issued in elegant style a new edition of that famous child's book, *Grimm's Goblins*, with illustrations in colors from CRUIKSHANK's designs. Also, *Rainbows for Children*, a book of fairy stories, prettily illustrated, which has already secured the favor of juvenile readers. The little folks who have not yet made the acquaintance of the goblins and fairies of these charming volumes will be delighted with these additions to their stock of pleasant reading.

—Three new editions of the works of WASHINGTON IRVING, issued simultaneously by G. P. PUTNAM & SON, attest the unabated demand for the writings of this delightful author. In the several forms in which his works have been given to the American public, it is estimated, says the publisher, that the sale has reached no less than fifty thousand of the series, or more than a million volumes; and such is their popularity that new editions are constantly called for to meet the demands of each new generation of readers. The new editions will be in several forms, varying in style and price, but all in excellent taste. They are to be called respectively the *Knickerbocker*, the *Riverside*, and the *People's* edition. The Knickerbocker edition of *Bracebridge Hall* opens the series, and will be followed by the others on the first day of each month until completed. It is an elegant volume, beautifully printed on fine paper, and illustrated with spirited steel engravings.

—Messrs. PUTNAM & SON have imported the second edition of G. WASHINGTON MOON's poem of *Elijah*. The volume is elegantly printed and bound, and would make a handsome ornament for a parlor table. As for the poem itself, the less said of it the better. The fact that it has gone through two editions in England speaks very badly for the poetic taste of our trans-Atlantic cousins.

—E. B. TREAT & Co., of New-York, have published a work which is deserving of very wide circulation. It is called *The Boys in Blue; or, Heroes of the Rank and File*, and comprises incidents and reminiscences from the camps, battle-fields and hospitals of the great war for the Union, with touching narratives of the sacrifices, sufferings and triumphs of the soldiers who upheld the cause of the Republic through years of bloodshed. The work is written by Mrs. A. H. HOGE, whose position as associate manager of the Northwestern branch of the United States Sanitary Commission gave her unusual facilities for gathering incidents from the life of the soldiers whom sickness or wounds had brought into hospital. Some of the narratives are very touching, and the book as a whole is a valuable record of the devotion of the soldiers to their country.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE AMERICAN BIBLE UNION.

Annual Meeting—Dr. Armitage on Bishop Colenso and Infidelity—The Yearly Report—Interesting Addresses.

The eighteenth annual meeting of the American Bible Union commenced its sessions in the First Baptist Church, Broome street, near Bowery, Wednesday forenoon, Rev. Dr. ARMITAGE, President, in the chair. There was a large attendance of delegates and friends of the Union from various portions of the country. Ten States and the British Provinces were represented. After the usual preliminary exercises, the Union proceeded to the election of officers for the ensuing year, which resulted as follows: Rev. Thomas Armitage, D. D., President; Rev. Dr. Wyckoff, Corresponding Secretary; Rev. Chas. A. Buckbee, Recording Secretary; Eleazer Parmely, Esq., Treasurer. Among the gentlemen reëlected Vice-Presidents were Sir Morton Peto, of London; Gov. Reuben Fenton, Hon R. M. Bishop, of Ohio; Hon. Isaac Davis, of Massachusetts; Hon. L. M. Pierce, of Indiana, and Rev. Wm. Norton, of England.

The Treasurer's report was read, and set forth that the receipts from all sources during the year was $55,127 79, and that the expenditures amounted to $54,733 27, leaving in the hands of the Treasurer a balance of $394 52.

DR. ARMITAGE'S ADDRESS.

Rev. Dr. ARMITAGE began his address by briefly stating the objects of the Union, and recounting the necessity which existed for its organization. He also reviewed its struggles against strong prejudices, and showed how it had won its way against powerful opposition. He said that the real interests of the Union now related to the future. This was preëminently true of its work upon the Old Testament. Their revision of the New Testament evoked the hostility of the compromising, the ignorant and the bigoted among the religious sects generally. But hereafter they must enter the lists with an entirely different class of mind. Their work would deal with subjects that affected the discoveries of modern science and philosophy more than theology. The most subtle scepticism which had taken refuge under the specious uses of modern geology, conchology and cosmography must and would be met, so far as they could be, by allowing the Mosaic account to speak for itself, untrammeled and unperverted by a defective translation. History, astronomy, geology, the organ of language, the diversity of races and the Mosaic account of the deluge had all been seized by the most subtle and sagacious minds, both under the guise of religion and the various modifications of avowed infidelity, and had been used for the purpose of attacking the claims of Christ by exploding the divine legation of Moses. For it had been well calculated that the overthrow of Moses would carry the overthrow of Christ with it, inasmuch as Christ based the great truths of his religion upon Moses and the prophets. It was unnecessary to more than call attention to the fact that BOLINGBROKE, HUME and GIBBON, with all their erudition and accomplishments, were obliged to follow a translation with all its defects, for want of a proper knowledge of the Hebrew tongue. In that respect they ranked side by side with COLENSO, their modern coadjutor, and so were misled by the defective renderings of revisions in great measure. Modern science had vindicated the accuracy of the sacred writers on scientific and philosophic subjects, and had baffled and defeated some of the most refined as well as the most vulgar criticism. COLENSO, a professed Christian Bishop, could not have prostituted his office and influence to the upbuilding of infidelity by such an abuse of the Pentateuch as he had made, if the common English version of the five books of Moses had been translated with the accuracy that the present state of Hebrew criticism and science demanded. The speaker then alluded in complimentary terms to the learned gentlemen engaged as translators for the Bible Union.

THE ANNUAL REPORT.

Rev. Dr. WYCKOFF read the annual report, in which the operations of the Society were reviewed at length. The Bible Union has issued 603,184 copies of sacred Scripture; number of pages, 108,604,418; tracts and quarterlies, 1,716,269; number of pages, 28,385,140. These make an aggregate of 2,319,453 publications, and 136,989,558 pages.

The Union presented its first annual report with no larger amount than $5,595 50. A steady increase raised the annual sum in eleven years to $40,489 94. Then came the war. The Southern States, upon which we mainly depended for contributions, ceased to render aid. Our annual receipts were reduced in 1862 to $15,532 94. From that period we have been almost exclusively dependent upon the North. The financial progress which the Union has made may be judged by the following statistics: The receipts were, in 1863, $16,599 01; 1864, $21,189 22; 1865, $29,231 36; 1866, $41,799 96; 1867, $55,127 79. When to this is added the prospect that the South will soon recover her pecuniary ability, and manifest by her contributions the interest which she has always felt in the objects of the Bible Union, it is anticipated that in two years or less the annual rate of receipts will reach $100,000.

The progress of the work among the freedmen is also alluded to. Says the report: Their prejudices, instead of pleading against us or our books, are all in our favor. Could the call of Providence be louder? Their danger is also greater than that of any other large body of men. Errorists of all sorts are making efforts to captivate them, and Argus-eyed Rome has marked them for its prey. The best protection against error is to fill the mind with truth. Humanly speaking, whoever acts first in such a case has the best opportunity.

We lay before you this day the first fifteen chapters of the Book of Genesis, with a body of notes for the English reader more condensed and comprehensive than have ever before been issued in connection with this portion of sacred Scripture. The facts, that these fifteen chapters contain the history of creation, of the fall of man, of the flood, and of the distribution of the earth among the various tribes and nations of mankind, and that the language in which these great events are couched is unavoidably concise, abrupt and replete with significance, containing the germs of all the doctrines and principles afterward more fully developed in the various books of the Old and New Testaments, have rendered necessary explanations more numerous and elaborate than will be needed with any other part of the Bible.

A permanent contract has been made with Rev. HORATIO B. HACKETT, D. D., Dr. CONANT's time and attention will continue to be exclusively devoted to the work, and Drs. BLISS and KENDRICK continue in the employ of the Union. Other scholars will be employed in connection with those named, but their names are withheld for the present. The report was adopted, after which the audience adjourned until the afternoon.

During the interval a bountiful collation was served up in the basement of the church, the tables being attended by the ladies belonging to the various Baptist churches in this City.

AFTERNOON AND EVENING SESSIONS.

At the afternoon session addresses were made by Rev. Mr. CATHCART, of Philadelphia; Rev. Dr. WHEELOCK, Rev. Dr. WYCKOFF, Rev. Mr. LORD and Rev. Dr. HODGE. Rev. Dr. ARMITAGE read a letter from a "dear friend" who suggested that the word "baptize" should have been presented in the revised New Testament and the Bible Union would have preserved more surely its vitality. On this Dr. ARMITAGE took occasion to deliver an animated speech, in the course of which he took the ground that the use of the word "immerse" had not brought a cent to the treasury, nor gained a friend to the Union that he had ever heard of. The mission of the society was to find out what God's word was as expressed in the original, and give it to the people in a plain English version. It was God's word, and He must be heard. No person had a right to say that any word or sentence should be changed or thrown out after thirty impartial and undisputed scholars had united upon the words adopted. That society was not formed to compete with any other, but simply to obtain a proper translation of the Word of God and to circulate it as far as was in their power.

Mr. WM. H. BRISBANE, from South Carolina, said he had been commissioned by the Government five years ago to go down to Port Royal and investigate the condition and capacity of the colored people. He said that his observation had taught him that they were abundantly able to take care of themselves and to improve, and unless they were supplied with the word of God they would be a curse to the country. If they would make the Freedmen happy, he urged that they be supplied with the Scriptures.

Rev. Mr. SHACKELFORD, of Cincinnati, and others followed in brief addresses on the claims of the Bible Union for support from the Baptists and Christians generally.

Rev. THOMAS SWAIN, D.D., of New Jersey, was elected a vice-president, vice his honored and lamented father, the late Judge SWAIN, who gave the first hundred dollars to the Bible Union.

In the evening another spirited session was held, when a large congregation listened to eloquent addresses from several clergymen who ably vindicated the Union and its work.

Second Day's Proceedings.

Yesterday the members of the Bible Union reassembled at 9 A. M., Rev. Dr. ARMITAGE in the chair. Rev. Dr. MILLER, of Trenton, N. J., read a portion of the revised New Testament, and Rev. Dr. SWAIN offered prayer.

The Committee on Sunday School Testaments reported in favor of printing a cheap edition of the Scriptures for more general circulation, and especially among the freedmen. The report was followed by considerable discussion on the price of the books, delegates contending that the Sunday-school Testaments should be sold at ten cents each. The report was accepted, and the subject of the price was referred to the Board for consideration.

The report of the Committee on Chinese Scriptures urged that as soon as funds could be obtained so as to justify the work, the translation of the Scriptures into the Ningpo colloquial language be proceeded with, and that the work be done by Rev. E. C. LORD, who was about to return to China. The report was adopted.

The Committee on the Work of the Bible Union on the Pacific Coast reported in relation to the progress of Rev. Mr. BUCKBEE in the good work, and his success in debate with Rev. Dr. BUEL, the agent of the American Bible Society in California. Mrs. BUCKBEE and family had consented to go out to her husband and aid him in his labors, and the prospect of future success in that region was regarded as brilliant. The report was adopted.

Rev. Dr. ANDERSON, from the Committee on the permanent and exclusive engagement of Dr. HACKETT in the work of revision, reported, commending him as a scholar whose talent could not be exceeded in the country or in the world in any age.

Dr. ARMITAGE followed the reading of the report by a statement of what occurred between Dr. HACKETT, Dr. WYKOFF and himself on the day when they went to Newton to make the final contract with him for his exclusive engagement in the work of translation. He said that Rev. Dr. PARKER, a returned Missionary, a Presbyterian, had said in a Baptist meeting in Washington that he would indorse any translation which Rev. Dr. HACKETT would make of the Scriptures.

Dr. CONANT said that he did not know that there was a man in the world who could excel Dr. HACKETT in profoundness of scholarship. This was the opinion of scholars in all parts of the world. He was full of conscientiousness, truth and love, and no man in the Baptist denomination had sacrificed more for its good. After some observations from other speakers, the report was adopted.

Rev. Dr. THOMAS, of Brooklyn, then delivered an able and eloquent address on the general work of the Bible Union. He said it must be expected that many critical persons would feel uneasy about the intrusion of a new idea. The novelty of new ideas was their difficulty. Mary expected to see her Master in the sepulchre, and when she went and found his dead body not there, she said, "They have taken away my Lord." She did not expect to see the living Christ, but a dead body. Men were getting away from the bonds of prejudice, and it was a gratifying fact, while it encouraged the progressive minds of the age to go forward. Yet he did not wonder that there should be discomfort and distrust in relation to the revision movement. It was charged as a Baptist movement, and that was a compliment he was willing to accept. Such a suspicion was an admission of weakness on the part of the suspicious, and of the power of the Baptist.

The Committee on Genesis presented a brief report commending the work already done on the Book of Genesis, both in regard to scholarship and typographical execution. The work was accompanied with copious and valuable notes, showing a breadth and depth of research which indicated that no resource had been left unapplied by the translators. The report was adopted.

In the afternoon the reports of three Committees were received: the Committee on large letters for aged persons, and especially for aged colored people; the Committee on Lessons, and that on the gospel of John with lessons, reported, all recommending the increased circulation of these little books; setting forth that they were well adapted to the wants of children and adults, especially among the freedmen, and that measures should be taken to multiply the means for the circulation of the revised version, and particularly the small books alluded to.

The presentation of these reports was followed by speeches by Rev. Dr. WESCOTT, Rev. Dr. WYCKOFF Mr. GOODWIN and others. Rev. Dr. WESCOTT called for subscriptions to aid in sending the small books to the Freedmen, and the responses on the part of the congregation were very encouraging. The three reports were adopted.

Rev. MILES SANDFORD, of North Adams, Mass., addressed the meeting at some length, taking the ground that the duty of the translator of the Scriptures was as plain as was that of the copyist or engrosser of a law paper, and should be performed so that the copy or the translation may be, as nearly as possible, a complete transfer of the very ideas in the original. To Christian scholars this work must be committed, not to ministers having charge of congregations. He vindicated the propriety of the work of revision, deeming it as necessary for the benefit of the Church as was the Supreme Court of the land for the review of the laws or of decisions of inferior courts. In the evening addresses were delivered by Rev. Mr. GALLAHER, of Brooklyn, and others, after which the Union adjourned *sine die*.

Athenæum Club—The Late Dr. Chas. King.

The first monthly meeting of the Athenæum Club in its new club-house was held Wednesday night. A large and distinguished company assembled. Major-Gen. DANIEL E. SICKLES was present, and was the recipient of many honors. He was accompanied by his Staff. Capt. TRENCHARD, of the navy, was also an honored guest, beside many other gentlemen of distinction. The early part of the evening was spent in social intercourse. At 10 o'clock an elegant supper was served, after which the company listened to music by several well-known performers. The evening closed with a meeting called to do honor to the memory of the late CHARLES KING, the first President of the Club. T. BAILEY MYERS, Esq., President, was in the chair. The following resolutions, offered by Gen. ARTHUR, were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The intelligence of the death of CHARLES KING, LL. D., at Frascati, near Rome, has been communicated to the Athenæum Club, of which he was founder and first President; therefore,

Resolved, That the members desire to unite with their fellow-citizens in expressing their grief at the loss they have sustained, and also to record their sense of their personal misfortune in the removal of one of the pillars of their social fabric.

Resolved, That by a long life devoted to the pursuits of literature, as a journalist, the head of an eminent literary institution, a patron of art, and the centre of the refined and cultivated circle in which he lived, the deceased had identified himself with the advancement of his country in the development of education and the cultivation of art, he had dwelt on terms of familiar intimacy with the great men of the past, had been born almost soon enough to witness the formation of the Government, lived long enough to sustain it in its struggle for existence, by his patriotism and devotion, and when he died it was fitting that his last hours should have been passed and his spirit wafted home in the classic land from which his earliest inspirations were drawn, near the cradle of the Muses and the birthplace of the arts.

Resolved, That in his death we shall miss from our midst one who was truly a connecting link between the past and the present, in whose varied experiences in the political arena in which he struggled in his youth, and the classic groves amid which his later years were passed, may be found an epitome of the progress of a great city, and that his name and memory will be associated in the future, in the minds of those who cultivate the graceful literary pursuits, which at all times of his life he loved, with those of IRVING, PAULDING, COOPER, DRAKE, DUER, KENT, HONE, and the other notables of his day.

Resolved, That as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased his portrait be draped in black, and the flag of the Club hoisted at half-mast for one week.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Clerke, J.

253—Jantzen et al. vs. The Metropolitan Board of Health et al.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Held by Hearne, J.

Nos.		Nos.	
—	Rosenberg vs. King.	485	Warner vs. Mahoney.
469	Carvalho vs. Skehan.	487	Low vs. Lawton.
—	Ahearne vs. Cohn.	489	Burke vs. Ryan.
382	Shapter vs. Yerance.	495	Rosetta vs. Wilmarth.
—	Hanley vs. Carroll.	496	Naughton vs. Von Eisenberg.
341	Kelley vs. Jones.		
398	McBride vs. Dunbar.	498	Reant vs. Foubert.
292	Grenier vs. Marx.	499	Harris vs. Eneas.
297	Kruger vs. Nebenzahl.	500	Roth vs. Major.
486	Bishop vs. Pearsoll.	502	Haughwort vs. Balcolm.
484	Forsyth vs. Quintard.		

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Before Judge Blatchford.

IMPORTANT HABEAS CORPUS CASE—QUESTION OF JURISDICTION AND COMITY BETWEEN DIFFERENT STATES —AN EXPLANATION BY THE DISTRICT-ATTORNEY.

In the Matter of the Petition of Wm L. Hamilton, on Habeas Corpus.—This case was before the Court on a writ of *habeas corpus*, issued at the request of the petitioner, to procure his discharge from the military service of the United States. The return to the writ showed that he had been legally enlisted, and was held as a deserter. This return was traversed by the petitioner, and testimony was taken at considerable length before a United States Commissioner upon the issues raised by the traverse. Upon this testimony, and some oral testimony given by the petitioner himself in Court, the case was, on Wednesday morning, argued before the Judge. At the close of it, the District-Attorney addressed the Court in relation to a collateral case arising out of it. For the better understanding of his remarks it should be stated that Hamilton was arrested as a deserter in Philadelphia, and was brought here to Governor's Island for trial. On his application, a writ of *habeas corpus* was issued out of one of the State Courts in Philadelphia, directed to Capt. Brown, as the person who had Hamilton in charge. The return which Brown made to the writ was adjudged insufficient, and those proceedings resulted in Brown's being committed to Moyamensing Prison for contempt. After the proceedings were begun before this Court it was deemed important that Capt. Brown's testimony should be taken in the case, and for that purpose a writ of *habeas corpus ad testificandum* was applied for, and issued directed to the keeper of the prison in Philadelphia.

Mr. Courtney said he must call the attention of the Court to this matter of Capt. Brown's in view of certain facts which had recently come to his knowledge, upon which comments had been made before a Court in Philadelphia; that the Court would recollect that the writ had been issued to bring Capt. Brown before this Court to testify in Hamilton's case, and that it had been duly served upon the keeper of the prison at Philadelphia, who failed to make any return to it, and thereupon the Court issued a writ of attachment against him; that before this writ was issued to the Marshal, Mr. Mann, the District-Attorney of Philadelphia, appeared with the return of the keeper, and thereupon the default was waived, and the return submitted to the Judge of this Court, who was then absent; that Mr. Mann stated to him (Mr. Courtney) that if the Judge should hold that the return was insufficient there was no need of sending on an officer, but on letting the keeper of the prison know what the decision was, Capt. Brown would be forthcoming; that the Court having decided the keeper's return to be insufficient, he wrote to the keeper, telling him so, and directing him to have Brown before Commissioner Osborn, on the 21st of September, at 1 o'clock P. M.; and that, said Mr. Courtney, "was the last I heard of the case till I saw an extraordinary statement or misstatement made by District-Attorney Mann in the Court in Philadelphia, reported in the *Ledger* of that city, to which I call your Honor's attention. I find that he is reported to have said as follows: "In this case a writ of *habeas corpus ad testificandum* was issued for the purpose of removing Brown. It was served upon the keeper of the county prison, commanding him to produce Brown before a United States Commissioner in New-York. When the matter was laid before me I did not choose to suspect that the District Attorney of New-York would forget that he was a gentleman, and would lend himself to any such purpose as was designed by the military officers around and about him. I would not believe that a Judge of the United States District Court would lend himself to an effort to pervert and destroy the action of this Court. I went to New-York for the purpose of suggesting that there was a question whether the writ could be legally issued. As this was a matter for the Judge claiming the jurisdiction to decide, a return to the writ was made in such form as to facilitate a decision on that point, and the desire to obey the law, whatever it might be, was avowed on the part of the prison-keeper. Subsequently a letter was sent from New-York to Mr. Perkins, in which Mr. Courtney told him that his return was not sufficient, and that Brown must be produced before Commissioner Osborn. In response to this an officer of the prison took Brown to New-York, and there, instead of using him as was asserted, as a witness, a writ of *habeas corpus* was obtained from a State Judge in New-York, and they had him discharged. By this action the honor and dignity of the law has been stricken down. The District-Attorney of the United States in New-York lent himself to the purposes of these officers; he knew Brown was to be returned here. Instead of that the officials in New-York have allowed themselves to be used to pervert and destroy the effect of the law of Pennsylvania, and Brown is discharged from custody." Now, if your Honor please, Capt. Brown was not produced at the time when I directed him to be, and when he was produced I do not know. The keeper of the prison, in whose charge he was brought on, never made any report in regard to this matter to me; never reported his having brought Capt. Brown here, and never reported to me or at my office any subsequent action of his in the premises. It seems that after Capt. Brown was brought to New-York, somebody without any authority from me, or through my office, and without my knowledge, approval or consent, and without any connivance or understanding directly or indirectly on my part, caused an application to be made to Judge Cardozo, of the Court of Common Pleas, for a writ of *habeas corpus* to produce the body of Capt. Brown, with the view and to the end to have him discharged from imprisonment in Philadelphia, as was supposed. I would now ask, if your Honor please, is it not strange and unaccountable that when that writ of *habeas corpus* was served on the keeper of the Philadelphia prison, here in charge of Capt. Brown, that that individual did not inform me or any one in my office of the service on him of that writ? Is it not a somewhat singular fact that such extraordinary silence at this somewhat important stage of the case should have been maintained by this Philadelphia official? If he had informed me, or had I been in any way made cognizant of the fact, that this writ of *habeas corpus* had been issued, I would at once have appeared and seen to it that the proper proof was submitted to Judge Cardozo, which would have prevented him from issuing an order for the discharge of this Capt. Brown; and I will say here, your Honor, from information I subsequently obtained with regard to the matter, that it seems to me I have the right to infer that this was a preconcerted arrangement—a plan concocted by some person in Philadelphia to bring about, without my knowledge, the very state of affairs which occurred, and which gave Mr. District-Attorney Mann, of Philadelphia, the text for his tirade against the United States authorities in general. I am informed by those who were present at the hearing of the *habeas corpus* in the Common Pleas that His Honor Judge Cardozo himself proposed to the keeper of the prison in Philadelphia to give him time to send to that city, with a view of obtaining the warrant, or a copy of it, of the commitment of Capt. Brown, so that he could set it up as a proper matter to prevent the discharge of Brown. I am also informed that the official in charge of Brown refused to accept any time and declined to send for the process, declaring that all he desired was to take back to Philadelphia something to show that Brown was discharged. If this is true, it seems to me as if this whole proceeding before Judge Cardozo was a plan concerted beforehand, or at least assented to by the keeper, with a view of having this very thing occur, so that this self-constituted guardian of the honor and dignity of the State of Pennsylvania should have an opportunity to make a buncombe speech, and raise this tempest in a teapot. What was the necessity, I would ask, for all this talk, for all this bluster, all this display of buncombe eloquence in a Philadelphia Court of justice, on the part of the District-Attorney of Philadelphia? The whole matter is now before your Honor to dispose of; to make a final order in the case, which will not only maintain the rights and dignity of the United States, but will also see to it that the rights, the honor and dignity of a sister State are not invaded, trampled on or dishonored. Any legal mind can see that, notwithstanding the action of Judge Cardozo, Capt. Brown is still within the jurisdiction and custody of this Court, under the writ by which he was brought here, and never was out of it. Capt. Brown is here to-day, like a good soldier, who has shown and proved his patriotism by deeds on the field of battle, and not by loud-mouthed pretension; he is here to-day ready to obey any order of your Honor, even if such order remand him to the profound and overawing presence of District-Attorney Mann, of Philadelphia. If your Honor please, I might, in an oblivious moment, or in an instant of excitement or anger, think that I was within the precincts of a pot-house, and might follow in the wake of the learned Theban of Philadelphia, and abuse without stint the Judges of a sister Court, and charge them with illegally lending themselves to subverting the laws of the United States; and I might also, in the absence of officials, charge them with connivance and with lending themselves to similar purposes. But I cannot forget that I stand here in a Court of justice, that I stand before a Judge, who, even if I were disposed to do so, would not permit me to abuse the judicial action of a Judge of a sister State, without indignantly and properly rebuking me on the spot. If your Honor please, a few words in respect to the matter of the *habeas corpus* issued by Judge Cardozo. I think whoever applied for that writ with a knowledge of the terms of the writ of *habeas corpus ad testificandum* issued by your honor, that he committed a very improper act, and one which cannot be explained. If the party who took out that writ knew, as he must have known, that Brown was, after giving testimony here, to be returned to the prison in Philadelphia, he committed a fraud upon the Court, and assailed its dignity and its honor, and, as an officer of this Court, I repudiate and denounce such action. And I must now insist, your Honor—nay, demand—that this writ of yours be obeyed, no matter what the consequences may be to Capt. Brown, because I cannot submit, in my official capacity, to have a trick perpetrated on the Court or on myself by an army officer or by any other person. I say, therefore, in view of the circumstances of the case—in view of the principles which should actuate and govern every honorable man, and in order that those courtesies and amenities which should prevail as between sister States, and as between the several States and the General Government, shall be observed—I say that this writ of *habeas corpus* issued by your Honor must be observed, and that Capt. Brown ought to be sent back to Philadelphia, in accordance with the terms of that writ. Capt. Brown will cheerfully obey the order of the Court. He has his rights, and when he returns to Philadelphia, if the Judge of the Court of Quarterly Sessions has wrongfully committed him, the action of that Judge can be reversed by the United States Court, and any wrong committed on him can be remedied by that tribunal. This is all I wish to say to your Honor in the matter.

Judge BLATCHFORD inquired where Capt. Brown was.

Lieut. Gardner, who appeared in behalf of the authorities in the Hamilton case, said to the Court that he was present and had been every day, and that he gave his testimony in the case immediately after his discharge by the Court of Common Pleas.

Mr. Courtney asked who took out that writ of *habeas corpus* in the Common Pleas.

Lieut. Gardner said that Capt. Brown did, and that he had appeared for Brown in the matter.

Mr. Courtney asked if he knew at the time that the writ issued by this Court required that Brown should return to Philadelphia after giving his evidence.

Lieut. Gardner said that he knew all the circumstances of the case, and explained them to Judge Cardozo, who asked the jailer who had Capt. Brown in charge if he had the committal papers in virtue of which he held Brown, and he said he had not; and the Court then offered him the opportunity of sending to Philadelphia for a copy of the papers, and the jailer refused an adjournment for that purpose; and that it was only by the laches of the Pennsylvania authorities that he was discharged, and that their sending him here as they did overthrew the proceedings they had taken against him.

Mr. Courtney said—I understand that Mr. Gardner has acted in the matter solely as the agent of Gen. Butterfield, who has charge of the recruiting service. Now it may be true, your Honor, that the State Court in Philadelphia was wrong in the course adopted for the commitment of Capt. Brown. It may have been entirely wrong in committing him to prison. But that is not the question here. The question here is, whether or not the writ of your Honor, directing this man to be produced here to testify, and then returned to the custody of the State authority in Philadelphia, shall be obeyed or not, or whether it can be evaded by the mere fact of taking out a writ of *habeas corpus* before the Court of Common Pleas and having him discharged under it. If Mr. Gardner had informed me of his intention in the matter, in view of the circumstances existing between the State Court of Philadelphia and this Court, and, above all, in view of the peculiar working of your Honor's writ in this case, I would have refused to permit anything of the kind to be done. I wash my hands of all connection with the matter. As I said before, this Court owes it to itself—to the authorities of Philadelphia, and to the War Department of the United States, that this writ be obeyed and Capt. Brown returned to Philadelphia, there to take such proceedings as may secure him his release. This is not the place nor the tribunal for action in this regard.

Judge BLATCHFORD said that as Capt. Brown came here under the writ of *habeas corpus ad testificandum* issued by this Court, and was now before the Court, he was not out of its power, and the Court had jurisdiction of the matter; that in the Kane case it had been decided that a party who was brought up by *habeas corpus* was under the control of the Court which issued it till the writ was disposed of. That the original writ in the matter bore the name of the District-Attorney of the United States for this District upon its face. Yet the officer from Philadelphia, who brought Brown here in obedience to that writ, when served with the *habeas corpus* issued by Judge Cardozo, did not notify the District-Attorney of this fact. It appeared from the petition on which Judge Cardozo's writ was issued, that it was not alleged in it that Brown was held by any writ of this Court at all, but only by a commitment of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia. And the return did not mend the matter, for it merely set out that Brown was held by an order of Mr. Perkins, the Superintendent of the prison. This Court would assume that if the officer made a proper return, Judge Cardozo would have done his duty and at once dismissed the writ, but whatever may have been his private information, he was bound by the papers before him, and on those no valid reason for detaining the prisoner appeared; but neither his action nor the negligence of the officer could effect the rights of this Court. Capt. Brown had never been out of its jurisdiction, and the Court had but one course to follow. It must send him back to the place from which he was brought for the purpose of testifying, and as his proper guardian has abandoned him, the Marshal must return him there, leaving him to such remedy as he may think proper for any injury he may have sustained from the State Courts of Pennsylvania.

DECISION IN HAMILTON'S CASE.

At the opening of Court yesterday morning Judge Blatchford rendered orally his decision in Hamilton's case. He said that the traverse to the return of Gen. Butterfield, which decreed that the petitioner was regularly enlisted into the service of the United States, and was regularly sworn on such enlistment would appear to have been intended to raise the legal question of the regularity and not the question of the identity of the petitioner. But the testimony has been addressed to the question of identity. The recruit was enlisted in Philadelphia, on the 1st of April last and deserted on April 6, and the petitioner was arrested on Aug. 20; and on charges being preferred against him was sent to Governor's Island for trial, and is now brought up on this *habeas corpus*, the point being made that he is not the same individual who was enlisted. Though the traverse does not seem to raise this question, yet, as the testimony is, it is fair to the parties to dispose of it upon its merits. I have examined carefully the testimony, which was mainly taken before Commissioner OSBORNE, and the only evidence produced by the petitioner is his own deposition. His language is very guarded on this question, whether he did enlist. In the enlistment papers the recruit swore that he was 21 years of age. The petitioner swears that he is now 19, and has a mother living, his father being dead, and that he has been living with his mother in Philadelphia until he was arrested there on Aug. 20. It is therefore to be noticed that the petitioner admits that he lived in Philadelphia at the time of this enlistment. There is nothing in the case to show an *alibi*. The question of his enlistment was put to him and he says that he does not recollect going to the office, and does not recollect signing this paper, and does not recollect taking the oath. The enlistment papers were shown to him, and he said he could not read them, but he denied that either of the signatures was his. He was asked if he recognized Col. Park, whose name is three times signed to the papers, and he said he did not. He was then asked if he was not enlisted before Col. Park, and his answer was, not that I know of. On the other side Col. Park was sworn for the Government, and on looking at the petitioner he said that he recognized him, first saw him at the Surgeon's office; saw him there on April 1; that he saw the papers and swore to them before the witness; that Hamilton remained under his charge till April 6, when he deserted. Then the medical paper was produced, and Col. Park testified that he was present at the examination, and that as far as he could judge the recruit was perfectly sober. Col. Park's testimony is very direct and clear; he recognizes Hamilton as the party who swore to and signed the enlistment papers. Still if the case stopped here it might be claimed that it was but one oath against another. But in addition to that, there is the correspondence of the petitioner's personal appearance with the description in the enlistment papers. He is described in them as having brown eyes, dark hair and florid complexion, and being five feet seven inches in height. He has brown eyes, dark hair and florid complexion, and on measurement he appears to be five feet seven and one-quarter inches in height, a very slight discrepancy. Another circumstance is his handwriting. There is a peculiarity in it which can hardly be the result of accident. The recruit signed his name on enlistment in two places, and after the word "William" there is a period. That same period is found in the same position in the signature of the petitioner to his petition and to the traverse. In the latter he has written out his middle name in full—William Lewis Hamilton—and has put a period after the word Lewis also, showing that that was a habit of his, which is quite peculiar, and is a strong circumstance to show that the signatures are made by the same person. Moreover, the general correspondence of the signatures is such that there is no room to doubt that they were so made. In view of the positive evidence of Col. Park, the correspondence of the signatures, and the doubtful character of the petitioner's testimony, I should have no reasonable doubt that the petitioner is the party who signed the enlistment papers. Moreover, in the medical paper the Surgeon states that the recruit has a crucifixion stamped on his left arm, and the petitioner admits that he has a crucifixion on his left arm, with a Virgin Mary on each side. Since the petitioner was the one who signed the enlistment papers, in which he swore that he was twenty-one years of age, he was regularly enlisted, and he must therefore be remanded.

After the rendering of the decision Lieut. Gardner stated to the Court that his attention had been called to a remark made by the District-Attorney the day before, charging him with fraud, and he wished to say that he had not perpetrated any fraud, but had only appeared in Court for a gallant officer, being himself an officer, and that if it had not been for the consent or connivance of the authorities of Philadelphia, that officer would not have been released from the custody in which he was held.

DECISIONS.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—OCT. 3.

By Judge Jones.

Irwin *vs.* Fowler; case settled; see memorandum. Fairchild vs. Valentine; counsel are requested to furnish my opinion. McLaughlin *vs.* Kelly; motion granted.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Cardozo.

Garrett D. Post *vs.* Abraham J. Decker; Receiver may be appointed. Theodore Burode *vs.* David Hill; order settled. Dietz *vs.* Dietz; report confirmed and judgment granted. Candeze *vs.* Candeze; report confirmed and judgment granted. Knappagt *vs.* Brown; order granted.

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Before Judges Dowling and Kelly.

There were 40 cases in the calendar of the Court of Special Sessions this morning, divided as follows: Assault and battery, 17; petit larceny, 16; violation of the Health Law, 1; misdemeanor, 6.

Margaret Gorman and Ann Sullivan were charged with the theft of several pairs of black cassimere pantaloons from the store of Morris Schatteman, on the 27th ult. It having been proven that the property was found on their persons, they were found guilty and sent to the Penitentiary for three months each.

Bridget O'Brien was charged by Mary Cusick with assaulting her and cutting her face with an ax, because she ordered her out of her house. Bridget denied the charge, and was sent to the Penitentiary for three months. Ten minutes before her trial her husband was sent to the same place for the same length of time, on a charge of assaulting Mr. Whitbert, a county Justice. The Judge told her that they could come out together and compare notes.

The following sentences were pronounced:

Petit Larceny—Francis McGare, three months Penitentiary; James Dutes, House of Refuge; Catharine Reilly, four months Penitentiary; Mary Shannon, sent to the House of the Good Shepherd.

Assault and Battery—Joseph J. Tinelli, fined $30; Gotfried Umbekart, fined $11; Mary Bennett, fined $25; Mary Cusick, Penitentiary three months; Adam Hassman, fined $25; John Millinick, fined $20; George Moffatt, fined $10.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—OCT. 3, 1867.

$1,000 U. S. 6s.'81, R.	110¾	6 West. U. T.	36
1,000 do	110⅝	1000 do	36⅛
15,000 do	110⅝	300 do.....s60	36¼
250,000 U.S. 6s 5-20s., C., '62	112⅜	400 do.....b30	36⅜
100,000 do	112⅛	100 do	36⅜
50,000 U. S. 6s. 5-20, R. '62	104⅜	200 do.....b10	36⅜
60,000 U. S. 6s. 5-20s. C. '64	108⅞	40 do	36½
4,000 do	108⅝	200 Pacific Mail	141¾
150,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '65	109½	300 do.....2d call	141¾
75,000 do	109	100 Atlantic Mail	112⅜
3,850 U. S. 5-20s. C., '65, New Is.	107¾	100 do	112½
28,000 do	107⅞	100 Boston W. P.	18¾
11,000 U. S. 5-20s., C. '67, New Issue	107¾	150 Adams Ex. Co.	63
1,000 do	107¾	100 do	63¼
55,000 do	107½	100 do	63½
3,000 U. S. 5s, 10-40s. C.	99¾	200 Wells Fargo Ex.	56
25,000 do	99⅞	1400 N. Y. Cen.	109⅞
76,500 Tr. N., 7 3-10s, 2d Ser.	106⅛	100 do.....s15	109⅞
10,600 do.....Small	106⅛	500 do.....b10	109¾
60,000 do	106⅛	500 do	109⅞
30,000 do	106⅛	100 do.....b10	109⅞
4,500 3d Series	106⅛	100 do	109⅞
12,000 do.....Small	106⅛	600 do.....2d call	108⅞
1,000 do	106¼	100 do.....b10	109⅞
5,000 Missouri 6s.	104⅛	50 Hud. Riv. R.	128
1,000 do	104⅛	100 do.....b15	127¾
15,000 Tenn. St. 6s., new	63½	1100 Erie R.	65⅝
10,000 do	63⅜	900 do	65¾
1,000 Virginia 6s.....x-c	48	50 do.....b30	66
12,000 do.....b30	48½	300 do.....b3	65⅞
1,000 Ga. St. 6s.	74	100 do.....do..2d call	65⅞
4,000 Ga. St. 7s.	84	300 do.....c	65⅜
2,000 N. Car. 6s.....x-c	52	300 Reading R.	101⅞
1,000 N.C.St. 6s.nw.	52	200 M. S. & N. I.	81¾
20,000 O. & M. Cer.....b30	27½	100 do	81¾
3,500 Ohio Pr. C.	74	300 do.....2d call	81⅝
1,000 Alt. & T. H. 1st M.	94	10 Panama R.....x d	311
10,000 Alt. & T. H. In.	80	65 do	310
2,000 C. & N. W. Con'd Conv. Bs.	82	400 Cleve. & Pitts.	79⅝
7,000 C.&R.I.&P.R.7s.	91	100 Chic. & N. W.	42⅝
1,000 C. & R. I. 1st M	102¼	800 do	42¾
5,000 Cl. & Tol. S. F. B.	103	1800 do	43
1,000 Buff.,N.Y.&E.1st	102	200 do.....2d call	42½
5,000 Morris & Es. 1st M	98	100 Chic. & N. W. Pf.	67⅝
10 Cen. Nat. Bank	107	500 do	67⅝
10 Fourth National	107	100 do	67⅛
000 Quick. Min. Co.	25¾	2300 do	67½
500 Cen. Coal	42	200 do.....2d call b30	67
		100 do	66⅞
		400 Chic. & R. I.	102⅛
		100 Mil. & St. P. P.	65
		100 do	65⅛
		100 do.....s10	33⅝
		13 do	63⅜
		500 Del., L. & W. R.	112
		100 P., F. W. & C.	100⅞
		300 do	100⅝
		300 do.....b15	100⅝

SECOND BOARD.

$50,000 U.S. 6s,'81, C.	110¾	100 Pacific Mail	141
16,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s, R. '62	104⅜	10 Adams Express	62
50,000 U. S. 6s 5-20s, C. '62	112¾	10 Wells Fargo Ex.	56
55,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '64	108⅞	400 N. Y. Cen.	109⅞
250,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '65	108⅞	500 Erie Railroad	65⅞
22,000 U. S 5-20s C., 65, new iss.	107¾	200 Hudson R.	128
203,000 do	107⅞	100 do	128⅛
25,500 Tr. Notes. 7 3-10s. Sec. Series	106⅝	200 Mich. S. & N. I.	81⅝
2,000 Mo. St. 6s.	104⅜	100 Ill. Cen.	121⅝
3,000 Tenn. St. 6s. n.	63	200 Clev. & Pitts.	79⅝
50,000 do	62⅞	5 Cle. Col. & Cin. R.	98
10,000 O. & M. C.	26⅞	300 Chi. & N. W.	43
400 West. U. Tel.	36	200 do	43⅛
200 do	36⅛	1200 do.....b30	43¼
480 do	36⅛	200 do	43⅛
100 Mar. Min. Pr.	17⅝	300 Chi. & N. W. P.	67½
		100 do	67⅝
		100 Clev. & Tol. R.	128⅝
		300 Chi. & R. I.	102
		100 Mil. & St. Paul	43⅝
		100 Mil. & St. P. Pf.	65⅝

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

100 Mar. Pf.....s60	17	200 Clev. & Tol. R.	128⅛
100 do	17⅛	800 do	128
100 Pacific Mail.....b10	142	200 do.....b10	128⅛
100 do	141⅞	100 Chi. R. I. & Pac.	102⅛
100 do	141⅞	200 do	102⅛
1200 West. U. Tel.	36⅛	100 do.....b10	102⅛
200 do	36⅛	200 do	102⅛
300 do.....b10	36⅛	1100 Chi. & N. W. R.	42⅞
200 do.....s10	36⅛	400 do	42⅞
400 N. Y. Cen. R.....b10	109⅞	200 do	42⅞
200 do	109⅞	400 do	42⅞
300 do	109⅞	300 Chic. & N. W. P.....c	67½
200 do.....c	109⅞	200 do	67½
800 Erie Railroad	65⅞	200 do	67½
400 do	65⅞	200 do	67⅝
500 do.....b3	65⅞	500 P., Ft. W. & C. ex-div	100⅞
100 Reading. R.	101⅞	200 do	100⅞
200 do	101⅞	10 Clev. & Pitts.	79
3,000 Mich. S. & N. I.	81⅝		
200 do	81⅝		
210 do.....b3	81⅝		
800 do	81⅛		

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

200 Cum. Coal.....c	29½	400 Chic., R. I. & P.	102⅞
800 West. U. Tel.	36	800 do	102⅞
200 do.....c	36½	500 do	102⅞
100 do.....b15	36	200 do	102⅞
600 N. Y. Cen.	109⅞	200 do.....b15	102⅞
1600 Erie R.	65⅝	200 do.....s3	102⅞
600 do.....c	65⅝	2700 Chi. & N. W.	42
800 do.....b3	65⅝	1100 do	42
1300 do.....s3	65⅝	200 do.....b10	42
300 do.....b5	65⅝	400 do	42
300 Mil. & St. P. Pr.	65	800 do	42
300 do	65⅛	200 do.....b3	42
300 Reading R.....c	101⅜	800 do	42
300 M. S. & N. I.....c	81½	400 Chic. & N. W. Pf.	67
300 do.....b10	81½	1200 do	67
200 do.....s3	81½	100 do.....b30	67
200 P. F. W. & C.....x d	100½	100 do.....e	67

OPEN BOARD—3¼ P. M.

300 West. U. Tel.	37⅛	800 Erie R.	65⅞
100 do.....b15	36	200 do.....b30	66
2100 N. Y. Cen.	109⅞	200 do.....b3	65⅞
600 do.....b3	109¾	200 do.....s3	65⅞
1000 do.....s30	109⅞	100 M. S. & N. I. R.	81⅝
100 do.....b15	109⅞	100 Chi., R. I. & P.	101⅞
800 Mil. & St. P. Pf.	65¾	400 do	101⅞
600 C. & N. W. Pr.	66⅝	200 do	101⅞
100 P. F. W. & C.....x d	100⅝	200 Chi. & N. W.	42⅛

THURSDAY, Oct. 3—P. M.

There is a rise of 1⅛ ₩ cent. in Gold to-day, and a fall of 1 ₩ cent. in the United States 5-20s of 1862-65 dealt in abroad, owing to the political and financial telegrams from Europe, the latest particulars of which will be found on our first page. The full explanations of the agitation in Italy, and on the Exchanges of Paris and Frankfort were not generally known at the close of business this Afternoon, but Private Bankers in daily communication, by Cable, with their friends on the other side, were said to be free sellers of 5-20s—the 1862s as low as 112 ₩ cent.—and some of them reported to be buying Gold. At the same time we remark that the Street has been rather overburdened with the Public Funds for a week or ten days past, and this has operated as a daily strain upon the 7 ₩ cent Money market of which some of the holders are doubtless willing to relieve themselves, and it may be under color of the foreign advices. The Treasury Office bought two millions of the 7.30 ₩ cents to-day, running down its Currency balances pretty low. The Office gained $1,300,000 in Gold yesterday and to-day, $500,000 from the San Francisco Custom-house, and $800,000 from Customs here. The sales of Gold in the Gold-room to-day ranged 144⅞@145@144⅞@145⅛ ₩ cent. The standard drawers of Exchange on London and the Continent were firmer in their rates than yesterday, but as this was not a packet day, no considerable business was done.

The demand for Money from the Brokers was again active at 7 ₩ cent., the heaviest borrowing, as for several days past, being on the Public Funds. The borrowers on Gold also paid the outside rate to-day, the Cash Gold being quite abundant on the settlements of the forenoon. The Brokers in the Railway Stocks are comparatively the easiest class of borrowers. Merchant paper continues to be neglected, even of the best class and shortest dates. The fact that Saturday is Quarter Day with the National Banks—their reports to go to Washington before the opening of business on Monday—is partially contributing to the demand for Money this week; although but very few of the Banks, either City or Country, had need of preparation for this occasion.

The Railway market was again strong, the activity of yesterday in New-York Central and Erie being divided to-day with the two Northwest Stocks, which were bought and sold to a large amount on the extraordinary report of the September earnings. There was but little abatement in the New-York Central movement, and at the last Open Board this Afternoon 109⅞@⅞ was paid for about 4,000 shares. The fluctuations in Erie display less firmness in the demand than on Wednesday, and the price was lower at the close of the day. Rock Island was also less firm, but the St. Paul Preferred improved to 65⅞ ₩ cent.

At 5 o'clock P. M. the following quotations were made as compared with Wednesday night:

	Wed.	Thurs.		Wed.	Thurs.
U. S. 10-40s	99⅜	99⅞	Northwest	42⅝	42⅞
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	113	112	N. West Pref.	66⅞	66⅞
U. S. Con. 5-20s	107⅞	107⅞	Rock Island	102⅞	101⅞
N. Y. Central	109⅝	109⅞	Fort Wayne	100⅞	100⅞
Erie	66⅞	64⅞	W. U. Telegraph	36⅜	36
Hudson	127⅞	128⅛	St. Paul Pref.	64⅞	65⅝
Reading	101⅞	101⅞	Pacific Mail	142	141
Mich. Southern	81⅞	81⅞	Toledo & Wabash	42⅞	42
Pittsburgh	79⅞	79⅞	American Gold	145⅞	145⅞
Tenn. 6s, new	63⅞	62⅞	Bills on London	109⅞	109⅞

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₩ cent., 1867	143½	5-20 cou., 1865, new is.	107⅞
6 ₩ cent., 1868	141	5-20 cou., 1867	107⅞
6 ₩ cent., coup, 1868	141	5-20 reg., 1867	107⅞
6 ₩ cent., reg., 1881	110⅞	Oregon ½ yearly, '81	106
500 & 1,000, '81	110⅞	5 ₩ cent., reg., 1871	115
5-20 reg., 1862	104⅞	10-40 500 & 1,000	99⅞
5-20 500 & 1,000	112	10-40 reg.	99⅞
5-20 500 & 1,000	108⅞	7 3-10 2d series	106⅞
5-20 500 & 1,000	108⅞	7 3-10 3d series	106⅞

And the following for the State Bonds:

N. Y. 7 ₩ c. '70	101	Illinois coupon 6s. 1879	101¼
N. Y. reg. B'y loan	107	Illinois 6 ₩ War Loan	101¼
N. Y. B'y loan	107	Michigan 6 ₩ c., 1873	92
N.Y. 6 ₩ c. B'y loan, 1872	99¾	Michigan 7 ₩ c. W. Ln.	98
N.Y. 6 ₩ c. B'y loan, 1873	100	Tennessee 6 ₩ c., 1868	66
N.Y. 6 ₩ c. B'y loan, 1874	100	Tennessee 6 ₩ c., ex-c	64
N.Y. 6 ₩ c. B'y loan, 1875	100	Tennessee new bds	63
N.Y. 6 ₩ c. B'y loan, 1877	100	Virginia 6s, ex c	48¾
N.Y. 5 ₩ c. B'y loan, 1874	91	Georgia 6s	74
Ohio 6 ₩ c., 1875	100	Georgia 7s, new bonds	83¾
Ohio 6 ₩ c., 1881	100	North Carolina 6s	67
Ohio 6 ₩ c., 1886	101	N. C. 6s. ex coupons	52¾
Illinois Canal Bds, 1860	101	North Car. 6s, n. bds	52
Illinois reg. 1860	101	Missouri 6s	104⅜
Ill. 6s cou., '79 aft. 1860	101½	Missouri H. & St. Jo. is.	81¾
Ill. 6s cou., '79 aft. 1862	101½	Missouri Pacific R. is.	104⅜
Illinois 6s c. '79 aft. 1865	101½	Cal. 7s	127
Illinois 6s c. '79 aft. 1870	101½	Connecticut 6s	99¾
Illinois coupon 6s. 1877	101½		

And the following for the City Bank Stocks:

New-York	127	Hanover	110
Mechanics'	119	Irving	106
Union	118	Metropolitan	130
National	105	Market	113
Seventh Ward	107	Nassau	108
State of New-York	112	Corn Exchange	124
Commerce	116½	Manuf's & Merch'ts	105
Ocean	103		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s. 1887	94	Tol. & W. 1st M. ext'd	89
Erie 1st Mort. 1867	106½	Tol. & W 2d M.	80¼
Erie 1st indorsed	103	Tol. & W. eq. bonds	69
Erie 7s, 2d ind. 1879	101	Gt. Western. 1st M. '68	90
Erie 7s, 3d ind., 1883	98¾	Gt. Western 2d M. '93	73
Erie 7s, 4th ind. 1880	89	Gal. & Chic. 2d M	96
Buff., N.Y. & Erie. 1st '77	91¾	Chi. & R. I. 1st M.	102¼
Hud. R. 7s. 1st M. 1869	101	Chi. & R. I. Con. iss	91
Harlem 1st M. '69-'72	102¾	Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund	102¾
Mich. So. 7 ₩ c. 2d M	92	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 1st M	104¾
N. Ind. Goshen Line. '68	96	Cleve. & P. 2d M	90
Pacific R. 7s, guar. by Mo	104	Cleve. & P. 3d M. conv.	85
Ill. Cen. 7 ₩ c. 1870	116¾	Cleve. & P. 4th M	74¾
Alton & T. H. 1st M	94	Chi. & Alton S. F.	100
Alton & T. H. 2d. pfd	82	Chi. & Alton 1st M	101
Alton & T. H. 2d M. Inc.	80	Chi. & Alton S. F. Inc.	91
Chi. & N. W. S. Fund	95	Dub. & Sioux C. 1st M	77
Chi. & N. W. In. bds	89	Peninsula R. R. bonds	78
Chi. & N. W. Ex. bds	82¾	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M	86
Chi. & N. W. 1st M	85¾	Joliet & Chi. 1st M	104
Con. 7 ₩ cent. conv.	81½	Chi. & Gt. E. 1st mort.	62
Tol. & W. 1st M.	90	N. Y. & N. H. 6s	93

The traffic over the Chicago and Northwest Road for the fourth week and for the whole month of September compares as follows with last season:

	Fourth Week.	Month Sept.
In 1867	$477,647	$1,451,284
In 1866	315,851	1,000,086
Increase this year	$161,796	$451,198

The traffic over the Chicago and Rock Island Road for the fourth week and for the whole month of September compares as follows with last season:

	Fourth Week.	Month Sept.
In 1867	$136,300	$517,702
In 1866	104,780	396,049
Increase this year	$31,520	$121,653

The following from the Chicago *Tribune* on Saturday confirms our own remarks on Monday morning in regard to the exaggerated reports of the outgo of Currency from this City last week:

"An Associated Press dispatch in this morning's paper says that the shipments of currency from New-York to the West foot up over $6,800,000 last week. This is an error of considerable magnitude. No currency has been received at either Cincinnati or St. Louis during the past week, for the simple reason that the balance of exchange has been against them, and they have in some instances been compelled to ship currency to the East. The receipts here were about $500,000 to banks and $1,000,000 to the Sub-Treasury. Milwaukee received about $1,000,000—making in all two millions and a half. Where the other four millions went to we do not know, but we are positive that neither this city nor Milwaukee received them. We are of the opinion that the amount was exaggerated in the 'bear' interest, for the purpose of tightening up the New-York market and breaking down stocks. *Operators who are in the habit of borrowing large amounts on sealed packages of greenbacks, for the purpose of working a 'corner' on the money market, will not hesitate to exaggerate the shipments of currency for the same purpose.*"

We understand that Mr. C. P. BAILEY, formerly of the Treasury Department at Washington, has been made the Receiver of the Creton National Bank of this City, failed on Tuesday last.

The following is the summary of the Canada bank returns for August:

	Aug. 31, 1866.	Aug. 31, 1867.
Capital paid up	$29,364,942	$29,992,000
LIABILITIES.		
Circulation	$10,102,233	$8,026,000
Balances due other banks	1,144,224	2,065,000
Deposits with interest	12,878,110	13,956,000
Deposits without interest	13,963,622	13,182,000
Total	$38,089,180	$37,229,000
ASSETS.		
Coin and Provincial notes	$5,479,554	$7,393,000
Land and other property	3,16 ,389	1,564,000
Government securities	6,549,840	6,553,000
Notes of other banks	1,3 6,185	1,523,000
Balances due from other Banks	4,335,616	4,008,000
Discounts	45,832,977	50,283,000
Other debts	3,378,484	2,354,000
Total	$70,133,038	$73,698,000

The Hudson River Railroad Company today declared a half-yearly Cash Dividend of 4 ℘ cent., free of Government tax, payable on the 15th instant. The September traffic of the Road is about $100,000 ahead of the same month last year. The gross earnings of the Railway year ending 30th September are something over five million of dollars; they net over two millions; the latter being equal to 7 ℘ cent. on the Debt of the Company and *twelve per cent.* on the Capital, as doubled only in April last, and of which increased Capital about $1,500,000 in Cash remains on hand not yet expended on the improvement of the Road and its St. John Station property.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ THE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS are destined to rank among the best securities for permanent investment, as they are the preferred claim upon one of the most valuable and productive lines in the world. They possess peculiar assurances and sanctions from the Pacific Railroad Act of Congress, and have also special advantages over other corporate securities.

First—Twice the amount of First Mortgage Bonds issued has been invested by the Government and from other sources, in the road, *upon a subordinate lien.*

Second—The surplus earnings of the completed portion already *exceed one million dollars in gold,* after the payment of all expenses and interest liabilities.

Third—The principal, as well as the interest, is payable semi-annually in coin.

The Bonds are of $1,000 each, and are offered for the present at 95 per cent. and accrued interest from July 1, in currency, at which rate they yield nearly 9 per cent. on the outlay.

Conversions of Government Securities into Central Pacific First Mortgage Bonds now realize for the holders from 12 to 18 per cent. advantage, with the same rate of interest.

The following are the current rates (Sept. 27,) subject, of course, to slight variations from day to day. We receive in exchange:

U. S. 6s, 1881, Coupon, and pay difference	$142 03
U. S. 5-20, '62, Coupon, and pay difference	173 03
U. S. 5-20, '64, Coupon, and pay difference	125 53
U. S. 5-20, '65, Coupon, and pay difference	133 03
U. S. 5-20, '65, new, Coupon, and pay difference	110 53
U. S. 5-20, '67, new, Coupon, and pay difference	110 53
U. S. 10-40, Coupon, and pay difference	30 53
U. S. 7-30s, 2d Series, and pay difference	122 58
U. S. 7-30s, 3d Series, and pay difference	116 58

on each one thousand.

Orders can be sent direct, or through responsible Bankers. Bonds sent free of Express charges.

Descriptive pamphlets and maps can be obtained at the office of the Railroad Company, No. 54 William-st., and of

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
AND
Financial Agents of the C. P. R. R. Co.,
No. 5 Nassau-st., New-York.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Oct. 3.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, bbls		Barley, bushels	9,877
Flour, bbls	16,148	Malt, bushels	2,850
Flour, bags		Pork, bbls	5
Cornmeal, bbls	50	Cut Meats, pkgs	47
Cornmeal, bags	300	Lard, pkgs	173
Wheat, bushels	76,375	Beef, tcs. and bbls	
Corn, bushels	153,391	Whisky, bbls	63
Rye, bushels	8,523	Petroleum, bbls	26,65
Oats, bushels	91,794		

ASHES—Have been in request and firm at $9 75 for Pots and $12 50 for Pearls, ℘ 100 ℔s.

COFFEE—Has been lightly dealt in at previous figures, including Java at 24½c.@25c.; Maracaibo, 17c.@18½c.; Laguayra, 17½c.@18½c.; Rio, 14c.@19c.; St. Domingo, 15½c.@16½c., in gold, ℘ ℔.

COTTON—Has been in comparatively moderate demand at a shade lower prices. Middling grades, 21½c.@23½c., chiefly within the range, ℘ ℔., on sales and resales of 1,600 bales, against receipts of 2,279 bales.

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

Receipts thus far this week	5,282
Receipts last week	3,760
Receipts preceding week	4,805
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1867	19,848
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1867	454,311
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1867	657,431
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1867	667,394
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	511,630
Exports since Sept. 1	6,533
Exports since Jan. 1	336,073
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	472,596
Exports year ending Dec. 31, 1866	381,094
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,309
Estimated stock on hand here	35,000
Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.	
Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,571,040
Receipts at all the ports, since Sept. 1, 1867	24,000
Receipts at all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,951,988
Receipts preceding cotton year	2,154,476
Exports from all the ports since Sept. 1, 1867, to latest mail dates	7,200
Exports from all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,557,054
Exports preceding cotton year	1,554,664
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports Aug. 31, 1867	80,296
Estimated stock on hand at all ports, at latest mail dates	68,000

EGGS—Have been less plenty, and in request at firmer prices, including Jersey, extra brands, loss off, 30c.@32c.; State and Pennsylvania, loss off, 29c.@30c.; Ordinary Western, loss off, 25c.@26c.; Western, by express, loss off, 26c.@27c.; Canada, loss off, 25c.@26c. ℘ dozen.

FLOUR AND MEAL—An active inquiry prevailed to-day for State and Western Flour, prices of which again advanced 10c.@25c. ℘ bbl., closing somewhat less buoyantly. Sales have been reported since our last of 19,000 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $8 75@$9 75; very poor to good extra State at $10 30@$10 90; good to choice extra State at $10 95@$11 40; poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop extra Ohio at $10 35@$11 35 ℘ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$8 75@$9 75
Extra State	10 30@11 40
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	10 35@14 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	10 35@11 35
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	11 35@14 75
Extra Genesee	11 60@14 75
Common to choice extra Missouri	13 25@16 00

Southern Flour is in more demand and generally firmer. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,100 bbls., at $10 50@$16 25 for common to very superior extra, ℘ bbl. Canadian Flour inactive and nominal. Rye Flour continues in fair demand at from $6 80@$8 75 for inferior to very choice ℘ bbl.; sales 500 bbls. Corn Meal is in less request at $6 35 for City, $6 75 for Jersey, $5 85 for Caloric, and $6 90 @$6 95 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl.; sales 500 bbls. Of California Flour sales were reported of 1,250 bbls. and sacks, at $11 50@$13 50 ℘ bbl. of 196 ℔s.

FRUIT—Domestic Apples are in liberal supply and prices are declining. Pears are scarce and higher. Grapes are in large supply, and the demand being light, prices are lower. Cranberries are arriving slowly, but the quality is poor as yet. Apples, State, ℘ bbl., $3 50@$4; Apples, Western, ℘ bbl., $4@$5; Apples, ordinary, ℘ bbl., $2@$2 50; Peaches, Delaware, ℘ basket, $1@$4; Peaches, Jersey, ℘ basket, 50c.@$3; Pears, Louise Bonne, ℘ bbl., $12@$15; Pears, Flemish Beauty, ℘ bbl., $10@$15; Pears, Bartlett, ℘ bbl., $18@$20; Pears, common, ℘ bbl., $4@$5 50; Pears, Dutchess, ℘ bbl., $12@$18; Plums, Green Gages, ℘ bushel, $10@$12; Grapes, Isabella, ℘ ℔., 15c.@20c.; Grapes, Concord, ℘ ℔s., 12c.@15c.; Grapes, Delaware, ℘ ℔., 10c.@13c.; Cranberries, ℘ bbl., $7@$15. Old Dried Apples are dull. New Southern are in demand. Peaches are more active. Blackberries are scarce and firm. We quote: Apples, State, 8½c.@9½c.; Apples, Western, 7c.@8c.; Apples, Southern, 6½c.@8c.; Peaches, new Southern, 18c.@20c.; Peaches, unpeeled, halves, 9c.@10c.; Peaches, unpeeled, quarters, 8c.@9c.; Cherries, new pitted, 33c.@36c., ℘ ℔.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in urgent demand to-day, especially for immediate delivery, and prices have advanced 2c.@5c. ℘ bushel on lots to arrive, and 5c.@8c. ℘ bushel on lots on the spot, closing buoyantly. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 161,000 bushels, including White Michigan at $3; No. 1 Spring, to arrive and here, at $2 40@$2 45; No. 2 do., at $2 31@$2 40; chiefly at $2 37@$2 40 on the spot; Mixed No. 1 and No 2 here at $2 42; No. 3 to arrive and here at @$2 25@$2 30; Amber State at $2 85; Red Southern at $2 65; and White California at $3 ℘ bushel. Corn opened pretty briskly at a slight advance; but closed heavily and in favor of purchasers. Sales have been reported since our last, of 127,000 bushels, at $1 32@$1 33½, for Mixed Western, afloat; $1 29@$1 32 for do., in store, and $1 28@$1 29½ for unsound ℘ bushel. Rye has been in light supply and quoted stronger. Small sales have been made on the spot at from $1 60@$1 63 for State, and $1 58@$1 59 as the extremes for Western; and considerable sales of lots to arrive, have been reported without authentic particulars. Oats have been in decidedly better and much dearer request. We quote new Western at 75c.@77c., ℘ bushel; sales 185,000 bushels. Barley is inactive at $1 45@$1 48 for State and $1 40@$1 43 for Western. Barley Malt continues inactive at $1 60@$1 65 ℘ bushel. The Albany *Argus* of this morning gives the following list of boats laden with Flour and grain, which passed Fultonville, bound to the Hudson River, during 24 hours prior to 10½ A. M. on Wednesday, Oct. 2, 1867: G. N. Mitchell, Buffalo, Wheat; Lilian, Buffalo, Corn; Gettysburg, Oswego, Barley; R. C. Walrath, Buffalo, wheat; T. T. Cunningham, Buffalo, oats; Chas. Craig, Buffalo, corn; Julia, Buffalo, wheat; Dr. Wilson, Buffalo, oats; John B. Arnold, Lockport, shipstuffs; Gilbert Mollison, Buffalo, wheat; N. Althouse, Buffalo, wheat; Monitor, Buffalo, wheat; J. H. Degraff, Buffalo, wheat; W. A. Fish, Buffalo, barley; Henry Kruse, Buffalo, wheat; Manhattan, Buffalo, oats, &c.; T. G. Alvord, Rome, flour and barley; John Meger, Oswego, barley; Mineola, Buffalo, corn; Aubry, Buffalo, corn; Henry L. Fish, Rochester, wheat and flour; H. B. Wilcox, Oswego, barley and flour; H. H. Caswell, Buffalo, rye, &c.; Chas. Smith, Buffalo, barley; Gertie Fisher, Buffalo, corn, &c.; Hiram Finch, Lockport, flour; P. H. Bender, Buffalo, corn; Isaac Wessels, Buffalo, wheat; Newark, Buffalo, wheat; Geo. N. Deming, Rochester, shipstuffs and flour; Lois, Buffalo, barley; Armina, Oswego, shipstuffs; Ericsson, Buffalo, rye, &c.; B. McQuatters, Buffalo, rye, &c.; Matilda, Buffalo, barley, &c.; City of Troy, Rochester, flour; Port Gibson, Buffalo, barley; M. Harmon, Lockport, flour, &c.; Matilda Bartlett, Buffalo, corn; J. A. Carmichael, Buffalo, corn; Libbie Breed, Buffalo, wheat; Brockville, Oswego, barley; Sam. H. Wilcox, Oswego, corn; W. W. Allen, Buffalo, wheat; Barney Van Vleet, Buffalo, wheat; Ada Miller, Oswego, corn; E. R. Mattison, Buffalo, rye; R. S. Scott, Oswego, barley; Merchant, Buffalo, wheat; H. Osborne, Buffalo, wheat; Monticello, Buffalo, corn; W. H. Dorn, Oswego, barley; Recruit, Oswego, barley; Mixen & Smith, Buffalo, wheat; Geo. W. Warner, Buffalo, Wheat.

The eastward movement of Flour and Grain through Buffalo from the West from Jan. 1 to Oct. 1 this year, as compared with last year, shows a decrease of 48,102 bbls. of Flour and 11,293,779 bushels of Grain.

The following will show the imports of Flour and Grain into Buffalo from the West by Lake and Grand Trunk Railway for the month of September, and since Jan. 1, 1867, as compared with previous years:

For the month of September.

	Flour, bbls.	Grain, bush.	Grain, includ'g Flour, bush.
1867	298,360	9,444,533	10,936,333
1866	189,953	6,224,000	7,173,765
1865	239,884	7,865,343	9,063,763
1864	233,342	5,861,856	7,028,566
1863	240,055	5,926,448	7,126,723
1862	246,810	9,287,450	10,971,510
1861	327,753	8,953,781	10,592,546
1860	189,843	6,269,594	7,158,809
1859	283,132	2,027,548	3,193,208

From Jan. 1 to Oct. 1.

	Flour, Bbls.	Grain, Bushels	Grain, including Flour, bushels.
1867	717,506	25,488,890	29,076,420
1866	765,608	36,782,669	40,610,709
1865	1,186,212	28,771,690	34,703,150
1864	1,462,116	30,167,281	37,477,861
1863	1,638,728	35,377,708	43,571,348
1862	1,835,786	40,809,840	49,998,770
1861	1,185,404	32,414,139	38,341,159
1860	713,524	20,347,776	23,915,396
1859	883,488	6,718,053	11,135,496

CANAL EXPORTS.

The following will show the canal exports of Flour and Grain, from the opening of the canal, May 1, to Oct. 1, from 1864 to 1866, inclusive, and from May 6 to Oct. 1, 1867:

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
Flour, bbls.	804,561	110,054	16,326	1,069
Wheat, bushels	12,144,584	5,912,533	3,023,549	3,396,684
Corn, bushels	8,540,221	6,149,418	20,778,313	11,136,693
Oats, bushels	7,074,780	4,359,079	6,714,825	4,341,856
Barley, bushels	35,372	317,316	233,117	564,857
Rye, bushels	333,974	293,851	525,816	385,640
Total Grain, bush	28,128,901	25,194,088	31,285,420	19,825,128

HAY—North River bale is in good demand at 75c.@80c. for shipping, and $1 20@$1 50 for local use, ℘ 100 ℔s. Straw continues in fair request at 60c.@90c. ℘ 100 ℔s.

HOPS—Continue in request at steady prices, including American at 40c.@70c. for new; older growths at 10c.@50c., and Foreign at 40c.@85c. *Prices Current of Hops in the New-York Market.*—New-York State, Common to Fair, new, 40c.@45c. ℘ ℔.; New-York State, Good to Prime, new, 50c.@55c. ℘ ℔.; New-York State, Choice to Fancy, new, 60c.@65c. ℘ ℔.; Eastern, Common to Prime, new, 40c.@55c. ℘ ℔.; Michigans, Common to Prime, new, 45c.@60c. ℘ ℔.; Wisconsins, Prime to Fancy, new, 55c.@70c. ℘ ℔.; Yearlings, of all grades, 30c.@50c. ℘ ℔.; Old Olds, 10c.@30c. ℘ ℔.

HIDES—Have attracted more attention at uniform prices.

LATHS—Eastern have been in demand at $3 ℘ M.

LIME—Rockland has been salable and steady at $1 50 for Common, and $1 85 for Lump, ℘ bbl.

MOLASSES—Has been inactive, including Porto Rico at 55c.@75c.; Cuba at 38c.@60c.; English Islands at 57c.@58c. ℘ gallon. Stock, 8,615 hhds.

NAVAL STORES—Are in very moderate request, including Spirits Turpentine at 57½c.@59½c. ℘ gallon; do. in bond, 50c.@50½c. ℘ gallon; Crude do. at $4 90@$5; Resin at $3 75@$8 25 ℘ 280 ℔s.; Tar at $3 25@$3 87; Pitch, $3 87@$4 25 ℘ bbl.

OILS—Have been salable and steady, including Crude Whale at 75c.; Bleached Whale, 85c.@87c.; Crude Sperm at $2 25; Unbleached do. at $2 37½@$2 40; Lard Oil at $1@$1 30; Red Oil at 65c.@80c.; Linseed Oil at $1 28@$1 31 ℘ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Continues in moderate demand since our last, at 18c.@19c. for Crude; 14c.@14½c. for Crude in bulk; 30c.@34c. for Refined, in bond, and 49c.@50c. for Refined, free, ℘ gallon.

PEAS, &c.—The receipts of Beans are more liberal and stock is accumulating, with prices more in buyers' favor. Peas have been in rather more request. We quote: Beans, Marrows, prime new, $4 30@$4 35; Beans, Mediums, prime new, $3 25@$3 50; Beans, Kidneys, prime new, $4 25@$4 60; Prime Beans, mixed parcels, $2 50@$3; Peas, Canada, in bulk, $1 25@$1 30; Peas, Canada, in bbls., $1 40@$1 45 ℘ bushel.

POTATOES, &c.—Potatoes have been in more demand at essentially unchanged prices. We quote: Buckeyes—Potatoes, $2@$2 25; Peach Blows, $2 75 @$3 50; Dyckmans, $2@$2 25; Jackson Whites, $2 25 @$2 50; Mercers, $2 75@$3; Delaware Sweet, $3 50 @$3 75; Virginia Sweet, $2 75@$3 ℘ bbl. Onions, ℘ bbl., $1 75@$2. Turnips—Russia, ℘ bbl., $3 50@$4. Cabbages, ℘ 100, $6@$8. Tomatoes, ℘ basket, 75c.@$1. Squashes—Marrow, ℘ bbl., $2 50@$3. Pumpkins, ℘ 100, $5@$10.

POULTRY—The demand for Poultry is good and prices are higher. We quote: Live Poultry—Turkeys, ℘ ℔., 24c.@25c.: Fowls, ℘ ℔., 20c.@22c.; Spring Chickens, ℘ ℔., 22c.@23c.; Geese, ℘ pair, $2@$3 50; Ducks, ℘ pair, 75c.@$1 25.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been quiet and quoted lower to-day. Sales since our last, 2,750 bbls., in lots, at $23 75@$23 87 for new Western Mess, closing at $23 85, regular way; and $20 50@$21 for Prime and Extra Prime ℘ bbl. Cut Meats are in slack demand at 12½c.@13c. for dry salted and sweet pickled Shoulders, and 15½c.@18c. for Hams ℘ ℔.; sales equal to 180 pkgs. Bacon has been more active; sales 700 boxes, including long clear at 13½c. and short clear at 14½c. on the spot; also, Western Cumberland Cut, deliverable in December and January, at 10¾c. ℘ ℔. Lard is in good request, but at easier prices; sales have been reported since our last of 2,100 tcs. and bbls., in lots, at 14½c.@14¾c., and small lots at 15c.@15½c. ℘ ℔. Beef is in light demand at $18@$24 for very poor to choice Plain Mess; $24@$28 for Extra do.; sales have been reported of 130 bbls. Tierce Beef is quiet to-day. Beef Hams continue nominal. Butter is in fair request at 31c.@43c. for poor to choice State, and 14c.@30c. for inferior to prime Western ℘ ℔. Cheese continues in moderate demand at 6c.@16½c., as extremes, ℘ ℔. The week's business in Butter and Cheese, Messrs. STARIN & FLOYD notice thus:

The season of the year having arrived when Butter is forwarded to this market in dairies, we have rendered a new classification of the different styles and grades in accordance. In giving precedence in quality to certain counties we state that it can only be accepted in a general sense, as every county in the State manufactures, more or less, strictly fine dairies. The total receipts of Butter for the week ending this day are 10,756 packages, which are almost wholly State Butters, as Western stock commands considerably higher prices in their home markets than here. The demand during the week has been quite active for local and coastwise trade at our quotations, and the week's market closes with an unusually light stock on sale. Grease Butters are out of market. Our quotations for Western Butters are nominal on account of the scarcity of that stock. The market closes firmly. We quote:

	Per pound.	
Chemung, Sussex and Chenango Counties Dairies, firkins	34	@37
Chautauqua, Cayuga and Delaware Counties Dairies, firkins	33	@35
Broome, Cortland, Steuben and other Counties, firkins	33	@34
Lewis and Jefferson Counties Dairies, Welsh tubs	32	@33
Ordinary State Dairies, firkins	31	@32
Ordinary State Dairies, Welsh tubs	31	@32
Half-firkin tubs State Dairies, fine to extra	35	@37
Half-firkin tubs State Dairies, fair to good	31	@33
Northern Pennsylvania Dairies, firkins and tubs	31	@32
Orange, Sussex and Pennsylvania, fresh pails	25	@45
Western Reserve, firkins, good to prime	27	@30
Chicago and Northwestern, firkins, good to prime	24	@26
Middle Ohio, firkins, good to prime	20	@23
Ordinary and common Western, firkins	14	@17

The total receipts of Cheese for the week ending this day are 45,740 boxes, a considerable portion of which continues to be *en route* for England, and does not go on this market for sale. An active demand has prevailed for Cheese during the week for local and Eastern trade, at very full prices, while only a fair business has been done for export, as most of the buyers for that trade prefer buying in the country, direct of the factories. This change in the base of trade from this City to the dairy districts, is the result of competing interests for the selection of stock, and being highly remunerative to the various factories, is appreciated by them, and them only, as it is a source of loss to exporters as well as the receivers of this market. The market closes firmly at our quotations, which are unchanged.

Factory Dairies, Extra, ℘ ℔	15	@16½
Factory Dairies, Fair, ℘ ℔	14	@14½
Farm Dairies, Extra, ℘ ℔	14½	@15½
Farm Dairies, Fair, ℘ ℔	12	@13
Skimmed Cheese, ℘ ℔	6	@ 8

SUGARS—Have been very firm and rather more sought after, in view of the buoyancy in gold; sales since our last, 1,170 hhds. Cuba, &c., at 11¼c.@13½c., and 492 boxes Havana, part at 10¾c.@13¾c. Refined Sugars are in good demand from 14¾c.@17c. ℘ ℔. Messrs. STUART quote refined sugars thus: Best Crushed, 16¾c.; Granulated, 16¾c.; Ground, 16¾c.; White, A, 16c., and Yellow, C, 15¾c., cash, ℘ ℔.

TALLOW, &c.—Sales since our last, 135,000 ℔s. Tallow at 12c.@12¼c.; 62,000 ℔s. Stearine at 14c.@15½c.; 47,000 ℔s. Grease at 7¾c.@9¾c. ℘ ℔.

WHISKY—Has been inactive to-day at about previous prices.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, there were taken 22,000 bushels Wheat by sailing vessel at 6d.; 7,500 bushels Corn, by steamer, on private terms; 15,000 bushels do. by steamer, for next week, also on private terms, and 100 tons Oil Cake at 17s. 3d. ℘ ton. For Cork and a market, a Hamburg bark, with 2,400 quarters Grain at 6s. 6d. ℘ quarter.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

1st. For laying crosswalks at 3d-av. and 105th and 105th sts.

2d. For laying crosswalks at the junction of 6th-av., Greenwich-av. and Christopher-st.

3d. For paving with stone blocks Elizabeth-st., from Bayard to Grand sts.

4th. For paving with stone blocks 53d-st., from 6th to 7th avs.

5th. For flagging sidewalks in 14th st., between 2d and 3d avs.

6th. For setting curb and gutter and flagging sidewalks in 56th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

7th. For setting curb and gutter stones in 125th-st., from 3d-av. to Harlem River.

8th. For flagging and reflagging sidewalks and resetting curb and gutter stones in 36th-st., between Broadway and 7th-av.

9th. For building sewers in 8th-av., between 17th and 18th sts., and in 25th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

10th. For paving with stone blocks 50th-st., from 3d to 4th av.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land situated on

1st. Both sides of 104th-st. and both sides of 3d-av., to the extent of half the block in either direction from the corner of 3d-av. to 104th-st.; also, both sides of 105th-st. and both sides of 3d-av., to the extent of half the block in either direction from the corner of 3d-av. and 105th-st.

2d. Both sides of Christopher-st. and Greenwich-av. and the easterly side of 6th-av., to the extent of half the block in either direction from the junction of 6th-av., Greenwich-av. and Christopher-st.

3d. Both sides of Elizabeth-st., from Bayard to Grand st., and both sides of the intersecting streets to the extent of half the block from Elizabeth-st.

4th. Both sides of 53d-st., from 6th to 7th av., and the westerly side of 6th-av. and the easterly side of 7th-av., to the extent of half the block from 53d-st.

5th. Both sides of 14th-st., from 2d to 3d av.

6th. Both sides of 56th-st., from 2d to 3d av.

7th. Both sides of 125th-st., from 3d-av. to Harlem River.

8th. Both sides of 36th-st., from Broadway to 7th-av.

9th. Both sides of 25th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.; also, both sides of 8th-av., between 17th and 18th sts.

10th. Both sides of 50th-st., from 3d to 4th av.; also, both sides of Lexington-av., and the westerly side of 3d-av. and the easterly side of 4th-av., to the extent of half the block from 50th-st.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-st., basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

JACOB F. OAKLEY,
JOHN D. OTTIWELL,
ISAAC O. HUNT, } Board of Assessors.
OFFICE OF BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
NEW COURT-HOUSE, Oct. 3, 1867.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, Sept. 13, 1867.

ON THE PETITION OF R. P. WALKER, of New-York, N. Y., praying for the extension of a patent granted to him the 20th day of December, 1853, for an improvement in machine for hulling and scouring coffee for seven years from the expiration of said patent, which takes place on the 20th day of December, 1867.

It is ordered that the said petition be heard at the Patent Office on Monday, the 2d day of December next, at 12 o'clock M.; and all persons are notified to appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition ought not to be granted.

Persons opposing the extension are required to file in the Patent Office their objections, specially set forth in writing, at least *twenty* days before the day of hearing; all testimony filed by either party, to be used at the said hearing, must be taken and transmitted in accordance with the rules of the office, which will be furnished on application.

Depositions and other papers, relied upon as testimony, must be filed in the office *twenty* days before the day of hearing; the arguments, if any, within *ten* days after filing the testimony.

Ordered, also, that this notice be published in the *Republican* and the *Intelligencer*, Washington, D. C., and in the *Times*, New-York, N. Y., once a week for three successive weeks; the first of said publications to be at least sixty days previous to the day of hearing.

T. C. THEAKER, Commissioner of Patents.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK.—In the matter of ROBERT NUNNS, Bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of ROBERT NUNNS, of the County of Suffolk, of the State of New-York, in said District, adjudged a bankrupt upon the petition of his creditors; and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Brooklyn, in said District, on the 22d day of October, A. D. 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of E. S. Mills, at No. 141 Montague-street, one of the Registers of Bankruptcy of said Court.

FRANCIS L. DALLON,
United States Marshal, as Messenger,
Eastern District of New-York.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 23d day of September, A. D. 1867, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WALTER W. BRIGGS, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at the Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York, before JOHN FITCH, Register, on the 12th day of October, A. D. 1867, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, United States Marshal,
As Messenger Southern District of New-York.
OCT. 3, 1867.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
BUREAU OF THE RECEIVER OF TAXES,
NEW COURT-HOUSE, Park, Sept. 28, 1867.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.—NOTICE IS hereby given that the assessment-rolls or tax-books on real and personal estate for the year 1867 have been delivered to me, and that all taxes are now due and payable at this office. Payment thereof can be made between the hours of 8 A. M. and 2 P. M. A deduction at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, calculated from the date of payment to the 1st of December, will be made on all taxes paid previous to the 1st of November.

BERNARD SMYTH, Receiver.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF WILLIAM D. VEEDER, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against CORNELIUS C. STRYKER, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, the administrator, at his residence, in the town of Gravesend, L. I., on or before the 18th day of March next.

CORNELIUS S. STRYKER, Administrator.
DATED, Sept. 9, 1867.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGEBOAT.
OFFICE UNITED STATES ENGINEER AGENCY,
NO 7 BOWLING GREEN, NEW-YORK CITY,
Sept. 13, 1867.

The undersigned hereby invites sealed proposals for building and equipping ready for sea and for work the first of the two Dredgeboats, (authorized by joint resolution of Congress, approved March 29, 1867,) for improving the mouth of the Mississippi River, in accordance with models, drawings and specifications visible at this office, and instructions to be furnished by the Engineer in charge; the Dredgeboat to be delivered at such point in the Mississippi River, at or below New-Orleans, as the Engineer in charge may direct.

The Dredgeboat to be a double-ender, 160 feet long, 30 feet beam, and 22 feet high, measured from the bottom of the keel to the surface of the spar-deck at amidships; to have a screw propeller at each end, one of which is to be 14 feet diameter, driven by two engines, and the other 12 feet diameter, and driven by one; to be fitted with water compartments for readily adjusting the draft to any depth from 14 to 20 feet; to be fitted with an auxiliary scraper at each end; and many of the parts to have a strength considerably exceeding that of like parts of steamers of like dimensions designed for ordinary ocean navigation.

During the construction of the Dredgeboat reasonable facilities for inspecting the materials and workmanship must be afforded the officer or agent appointed for the purpose.

The Dredgeboat to be propelled throughout her sea voyage between the points of construction and delivery by her own engines alone.

Bids which do not cover the entire construction and equipments ready for sea and for work of the Dredgeboat, and her delivery at the point designated, will not be considered.

No bids will be considered except from those practically engaged in the construction of ocean steamers, or screw propeller machinery for the same, and who have personally inspected the model and drawings of the Dredgeboat, or employed experts for the purpose of informing them of its character.

Bids to be indorsed (on the envelope) "Proposals for Dredgeboat," and addressed to the undersigned, at this office.

Each bid must be accompanied by a guarantee, signed by two guarantors that the bidder will enter into contract as herein stated, and a certificate of the responsibility of the guarantors, and specifying the occupation of the bidders, signed by an officer of the United States Corps of Engineers or some other competent person known to the undersigned.

Proposals will be received till 12 M. on the 12th day of October, 1867, at which time they will be opened. The contract and bond must be signed by the 14th day of October, 1867; work must be actually begun on both hull and machinery by the 20th day of October, 1867; the boat must be completed ready for sea and for work and the trials and trial trip had by the 31st of March, 1868; and no unnecessary delay thereafter must occur in her delivery at the point designated.

Payments will be made as follows: forty per cent. of the contract price on launching the boat and completion of the boilers and the cylinders of the three propeller engines, provided all these shall have been duly approved; thirty-five per cent. on approval of the boat after completion of all its parts ready for sea and for work, by the duly authorized officer or agent of the United States, all the trials and the trial trip having been had, provided the terms of the contract shall thus far have been complied with; and the balance on the final acceptance at the point of delivery.

Bonds for the faithful performance of the contract in the sum of $25,000 will be required, with two sureties, whose sufficiency must be certified by the Clerk of the nearest District Court, the names of the sureties with the certificate to be submitted with the bid.

A full copy of the specifications and of this advertisement must be attached to each bid.

The bids and guarantees must be made out on the printed forms to be had at this office.

Model and detailed drawings can be seen, and copies of specifications had at this office. Copies of the specifications can also be seen at the United States Engineer's offices in Philadelphia and Boston.

The Government reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

In order that no time may be lost after the contract shall be signed, full detailed drawings of all parts of the dredgeboat are in progress, and will be in readiness to turn over to the contractor, so that work may be begun without delay on account of preparation of working drawings.

M. D. McALESTER,
Brevet Brig.-Gen. U. S. A., Major of Engineers,
In charge improvement mouth of Mississippi River.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the Tenth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until WEDNESDAY, Oct. 16, 1867, at 12 o'clock noon, for the stoves, &c., for the addition to Grammar Schoolhouse No. 42, in said Ward. Plans and specifications for said work can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 94 Crosby-st.

Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.

GEORGE KINZER,
J. C. ACHESON,
G. T. PATTERSON,
ROBT. B. BREESE,
WM. McCAFFIL,
Trustees of the Tenth Ward.

PROPOSALS.

IMPROVEMENT OF LITTLE SODUS HARBOR, N. Y.
UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE,
OSWEGO, N. Y., Sept. 25, 1867.

Proposals will be received at this office until the 30th of November, 1867, for materials and labor required for closing the opening between the south end of the pier, at the entrance of Fair Haven or Little Sodus Bay, N. Y., and the shore on the west side, by the construction of crib work loaded with stone, according to plans which may be seen at this office.

CLASS I.—LUMBER.

360 (three hundred and forty) pieces of hemlock scantling, each six inches square and twelve feet long.

170 (one hundred and seventy) pieces of hemlock scantling, each six inches square and thirteen feet long.

42,000 (forty-two thousand) feet board measure, of two-inch hemlock plank.

All this lumber to be of the first quality; the scantling must be of the exact lengths of 12 and 13 feet when delivered.

CLASS II.—IRON.

500 (five hundred) screw bolts, with square head and nut, of inch round iron, (best quality American,) each 1 foot long.

3,000 (three thousand) pounds of wrought spike 6 to 8 inch. The price of this class to be stated by the pound.

CLASS III.—STONE.

1,000 (one thousand) cubic yards of stone for filling, in fragments or boulders weighing not less than 4 or more than 200 pounds; to be delivered and measured in the cribs.

CLASS IV.—LABOR.

For the labor of framing, putting together, bolting, spiking, preparing bottom, sinking and connecting the crib work, in a workmanlike manner, satisfactory to the engineer in charge, including the furnishing of all tools, machinery, boats, &c., that may be needed.

All this must be carefully covered by a price per thousand feet board measure for the lumber used and per pound for iron and spike used.

The lumber and iron must be delivered at designated points on Little Sodus Bay, between the 1st and 31st of May, 1868. The stone in such quantities and at such times as it is needed in the progress of the work. The crib-work must be completed before the 30th of June, 1868.

Bids for each class must be separately made, and for the entire class, upon duplicate forms, with sufficient guarantees for entering into contract, which forms, with all other information desired, will be furnished upon application at this office. A copy of this advertisement must be attached to each bid. Contracts will be awarded separately to the lowest responsible bidder for each class *without regard to the aggregate for the whole.* Bids which are not satisfactorily guaranteed, or which are otherwise irregular, will not be considered. The quantities herein specified may be varied 33 1-3 per cent. if required by the Engineer in charge.

C. E. BLUNT,
Lieutenant-Colonel of Engineers,
Brevet Colonel U. S. A.

IMPROVEMENT OF BIG SODUS HARBOR, N. Y.
U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, OSWEGO, N. Y.,
Sept. 25, 1867.

Proposals will be received by the undersigned, until 2 P. M. of the 21st of October, 1867, for materials and labor for rebuilding the piers at the entrance of Big Sodus Harbor, Wayne County, N. Y.

As required by law and regulations, these proposals MUST be on separate (duplicate) forms FOR EACH CLASS, accompanied by sufficient guarantees for entering into contract, with a copy of this advertisement attached, and contracts will be awarded separately, (by law,) to the lowest responsible bidder for each class, without regard to other classes or the aggregate amount.

These forms, and all other information desired, can be obtained on application at this office. Bids which are not satisfactorily guaranteed, or are otherwise irregular, will not be considered; nor will bids be received for a PORTION of any class.

All the timber must be delivered by the 15th of May, 1868, the stone, iron and spike at such times and in such quantities as required, and the work on the piers must be completed by the 31st of October, 1868.

CLASS I.—TIMBER.

75 (seventy-five) sticks of Canada pine timber, each 12 inches square and 40 feet long.

300 (three hundred) sticks of Canada pine timber, each 12 inches square and 30 feet long.

300 (three hundred) pieces Canada pine timber, each 12 inches square and 18 feet long.

60 (sixty) pieces of Canada pine scantling, each 6 inches square and 20 feet long.

600 (six hundred) pieces of white pine plank, each 3 inches thick and 18 feet long.

80 (eighty) sticks of hemlock timber, each 12 inches square and 40 feet long.

700 (seven hundred) sticks of hemlock timber, each 12 inches square and 30 feet long.

600 (six hundred) sticks of hemlock timber, each 12 inches square and 18 feet long.

1,000 (one thousand) pieces of hemlock plank, 3 inches thick and 7 feet 6 inches long.

10 (ten) sound oak snubbing posts, one foot diameter at small end and 18 feet long.

All of the above pine and hemlock to be of best quality straight timber, of full dimensions—the pine to be Canada pine; to be deposited at a designated point, hauled out of water, and piled so that it can be properly inspected; the price to cover this. The whole quantity in this class is about 240,000 feet, board measure, of pine, and 440,000 feet b. m. of hemlock. The price must be stated by the thousand feet, board measure.

CLASS II.—IRON.

200 bolts, each 10 feet 2 inches long, (with head and nut,) of 1⅛ inch best, round American iron.

500 drift bolts, sharpened at one end, of 1¼ inch iron, 2 feet long.

300 drift bolts, sharpened at one end, of 1¼ inch iron, 3 feet long. Weight of above bolts is about 16,500 pounds.

2,000 pounds best quality wrought spike, 7 or 8 inches. The price of this class must be stated by the pound.

CLASS III.—STONE.

4,000 cubic yards of hard stone for filling cribs, in fragments or boulders, from 4 to 200 pounds weight, to be delivered and measured in the cribs.

CLASS IV.—LABOR.

For the labor of framing the timber of the cribs, putting them together, bolting and spiking, placing, sinking, and connecting the cribs, preparing the old pier, now under water, for a firm connection with the new work, making this connection by the use of bolts, &c., as prescribed by the engineer in charge; and completing the piers in a workmanlike manner, furnishing all machinery, tools, &c. This must be fully covered by a price per thousand feet b. m. of the timber and plank used, and per pound for the iron and spike used, and separately, per linear foot of pier, for the preparation of the old pier.

All the timber, iron and stone required by the contractor for labor, will be furnished by the contractor for those materials. The quantities herein specified may be varied 25 per cent.

C. E. BLUNT, Lieut.-Col. of Engineers,
Brevet Colonel, U. S. A.

IMPROVEMENT OF LITTLE SODUS HARBOR, N. Y.
U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE,
OSWEGO, N. Y., Sept. 25, 1867.

Proposals in duplicate will be received at this office until the 25th day of October, 1867, at 10 A. M., for materials and labor required for the extension of the west pier at the entrance of Little Sodus or Fair Haven Bay, Lake Ontario, N. Y., as follows:

CLASS I.—TIMBER.

630 (six hundred and thirty) sticks of hemlock timber, each 20 feet long and 12 inches square.

720 (seven hundred and twenty) sticks of hemlock timber, each 30 feet long and 12 inches square.

110 (one hundred and ten) sticks of hemlock timber, each 40 feet long and 12 inches square.

315 (three hundred and fifteen) sticks of white Canada pine timber, each 20 feet long and 12 inches square.

315 (three hundred and fifteen) sticks of white Canada pine timber, each 30 feet long and 12 inches square.

100 (one hundred) sticks of white Canada pine timber, each 40 feet long and 12 inches square.

1,260 linear feet of white Canada pine scantling, 6 inches square, sticks not less than 15 feet long.

1,400 pieces hemlock plank, 3 inches thick, each 8 feet 6 inches long.

50 pieces pine plank, 3 inches thick, each 20 feet long.

11 (eleven) sound oak snubbing posts, 1 foot diameter at small end and 18 feet long.

All of the above pine and hemlock to be of best quality, straight timber of full dimensions, the pine to be of Canada pine, to be deposited at a designated point, hauled out of water and piled so that it can be properly inspected, the price to cover this. The whole quantity in this class is about 280,000 feet b. m. of pine and 500,000 feet b. m. of hemlock, and the price will be stated per thousand feet b. m.

CLASS II.—IRON.

220 bolts, each 10 feet long, (with head and nut,) of 1⅛ inch best round American iron.

650 drift bolts, sharpened at one end, of 1¼ inches iron, each 2 feet long.

440 drift bolts, sharpened at one end, of 1¼ inch iron, each 3 feet long. Whole weight of the above bolts being about 20,000 pounds.

2,600 pounds best quality wrought spikes, 7 or 8 inches. The price of this class will be stated by the pound.

CLASS III.—STONE.

5,400 cubic yards of hard stone for filling cribs, in fragments or boulders from 4 to 200 pounds weight, to be delivered and measured in the cribs.

CLASS IV.—LABOR.

For the labor of framing the timber of the cribs, putting them together, bolting and spiking, placing and sinking and connecting the cribs and completing the pier in a workmanlike manner, furnishing all machinery, tools, &c.

This must be fully covered by a price per thousand feet board measure for the timber and planks used, and per pound for the iron and spikes used.

All the timber herein called for to be delivered before the 15th of May, 1868, at prescribed points in Little Sodus Harbor, the iron and stone in quantities as required.

The pier must be completed before Nov. 1, 1868.

Bids for each class must be separately made, and for the entire class upon duplicate forms, with sufficient guarantees for entering into contract, which forms, with all other information desired, will be furnished upon application at this office. A copy of this advertisement must be attached to each bid.

Contracts will be awarded separately to the lowest responsible bidder for each class, without regard to the aggregate for the whole. Bids which are not satisfactorily guaranteed, or which are otherwise irregular, will not be considered. The quantities herein specified may be varied 25 per cent.

C. E. BLUNT, Lieut.-Colonel of Engineers,
Brevet Colonel U. S. A.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The *Messager Franco-Americain* and the *New-Yorker Demokrat* are requested NOT to copy the above advertisements.

C. E. BLUNT,
Lieut.-Col. of Engineers, Brevet Col. U. S. A.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SUPERVISING ARCHITECT,
Sept. 25, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until Oct. 15, 1867, for furnishing, fitting and delivering complete, the stylobate finish and counter of the new banking-room in the north wing of the Treasury Building. The same is intended to be of polished granite or polished marble; if of the latter material, the base should be of dark (if not black) color, and the upper members of variegated marble but of harmonious tints.

The bidder must state the kind of materials he proposes to furnish and submit small polished samples of the same.

Drawings of the work to be furnished may be obtained at this office.

The whole work must be done in the best and most perfect manner, and the material be of the soundest texture and choice and even tints, all to the satisfaction and acceptance of the Supervising Architect.

It must be furnished and delivered complete, ready for placement on or before the 1st day of March, 1868.

Payments will be made on estimates prepared by authorized officers of the Department, of which 20 per centum will be retained until completion of the work.

The Department reserves the right to reject any and all of the bids should it be deemed for the interests of the Government so to do.

Bids to be inclosed in a sealed envelope, indorsed "Proposals for Stylobate Finish and Counter for Banking-room," and addressed to the Supervising Architect, Treasury Department.

A. B. MULLETT,
Supervising Architect.

PROPOSALS.—SEALED PROPOSALS WILL be received at the County Treasurer's Office, No. 6 County Court-house, Brooklyn, until 12 o'clock M., on FRIDAY, Oct. 4, 1867, at which time and place they will be opened, for furnishing for the balance of the present fiscal year, for the Almshouse Department of the said County, 2,878 barrels wheat flour; 18,000 pounds coffee, mustard, pepper and starch; 66,000 pounds rice, lard, castile soap, codfish, mackerel, pork, &c.

Printed forms of proposal, containing all the necessary information, can be had at the offices of the Superintendents of the Poor, at the Almshouse, Flatbush, at the Court-house, Brooklyn, and at the corner of Union-av. and Meserole-st., E. D.

No other forms of proposal will be accepted.

JOHN MONTGOMERY,
JOSEPH ALTENBRAND,
Supply Committee.
ALMSHOUSE, Sept. 26, 1867.

PERSONAL.

DELTA.—TWO LETTERS FOR F. C. H., POST-office, Brooklyn, to-day. Important and immediate.
DELTA.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

A LADY FROM NEW-ENGLAND, HAVING had considerable experience in housekeeping, the care of young persons and of the aged and sick, also accustomed to sorting or revising manuscript for publication, is desirous of obtaining a lucrative situation in either capacity, in or near New-York City. The highest testimonials can be given. Address for one week A. L. G., 85th-st., near 11th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS PROFESSIONAL cook or housekeeper, by one who is thoroughly efficient in the management of all kinds of French and English cooking, or would go as head meat or pastry cook in a hotel or other large establishment; has the best reference from the first families; wages not so much an object as a good place. Can be seen this week. Call at No. 348 East 17th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—FOR A COMPETENT GERMAN young woman, a situation as first-class seamstress, or would go as nurse and seamstress, or as lady's maid; understands hair-dressing perfectly; city or country; best of references. Apply at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, No. 17 Stanton-st., (near Chrystie) between Bowery and Chrystie-st.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED FIRST waitress a situation in a private family; she is willing and obliging, and neat and tidy in her habits; is capable of taking any capacity in a private house; no objection to a boarding-house; best of City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 434 West 28th-st., near 9th-av.

WANTED—FOR A RESPECTABLE GERMAN girl, a situation as waitress, or would go as chambermaid and waitress; City or country; best of recommendations. Apply at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, No. 17 Stanton-st., near Chrystie, between Bowery and Chrystie-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE, competent, Down-eastern, American, Protestant lady as housekeeper in a first-class family, hotel or any respectable large establishment; understands her duty fully, and has the best of reference. Can be seen until engaged at 107 4th-av., between 11th and 12th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as seamstress, who is accustomed to all kinds of family sewing; operates on Wheeler & Wilson's machine, and would do light chamberwork; was thirteen years in her last place. Call at No. 285 7th-av., between 28th and 29th sts.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE girls, sisters; one as cook; the other as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and assist with washing and ironing; the best of City reference from their last place. Can be seen until engaged at No. 334 West 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN who thoroughly understands her business, as child's nurse; is a good plain sewer, or would assist with chamberwork; has best City reference from last place. Apply at No. 138 West 18th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as good cook, and capable of all its branches; no objection to go a short distance in the country; understands making butter; has good City reference. Call for two days at No. 23 Forsyth-st., between Division and Canal sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY A respectable Protestant young woman; satisfactory references; no objections to mind an invalid lady and do plain sewing. Can be seen at No. 6 West 14th-st. for two days; call at the basement door from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SMART, CAPABLE girl to do cooking, washing and ironing, or as general servant; will be found neat, respectful and economical, a good cook, an excellent washer and ironer and highly recommended. Apply at No. 121 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn. City or country.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN woman (Protestant) as infant's nurse; is fully competent to bring up an infant on the bottle, or would take care of an invalid lady; has no objection to go a short distance in the country; good City reference. Call in the store No. 408 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN (A PROTESTANT) of agreeable and attentive habits, a situation as chambermaid and to do plain sewing; best of reference from last employer. Address J. A. J., Box No. 140 *Times* Office, or call south corner of 3d and Willow sts., Hoboken, over store.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A GOOD GERMAN girl to do general housework, or as cook, washer and ironer; City or country. Apply at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, No. 17 Stanton-st., (near Chrystie,) between Bowery and Chrystie-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE young women; one as cook and the other as waitress, both understand their business perfectly and have the best of City references. Can be seen at their present employers, No. 111 East 19th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE young women; one as waitress, the other as first-class cook; understands baking and pastry; has best of City reference. Call at No. 109 West 15th-st. for two days, or until suited.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT person as child's nurse; can take care of a baby from its birth; would be willing to assist in chamberwork or plain sewing; the best of reference can be given. Can be seen at 217 East 40th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON A situation in a private family as chambermaid and waitress, or would do waiting only; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 131 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook by a Protestant girl; has the best City references; can make all kinds of jellies, pastries and desserts. Call at her present employer's, No. 14 10th-st., near 5th-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, to do chamberwork and assist with the washing and ironing, or chamberwork and plain sewing. Can be seen for two days at No. 150 West 10th-st., one door from Waverley-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; understands all the branches of cooking soups, meats, game, side-dishes, pastry and desserts; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 119 West 25th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN woman to take care of grown children and sew, or to take care of an invalid lady; wages not so much an object as a good home; the best of City references. Call in the confectionery, No. 299½ 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as laundress, or chambermaid and fine washer and ironer; has four years' reference from her last place. Call at No. 22 Harrison-st., between Greenwich and Hudson sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK OR nurse, in a private family, by a respectable Protestant woman, a native of Dublin, Ireland; would attend an invalid lady or gentleman; good references can be given. Call at No. 181 Elizabeth-st., near Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT person as first-class cook; understands her business thoroughly for hotel or first-class boarding-house; best of City reference given. Call at No. 150 7th-av., between 20th and 21st sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook in a private family; thoroughly understands her business; unquestionable City reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 259, corner 6th-av. and 18th-st. Entrance in 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A SEAMSTRESS, WHO UNDERSTANDS dressmaking, work by the day or week; good City reference. Call at No. 678 2d-av.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL A SITUATION as waitress or chambermaid, or to wait on a lady; the best of City reference. Call at No. 425 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A CHAMBERMAID AND FINE washer a situation; would take the place of chambermaid and waitress; best of references. Apply at Mrs. WHITFIELD'S, No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—BY TWO COMPETENT SERVANTS situations in one family in the City or country; one as cook and laundress; does up linens in style; an excellent baker; the other as thorough laundress and chambermaid. Call at No. 303 East 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WIDOW WOMAN, to cook, wash and iron; has six years' reference from her last place; has no incumbrance. Call at No. 46 2d-av., one door from the corner, Room No. 9, a new house.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO YOUNG women; one as maid, the other as first-class waitress; best of references. Call or address for two days No. 355 9th-av., corner of 32d-st. Inquire for Mrs. Nollmann.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR GENERAL housework by a good cook, washer and ironer; can take the place of chambermaid and waitress. Apply at Mrs. WHITFIELD'S, No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE girls, one as chambermaid or chambermaid and waitress; the other as nurse and seamstress; one has four and a half, the other two years' reference from last place. Call at No. 144 West 19th-st.

WANTED—IN COUNTRY OR CITY, BY A PROTESTANT cook, washer and ironer, and by a Protestant chambermaid and waitress, situations together; best of references. Apply at Mrs. WHITFIELD'S, No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl, with a good recommendation from her last place, as chambermaid and seamstress; can do waiting; would prefer the country. Call from 10 to 4 o'clock at No. 229 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook, by a Protestant woman, (Scotch;) understands boning, larding, all kinds of soups, pastries, &c.; best City recommendations. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 330 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN COUNTRY OR City by a Scotch Protestant cook who is a good meat and pastry cook and bread maker; understands the care of milk and butter. Apply at Mrs. WHITFIELD'S, No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT nurse; is also capable of taking care of an infant; can give the best of reference of 3½ years from her last place. Call for two days at No. 104 East 28th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A HEAD MEAT and pastry cook; understands ice-creams, jellies, and all kinds of cakes, bakes all sorts of hot bread for breakfast; would like a hotel or first-class boarding-house; good reference. Call at No. 384 Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as lady's maid and seamstress; understands hairdressing and cutting and fitting children's clothes; has the best City recommendations. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 330 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT girl as cook; would help with the washing and ironing; first-class City references. Can be seen at No. 339 1st-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE young woman to do light chamberwork and plain sewing, or act as nursery governess; best reference. Call at No. 341 West 26th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PERSON, A situation as infant's nurse; is competent to take charge of a baby from its birth. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 19 West 31st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as nurse; is accustomed to the care of a baby from one month old. Can be seen at No. 16 West 19th-st.

WANTED—BY A WOMAN OF EXPERIENCE a situation as nurse; can take charge of a baby from its birth, or as chambermaid; is competent to fill either situation. Call or address No. 14 East 11th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and to assist at the washing or to do the general work of a small family. Inquire at No. 328 East 22d-st., between 1st and 2d avs.; good reference given.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl a situation as chambermaid and assist in waiting. Call at No. 148 East 22d-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL to do chamberwork and assist in washing and ironing. Call at No. 537 3d-av.; can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and waitress; has the best of City reference. Inquire at No. 147 7th-av.

WANTED—A SEAMSTRESS' SITUATION by an American Protestant woman; can operate on the machine; would take care of grown children and assist with chamberwork if required. Can be seen at No. 154 Grand-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, lately landed, to do general housework in a small private family, or to mind children. Can be seen for two days at No. 247 West 17th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., in the basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERMAN girl to do general housework. Apply at No. 224 Chrystie-st., between Stanton and Houston sts., near the Bowery, first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE German girl as waitress in a private boarding-house; can speak English fluently. Can be seen for two days at the Union Hotel, No. 411 East Houston-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as waitress; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing in a small private family. Call for two days at No. 67 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN to cook, wash and iron; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 46 West 30th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN a situation as nurse and seamstress, to growing children; or lady's maid. Can be seen for two days at No. 335 6th-av., corner 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family as first-class waitress in the City; has the best of City reference. Call or address No. 504 6th-av., near 30th-st., fourth floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; the best of City reference. Call at No. 206 East 26th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY A young girl with the best of City recommendations; can take charge of an infant from its birth; is also a good seamstress. Apply at No. 320 4th-av., near 24th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO YOUNG girls, one as cook, the other to assist in the washing and ironing; best of references. Call at No. 134 West 25th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUATION as first-class laundress; can give the best of City reference from her present employer. Call at No. 18 West 10th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., from 10 to 12.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED SCOTCH woman to ladies' and gentlemen's fine washing at home, and understands fluting, or will go out by the day. No. 276 West 12th-st.

WANTED.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL WISHES a situation in a small private family to do general housework; good City reference from her last place. Call at No. 85 6th-av., second floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as seamstress; has no objections to do light chamber work; has good references from her last place. Call at No. 159 West 27th-st., Room No. 5.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LADY'S MAID; understands all styles of hair-dressing; first-class City reference. Call at No. 129 1st-av., between 8th and 9th sts., top floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN to do chamberwork and ladies' fine washing, or chamberwork and plain sewing; City reference. Call at No. 1,385 Broadway, corner 40th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN, a situation as seamstress and to assist with the care of children; first-class City reference given. Apply at No. 239 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A situation as cook; thoroughly understands her business; has good references. Call for two days at No. 201 West 25th-st., corner of 8th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl as chambermaid and waitress; also a good cook; will assist with the washing; both have City reference. Can be seen at No. 93 West 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, in a private family, as chambermaid and waitress; has the best of City reference from last place. Call at No. 109 West 39th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY FROM CANADA a situation as seamstress; understands all branches of dress-making. Call Thursday and Friday, at No. 112 West 15th-st., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as laundress; she thoroughly understands her business; good City and country references. Call for two days at No. 201 West 25th-st., corner 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as nurse and seamstress, or to do chamberwork and sewing. Can be seen for two days at No. 249 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs. Best City references.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS who understands French fluting; a situation. Apply at Mrs. WHITFIELD'S, No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NEAT COMPETENT woman in a private family or boarding house as a first-class cook; has good reference. Call or address GOOD COOK, at No. 69 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE middle-aged woman as nurse; understands the care of an infant; no objections to the country; is well recommended. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 330 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN, with two years' reference from her last place in this City, as nurse and chambermaid, or chambermaid and waitress. Can be seen at No. 242 West 15th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PROTESTANT girl a situation as cook and to assist in washing and ironing; best of reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 45 3d-av., near 10th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman to cook and assist in the washing and ironing; has good City reference from her last situation. Can be seen at No. 237 East 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as waitress and chambermaid, or to take care of children; willing to make herself useful. Call at No. 367 6th-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GERMAN young woman; is a good cook, washer, ironer and general houseworker; City or country. Can be seen at No. 106 6th-av., between 8th and 9th sts.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO COMPETENT young women; one as first-class cook, the other as waitress; best of City reference. Call at No. 115 West 19th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook in a small private family. Can be seen for two days at her present employer's, Nos. 63 (old number) 57 (new number) West 37th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—BY AN INTELLIGENT YOUNG person, a situation as housekeeper for an elderly lady; can refer to her last employer. Address HOUSE-KEEPER, Williamsburgh Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG Protestant girl as chambermaid and waitress, or plain sewer; good City reference. Call at No. 384 Bowery; second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as waitress, or waitress and chambermaid; has good reference. Call at 104 West 32d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as chambermaid and seamstress. Call at No. 257 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman to cook, wash and iron; best of reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 232 East 22d-st.

WANTED—A BABY TO NURSE, BY A LADY who lost her baby in her confinement; will be taken good care of. Apply at No. 187 Lewis-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT person as first-class waitress; best of City reference. Call at No. 50 East 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as nurse and plain sewer; has good City reference. Call at No. 398 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS laundress; has first-class reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 17 East 11th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL A SITUATION as chambermaid or waitress; is fond of children. Inquire at No. 27 West 28th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN A situation as cook. Can be seen for two days at No. 39 13th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A SITuation as chambermaid and seamstress. Can be seen for two days at No. 11 5th-st., in the rear building.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and to assist at washing, by a respectable female; good references given. Call at No. 490 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS waitress; best of City reference. Call at No. 146 East 27th-st., between 3d and Lexington avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS laundress; good City reference. Call at No. 299½ 6th-av.

MRS. McLAUGHLIN WANTS WASHING to do at her own house, or to go out by the day; best of reference. No. 336 East 32d-st., third floor, front room.

GOOD SERVANTS, GERMAN GIRLS, &C., ready for City and country, for families, hotels, boarding-houses, &c., immediately, at the oldest and best American Servants' Institute, No. 106 6th-av., between 8th and 9th sts. Wages, &c., &c., moderate to suit all.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY an Englishman, single, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; has the best of City reference from his last employer. Call at or address Stilling's harness-store, No. 35 West 29th-st., for two days.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN, NOT USING HIS horses through the Winter, wishes to find a situation for his coachman. He is thoroughly competent, industrious, and will be highly recommended. Address E. C. L., Box No. 2,068 Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY A respectable man in a private family or a respectable boarding-house; no objection to go to the country; good references from his last place. Address J. D., Box No. 220 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a first-class man, and is a thorough horseman; unexceptionable City references from last and former employers. Address J. B., Box No. 217 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a young man who thoroughly understands his business, and is well acquainted with the City; has good City and country reference. Address T. C., Box No. 192 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young man as coachman; can furnish the best of reference for town and country. Call, for two days, on SULLIVAN, RANDOLPH & BUDD, No. 38 Park-place, or J. B. C., No. 5 East 28th-st., private stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener by a single, sober man; thoroughly understands driving, the care and treatment of horses and carriages; has the best of City reference. Address J. M., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a respectable single man of long experience; best of City reference is given for honesty, sobriety and capability. To be seen or address M. C., at No. 744 Broadway, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY an experienced Protestant man, who thoroughly understands the care and management of horses. Call or address No. 79 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS PRIVATE coachman; has the best of City references; has lived five years in his last place; is willing and obliging. Can be seen at No. 160 East 23d-st., in the private stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; has no objection to the country; is a single man, willing and obliging; has the best of reference. Can be seen at No. 132 East 23d-st., in the private stable.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as coachman or groom in a gentleman's family; understands his business and will be useful; is an honest and temperate man. Call on MICHAEL, at present employer's, No. 126 Front-st., near Wall, New-York, or address H. I. C., Box No. 202 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A LANDSCAPE AND GARDENER, to take charge of a gentleman's place in Winter; would improve the grounds; can build rock-work, rustic-work, chairs, tables, vases, flower stands, baskets, &c.; first-class references. Address F. McDONALD, Esq., No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York.

WANTED—BY A MAN AND WIFE, WITHOUT children, situations; the man as general useful man, understanding the care of horses and cattle; his wife as good cook and laundress, understanding the care of milk and butter; good reference if required. Address T. B., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by an Englishman, aged twenty-six, who thoroughly understands the care and management of horses in health or disease; can break young horses. Address J. H. G., care of D. Kaercher, boot and shoe maker, Bergen-st., near Carlton-av., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a respectable young man; no objection to City or country; willing and obliging; the best of City references and high recommendations from last employer for three years. Address HORSE, Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A MAN OF RESPECTABILITY, (Protestant) a situation as coachman; four years' recommendation from present employer, who can be seen at any time. Address COACHMAN, private stable, No. 232 West 40th-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS PROTESTANT coachman, a situation; is a good driver and understands his business thoroughly; has good recommendations. Address B. H., Box 217 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as porter, waiter or bar-tender; references from last place. Address JOHN CATON, Station A, Spring-st., New-York.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG ENGLISHMAN, A situation as attendant on an invalid gentleman; best City reference; no objection to country. Address H. M., Station G, for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG man a situation as coachman; thoroughly understands his business; good City and country reference. Address J. K., Box No. 218 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE American man as coachman; thoroughly understands his business; best of City reference. Address C. M., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN MAN, A SITuation as coachman; thoroughly understands the business, and can give the best of City references. Inquire at Lowden's, No. 79 Bleecker-st.

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HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN as waitress, and to assist in the care of two children; must understand waiting, and have good City references. Apply at No. 30 West 37th-st.

WANTED—A LAD OF ABOUT 15 YEARS OF age in the office of a banker and broker; one who resides with his parents, writes a good hand, is quick at figures, and desires to be educated for the business. Applicants will address (in their own hand writing,) Post-Office Box No. 5,664, giving full particulars.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, TWO girls; one to cook, wash and iron, and do the kitchen work; the other to do chamberwork and take care of children; City reference. Apply, after 9, at No. 144 West 36th-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT MARRIED MAN to serve as coachman in the country, a short distance from the City; must understand the care of cows, horses and poultry. Apply at No. 47 East 27th-st., for two days, between the hours of 8 and 12 A. M.

WANTED—A FRENCH WOMAN AS CHILD'S nurse, to accompany a family to Europe. Apply for two days, from 11 until 12 o'clock, at the Fifth-av. Hotel, Room No. 296.

WANTED—A COLORED MAN (UNMARRIED) as vegetable gardener and groom. Apply from 10 to 12 o'clock at No. 171 Broadway, Room No. 11. CARLTON & SMITH.

WANTED—BY A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY two girls; one as first-class cook, the other as laundress; must have good City recommendation. Apply at No. 148 West 34th-st.

WANTED—A NURSE TO TAKE CARE OF AN infant and attend to two children. Call, with references, at No. 266 Madison-av.; basement door.

WANTED—TWO CABINET MAKERS. NONE but first-class hands need apply between 7 and 8 A. M. at R. HOE & CO.'S, No. 31 Gold-st.

WANTED—A GIRL AS GOOD PLAIN WASHer and ironer and chambermaid. Call after 9 o clock A. M. at No. 48 West 15th-st., basement door.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.

PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, safe and healthy. They cannot fail in any case. Price $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.

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Dr. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, 129 Liberty-st., N. Y., or sent by mail, free of postage.

CONFIDENTIAL MEDICAL AND SURGICAL Consultations.—R. COBBETT, M. D., member of the N. Y. University Medical College, and R. C. Surgeons, London, can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his office, No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place; from a long and extended practice of over 30 years in the above specialty, he is enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. N. B.—Dr. C. gives special attention to the treatment of strictures, nervous and general debility, and all their complications.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED BY DR. KENNEDY, No. 191 Stanton-st., in less time than any other, or no pay. Thousands elsewhere ruined, are by Dr. KENNEDY satisfactorily, perfectly cured. A cure in from 1 to 5 days of Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Syphilis, and all venereal diseases, without mercury. Dr. KENNEDY'S remedies are the only medicines on earth to cure certain diseases. Hasten to DR. KENNEDY, No. 191 Stanton-st. Consultations at all hours.

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JOHN K. HOPPEL.

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MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE in the City to purchase Marble Mantels of the latest designs, at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, No. 134 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York, mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1867.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st. and Irving-place.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, FAUST. Characters by Miss Minnie A. Hauck, Mme. Natali Testa, S. Anastasi, Bellini, Antonucci, Sand, Kruger and C. Marvig.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, MEG'S DIVERSION and THE LATEST EDITION OF BLACK-EYED SUSAN. Characters by Messrs. J. Gilbert, B. T. Ringgold, A. W. Young, J. B. Polk, J. W. Leonard, Miss Clara Jennings, Mrs. W. Winter, Miss Annie Ward.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, RIP VAN WINKLE. Characters by Messrs. Jefferson, Davidge, Fox, Hind, Marlowe, Wallace, Miss Foote, Miss Jefferson, Mrs. Hind, Mrs. Edmunds, Misses Lee, Harrison, Wallace, Simmons, McCormack.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Broadway, near 8th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, UNDER THE GAS LIGHT. Characters by Messrs. A. H. Davenport, J. K. Mortimer, J. B. Studley, Welsh, Edwards, James Dunn, C. T. Parsloe, H. Ryner, Miss Rose Eytynge, Miss Blanche Grey, Mrs. Skerrett, Mrs. Wright, and others.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, an original and grand spectacular Drama, entitled THE BLACK CROOK.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE,
24th-st., 5th-av. and Broadway.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, LA DIAVOLO; Or, THE BEAUTY AND THE BRIGAND and TOO MUCH FOR GOOD NATURE. Characters by the company.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, near Broome-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, THE GLADIATOR. Edwin Forrest as Spartacus.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
THIS AFTERNOON at 2 1-2 and EVENING at 8, PALE JANET; or THE TRAGEDY OF RED MARSH FARM. LARGE COLLECTION OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS; LIVING GORILLA, and 300,000 CURIOSITIES.

BANVARD'S MUSEUM.
Corner of Broadway and 30th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, DEVIL'S AUCTION; OR, THE GOLDEN BRANCH. Curiosities from all parts of the world.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE.
14th-st., near 6th-av.
GRAND EXHIBITION OF NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS.

MUSEUM OF PHRENOLOGY.
No. 389 Broadway.
THIS DAY, PHRENOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS.

BUNYAN HALL.
Union Square.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, THE PILGRIM, and PAINTINGS BY EMINENT ARTISTS.

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We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

The Cable dispatches announce that the late outbreak in the Papal Province of Viterbo, Italy, in the interest of GARIBALDI, had not been quelled, as was reported. On the contrary, the small town of Aquapendente had been captured by the insurgents, who held all the roads leading to it. The commander of the Pope's forces had called upon the Government for immediate assistance, but Italy refused to comply with the request. The revolt is pronounced to be of a serious character, and at the same time the friendly relations between Italy and France are threatened with an interruption.

Letters and documents have been published at Pesth to prove that in 1849 LOUIS KOSSUTH was intriguing with the Russian Government.

Gen. LERSUNDI has been appointed Captain-General of the Island of Cuba, and will enter upon the duties of his office immediately upon his arrival at Havana.

It is announced that many of the Fenian convicts who have been confined in jails in England and Ireland are to be sent to Australia to serve out the terms of their sentences.

GENERAL.

Our West India correspondence embodies the latest advices from Havana, St. Domingo and Porto Rico. Capt.-Gen. MANZANO's obsequies were celebrated with great pomp on the morning of the 26th. Our correspondent asserts that a military draft is about to be enforced throughout the Island. The American bark *Elizabeth E. Jones* foundered at sea on the 9th of September. Her captain, after being tossed on the waves some days, was rescued by a Spanish brig. A horrible murder was committed on a plantation at Maunabo by negro slaves, who killed their overseer and mutilated his body in a most barbarous manner. The news from Porto Rico sets forth that a damaging rain-storm had nearly destroyed the crops in the vicinity of Ponce and Peñuelas. Advices from St. Domingo, dated Sept. 14, announce the adjournment of Congress after the adoption of the treaty with Hayti.

Our Mexican correspondence, received by way of Havana, comprises Vera Cruz dates to the 20th ult. The only important news is that which relates to the intended establishment of a colony on the Mexican side of the Rio Colorado, for the supposed purpose of preventing the United States authorities from appropriating to its use the waste lands in that vicinity. Gen. CORONA and MARQUEZ are to see to the execution of the plans of organization.

We return our thanks to Mr. JOHN E. HUERTAS, the gentlemanly Purser of the steamship *Eagle*, for the prompt delivery of our Havana correspondence and files.

A serious riot occurred in Jefferson City, La., on Saturday, the second day of the election. The difficulty is reported to have commenced by an altercation between a white man and a black man, ensuing in a general *mêlée*, in which revolvers and other firearms were freely used. The result was the serious wounding of two whites and four negroes. Two or three of the policemen were also wounded. The military were called upon for assistance, and they soon succeeded in quelling the disturbance. It is asserted that the negroes appeared to be fully prepared for an encounter, and that as soon as the disturbance commenced they repaired to their residences, and returned armed with all sorts of weapons, which they used freely.

On Saturday last some Revenue Officers in Philadelphia attempted to seize some illicit whisky stills in the suburbs of the city, but were driven off by a mob. Yesterday an increased force of officers proceeded to the spot and seized several stills, and were bearing them off in triumph when they were set upon by a crowd of men and women, who recovered the stills, and with bricks, clubs and stones again drove off the officers. A Deputy-Marshal was severely injured by a variety of missiles, and one of the rioters was shot in the head.

Senator FRELINGHUYSEN, in a speech at Newark on Wednesday evening, in speaking of the public debt, said that this generation ought never to attempt to pay a dollar of the principal of it. The next generation will be larger in number and in wealth, and a burden that would break the back of one man can be borne easily by two.

The Washington correspondent of the Boston *Journal* says that the President has ordered the pardons of ALEX H. STEPHENS and R. M. T. HUNTER, who was Ex-rebel Secretary of State, to be made out, and that the documents will be signed in a day or two.

Hon. THOMAS E. NOELL, Member of Congress from Missouri, who has been dangerously ill at St. Louis, for some time, died yesterday morning in that city.

LOCAL.

An interesting *habeas corpus* proceeding before Judge BLATCHFORD was brought to a close yesterday. The petitioner was a man named HAMILTON who had been arrested in Philadelphia as a deserter from the army. He denied that he was the man who was enlisted at the time when it was claimed that he was. The Judge, however, on hearing the testimony had no doubt that he was the man and remanded him to custody. During the proceeding a statement was made to the Court by the District-Attorney in answer to some remarks made by the District-Attorney in Philadelphia before one of the Courts there in which he charged the officials here with having, by a writ of *habeas corpus ad testificandum*, had Capt. BROWN a prisoner, who was held by a Pennsylvania Court for contempt, brought to New-York to testify in this case, and then procured his discharge at the hands of one of our State Courts. Mr. COURTNEY declared that he was entirely ignorant of the matter and that the result of it was owing to the neglect of the Pennsylvania officer, who came on with the prisoner, to communicate with him. Judge BLATCHFORD said that the action of the State Court was of no effect and directed the Marshal to return BROWN to Philadelphia.

The Union Republican General Committee held a meeting at their rooms, corner of Twenty-second-street and Broadway, last evening. Provision was made for the holding of primary meetings for the election of delegates to the County, Judiciary, Senatorial and Assembly Conventions, and arrangements were entered upon for the calling of a mass meeting at the Cooper Institute at an early day. A resolution disapproving of the act of the Fire Commissioners preventing firemen from participating in political meetings, and approving of Commissioner ABBE's course in voting against the measure, was referred to the Executive Committee.

The German Radical Republican Committee held a meeting last evening at Germania Hall, at which the report of the delegates to Syracuse was submitted, and a resolution disapproving the Excise and Sabbath observance laws was adopted.

The Police made a descent yesterday upon the alleged gambling-house at the southeast corner of Ann and Nassau streets, arrested GEORGE CRAWFORD, who kept the place, and eighteen others, and seized the gaming table, cards and other property used in playing faro. CRAWFORD and his dealer were held to bail. The rest were fined $10.

The last two passenger cars of the 8:40 A. M. Washington train on the New-Jersey Railroad were thrown from the track by a mail-bag that accidentally fell on it yesterday in Jersey City. They demolished the gate-keeper's house and did other damage to property, but no person was injured.

The bark *Eliza Barss*, loaded with cotton, was entirely consumed while lying at Pier No. 21 North River yesterday. About fifty head of cattle and a large number of sheep were smothered or burned to death.

Breadstuffs were in quite active demand yesterday, especially Flour, Wheat and Oats, which were much dearer. Provisions were less active; Pork was lower and Lard less buoyant. Cotton was heavy and cheaper. Groceries were firm. Freights tamer.

The Coming Election—Reconstruction in Issue.

Naturally enough, the Democratic State Convention seeks to bring State and local issues into the foreground in the pending canvass. The attempt will not succeed. The thing cannot be done. This, on some accounts, is greatly to be regretted, for there are many questions connected with State politics of great importance, which demand prompt and decisive decisions. But, from the necessity of the case, they must be postponed.

The RESTORATION OF THE UNION is the main question before the country, and must so remain until it is finally decided. The great, paramount, imperative want of the country is a restored and reconstructed Union. Until we have it, we are but half a nation. Nothing is complete while the Union is incomplete. No question can be permanently settled so long as that great question is unsettled. We can have no unity of national action,—no harmony of political sentiment,—no common aspirations, common hopes, common interests or common feelings, so long as ten or twelve States are out of the Union,—having no share in the Government which rests on the will of the governed,—mere subject provinces, obeying laws they have no share in making, and accepting policies and regulations forced upon them at the point of the bayonet. So long as this state of things lasts, the whole country is in an unnatural state of political dislocation. Public sentiment everywhere is demoralized by it. The old maxims and sentiments of Republican freedom lose their force, and gradually cease to have meaning or importance, and the country insensibly drifts into a political indifference which saps all true freedom and renders regulated, constitutional liberty impossible. Commerce dies, industry in every department languishes and the vigor and bounding prosperity which once distinguished the country, disappear.

Reconstruction—the practical restoration of the Union, and the resumption of all its old beneficent functions—is the imperative necessity of the hour. Whatever in the coming election will promote and forward *that*, should be supported—whatever will hinder and retard it, must be resisted and defeated.

The Congressional plan of reconstruction is the only one now before the country—the only one by which the Southern States can resume their place and *status* in the Union. It is open to many objections; it inflicts many injuries; it opens many sources of peril to the political future of the South and of the country. *But it is that, or nothing.* It is the only plan under which the South can resume the exercise of political power. It is the only gate open for their return to the Union. And we deem it of the utmost importance that the Southern States should avail themselves of it at the earliest possible moment. When they are once again within the Union, they come again into the possession and exercise of political power. They sit in Congress. They can speak on their own behalf—advocate their own interests—vindicate their own rights, and have a voice in the decision of their own fate. Until that time they are utterly helpless,—unable to lift a finger or say a word for themselves,—the mere victims of a power utterly alien to them,—footballs of communities and parties which care neither for their interests nor their claims, but seek only their own.

How are the Southern States to get into the Union if not by compliance with the Congressional plan? The President's plan may have been better in its day,—but its day is past. It is as dead as the rescripts of the Cæsars. If it had been adopted when it was first proposed,—if immediately on the close of the war the conquering North had come forward and in a spirit of magnanimous and self-reliant generosity, had tendered to the conquered South prompt readmission to the Union they had in vain sought to break in two,—free restoration to all the rights and privileges of the Constitution they had vainly endeavored to overthrow,—we believe that long ere this the whole country would have been at peace,—the principles vindicated and the measures established during the war would have been adopted as the basis of the national policy, and we should have been in a much more prosperous and promising condition than we are at present.

But that is among the things of the past. The time is gone by when its adoption is either possible or desirable. The effect of adopting it now would be very different from what would have been the effect of adopting it two years ago. The South is in a very different mood, and so is the North. What the South would then have regarded and accepted as a generous concession, would now be taken as having been wrested from a reluctant but powerless North. It would exasperate instead of conciliate. The North, too, has made many demands since that time which it could not now waive without seeming to abandon, from lack of power to enforce them. The whole aspect of political affairs has changed, and it is an absolute necessity of the case that the policy of the country should change with them. Any attempt now to go back to the policy of 1865,—to the policy which Mr. LINCOLN proposed and which Mr. JOHNSON's Administration adopted and sought to carry out, would be utterly vain and hopeless. We might as well go back to 1850 as to 1860,—as well try to base the administration of public affairs on the policy of JACKSON or TAYLOR as on that of JOHNSON and SEWARD. The country has got beyond that, and can never, from the nature of the case, go back to it.

Yet a Democratic victory in New-York this Fall would be at once interpreted as the sign and symptom of such a reaction. The Democrats would so regard it. They would hail it as an unmistakable proof of their speedy return to power and of the adoption of their policy in the councils of the nation. It would be the reaction from CROMWELL, which was certain to bring back the second CHARLES;—the symptom of Waterloo, the sure prelude of the restoration of the Bourbons, with all their shattered maxims and worn-out usages of the olden time. President JOHNSON would, honestly and sincerely we do not doubt, regard such a result as proof positive that the country was coming to its senses,—that the reconstruction plan of Congress had been thrown aside, and that the country was now ready to take up his plan which it discarded two years ago, and admit the South *now* on the terms and in the way which were *then* proposed.

Such a result would be, in our judgment, an immeasurable calamity. It would delay actual, practical reconstruction for at least ten years, and would even then effect it, if at all, under an infinite exasperation of public passion, and at the cost of some of the most valuable and important principles established by the war. It would make restoration when accomplished,—not the generous and graceful work of those by whom the Union was saved from destruction, but the practical victory of those who sought its overthrow. It would renew and prolong the contest in regard to equal rights,—stimulate the disaffected portion and parties of the country to fresh agitations and still more exorbitant claims, and prolong the confusion and turmoil of political factions, which have already proved so disastrous to the peace, and so perilous to the political prospects, of the country.

Every consideration of the public good demands the continued retention of the State of New-York in the ranks of the Republican Party. The time will soon come when the many wrongs and excesses of that party can be corrected and brought under healthful control;—but for the present all these considerations must yield to the higher claim,—to the more urgent necessity, of bringing about at the earliest possible moment, the practical Reconstruction of the Union.

Habeas Corpus Complications and State Comity.

If the applications to the Courts for writs of *habeas corpus* in behalf of soldiers seeking to be discharged from the service often brought up such legal complications as are shown in HAMILTON's case, a full report of which we publish this morning, we should not be surprised if the Government should do everywhere what Gen. SCHOFIELD did in Richmond, and refuse to bring up soldiers in obedience to the writs when issued. But such complications are certainly not frequent.

It seems that HAMILTON was arrested in Philadelphia, in August last, as a deserter, and was brought here for trial. On his arrest, a *habeas corpus* was issued by one of the State Courts in Philadelphia, directed to Capt. BROWN, who had him in charge. He either could not or would not produce him, and the result was that that Court sent Capt. BROWN to prison for contempt. In the meantime HAMILTON, being brought here, obtained another *habeas corpus* from the United States District Court in this City, and in the proceedings upon it undertook to prove that he was not the man who enlisted under the name of HAMILTON. The decision of the Court has been given against him on this question of fact, and he has been remanded to take his trial as a deserter.

But in these proceedings another proceeding was interpolated. Capt. BROWN's testimony was wanted here, and Capt. BROWN could not come here to give it, being in prison for contempt of Court in Philadelphia. Whereupon another writ was issued by the United States Court here commanding the keeper of the prison to produce BROWN here to give his evidence. The keeper accordingly sent him on in charge of an officer. No sooner had he arrived than he too undertook to play at the same game, and had a writ of *habeas corpus* procured from Judge CARDOZO directed to the Philadelphia officer to bring BROWN before him to find out how he was held in custody. The officer either did not know enough to return that he was held under the writ of the United States Court here, or did not care to take any trouble about it, and as the Pennsylvania writ had no validity here, Judge CARDOZO of course discharged BROWN, and away went the officer back to Philadelphia to tell his story.

Thereupon the Philadelphia District-Attorney, in high dudgeon, stated the case to his Court, and charged our officials with getting BROWN out of their custody by a trick, and talked about our United States District-Attorney COURTNEY in a very unpleasant way. Mr. COURTNEY's attention being called to this, he took occasion to bring the matter before the United States Court to clear his skirts in the matter, which he did very thoroughly by stating that he knew nothing of this discharge of BROWN, the Pennsylvania officer never having communicated with him about it. He would have done still better, perhaps, if he had spared some of his hard words against the Pennsylvania gentlemen. The District-Attorney there was naturally vexed at losing a prisoner in a way like that, and the officer who had BROWN in charge, though he ought of course to have communicated with Mr. COURTNEY, may perhaps be excused for thinking that it would not avail him, when he found the same gentleman who represented the Government in the Hamilton case representing Capt. BROWN before Judge CARDOZO. That gentleman must, we think, feel that he also made a mistake in his action on behalf of BROWN.

However, we trust that no serious consequences will result to the peace and good-fellowship which should always prevail between Philadelphia and New-York, in spite of the hard words which have been used on both sides. Judge BLATCHFORD's action certainly ought to satisfy the irate Philadelphians, for he held that his writ, under which BROWN was brought on, was not affected by the action of Judge CARDOZO, and that since the Philadelphia keeper had left his charge here, the Marshal must take him and carry him safely back where he came from. So that we do not see that the Philadelphians will have suffered any damage, unless the theory which Mr. COURTNEY suggested was the true one, viz., that having found Capt. BROWN something of an elephant on their hands, they had cunningly contrived this course to get rid of him, without having their State pride injured or their love for the National Government wounded in a conflict between the State and national authorities over his body. If this was their hope they will be wofully disappointed by his return.

MINOR TOPICS.

We are not surprised to find it stated, though not in the quarters most likely to give it weight, that the President denies the remarks attributed to him as to the course he will pursue if an attempt should be made to impeach and remove him from office. We never believed he had made them. As we have more than once said, the President is not likely to take any position so clearly in violation of his duty and in defiance of the law as the one attributed to him. As we suggested at the outset, the whole story which attributes to him any purpose or thought of an armed resistance to the law, or interference with Congress, is undoubtedly a bold invention intended for effect in the coming elections.

The Hartford *Post* thinks that the very act of impeachment suspends the office impeached—that the President will be suspended from office the moment the House of Representatives, "which is the grand jury of indictment," impeaches him before the Senate. Did the *Post* ever hear of any one being punished upon indictment and before conviction? All the precedents of our history are against its view; officers have been impeached often by the House of Representatives, but never suspended during trial. Such a rule would put it in the power of the House always to get rid of a President whom, for party or other reasons, they did not like. If any such thing is to be done it must be in pursuance of a law yet to be enacted.

We guess that there is some exaggeration about the telegraphic news from Italy this morning. It is quite likely that the Garibaldian riots which have been breaking out in different parts of Itality since the Liberator's arrest a few days ago, have extended to the Papal territories; but it hardly seems possible, considering the relations of the Pope with the King of Italy, and considering the King's treaty engagement with regard to the Pope, that the one has asked assistance from the other, which has been refused. But if these things be so, the revolutionary uprisings must be much more serious than we have thus far been informed, and PIUS IX must have been reduced to extremities calculated to drive him to the last resort. Or, on the other hand, the Pope may have put his demand in such a way as to necessitate refusal, so as to give NAPOLEON a good excuse for sending back to Rome the French troops whom he has been holding in readiness. There are evidently dangers and complications connected with the Roman question, which will cause the news to be looked for with deep interest.

The public doubtless understands the reason of the tremendous pressure brought to bear upon the Government at Washington to control appointments in the Internal Revenue service. The salary of these places is about $3,500; but they are pursued with an eagerness which shows their real value to be rated at as many thousands. It is very well understood that a sharp Collector can make the place worth $100,000 a year, and the sharpest men are therefore the most earnest applicants. This very fact of an intense anxiety for the place may be very safely taken as conclusive proof that the applicant is unfit for it.

A good deal is said in the way of censure concerning the publication of letters recommending or opposing candidates for office. Some have been published addressed to the President, and now others are brought out written by him. We do not see how such letters can be considered private. They are addressed to public officers, and relate wholly to public affairs. They go upon file in the proper departments, and are part of the archives and public records of the Government. If it is understood, as it should be, that those who write such letters must expect to be held responsible for them, it may make them a little more careful than they are apt to be.

Mrs. LINCOLN has authorized the publication of her letters to her broker in this City, intended to stimulate him to the prompt sale of the articles of personal property which she had sent him for that purpose. The letters are now published, partly to advertise the sale and partly to stimulate individual buyers. The exhibition is not one which is calculated greatly to elevate the public ideas of propriety and good taste, but we hope the publication may attain the object it was intended to serve.

The *North American Review's* thesis on the effect of "Marriage upon Literature," is creating a profound revulsion in favor of celibacy among the more inordinately ambitious of literary young men. By the examples of PLATO, ARISTOPHANES, ANACREON, LUCRETIUS, VIRGIL, HORACE, VOLTAIRE, ROUSSEAU, SWIFT, POPE, BERANGER, IRVING, and divers and sundry other literary bachelors, the article seems to infer that marriage is not favorable to literary success, and that celibacy is. Among the fledgling poets and incipient philosophers of the day, this doctrine will have a bad effect. It will throw college youth and newspaper contributors into a dilemma of despair. Which of the lovely twain shall be resigned—Muse or Matilda Jane? On the other hand, some married knights of the quill have now found out a satisfactory solution to their great "life-problem"—namely, why it is that they are not the Homers, Bacons, Dantes, Beethovens, Gœthes they had once supposed they should be. Clearly enough, because of the fatal marital bond tying them down to earth, and forbidding their souls to soar. Samson and Delilah, Heracles and Omphale, are nothing to the slavish service of these mute Miltons, spoiled Shakespeares, bud-nipped Burkes. "A young man married," they sigh, "is a young man marred." It is appalling to reflect what a crop of geniuses we might have on every hand but for the nuptial knot. Let daft and cross-brained husbands take this for consolation.

Why do we go abroad for miracles in the healing art, and lavish our applause on the Zouave Jacobs of foreign countries, when here, indigenous on our soil, we have marvels in therapeutics and Yankee prodigies among physicians? Such a prodigy announces himself in a neighboring city (we must decline to give the person's name except at the usual advertising rates) as a "psychometric and magnetic physician." His art he somewhat mysteriously calls a "New unfolding of Spirit Power." In other words, being a psychometric physician, he is a kind of spirit meter, as the dealers in alcohol would say. He is "developed to cure diseases by drawing the disease upon himself." Here we learn that, as the poet is "born," so the psychometric physician is "developed." And a very philanthropic as well as psychometric man he must be, to kindly take upon himself all other peoples' diseases. A man of that sort must have a fine original constitution, and must be born at least to die of hanging or drowning. His "soul-measuring" capacities must be nothing compared with his self-sacrifice and his appetite for maladies. But this is not all. He is developed (or "newly unfolded in spirit power") to draw diseases upon himself "at any distance; can examine persons, tell how they feel, where and what their disease is, at the same time." Here is a new feature. He can tell "how his patients feel." This is very important to the patient, in case he should not feel sure how he felt himself. "Thirty exercises to draw disease at a distance, $10; manipulations, $2 each. Treats patients at a distance by letter by inclosing the sum, giving your name and address." We hope he treats distant patients better than he does the King's English. We also beg him, for the sake of humanity, to take care of his own precious health, and when he draws all sorts of diseases upon himself, at least to "draw them mild."

AMUSEMENTS.

Steinway Hall.

Mr. HARRISON's concerts become more and more interesting as they proceed. The pieces of vocalism at the entertainment last evening were more numerous than on the occasion of the opening. Mme. ACKERMANN, who made her *début* in America, was very generously received, and in the aria from "Faust" and the song by GUMPERT displayed her proficiency in languages, as well as the best notes of a very agreeable voice. M. LEOPOLD DE METER repeated his "Greeting to America," and uttered for the first time a new fantasia for the piano, by himself, of course, called "A Souvenir d'Italie"—a piece full of poetic force and expression, and thoroughly appreciated by his audience. Another attractive feature of last evening's programme was the performance, by Mr. CARL ROSA, of themes for the violin from BELLINI and BEETHOVEN. The latter, by DE BERIOT, an elaborately-constructed affair, although reckoned among one of the De Beriot puzzles, in the hands of such a player as ROSA comes out with crystalline clearness. Mr. HILL's ballads were gems of singing. If it was necessary, however, to call up each artist who deserves a word of praise, and award it specially and formally, our task would be a long one. We must add to the foregoing, however, that Mr. THOMAS' orchestra maintained its reputation in the Schubert overture, and the taste of "Don Carlos" which was vouchsafed, in the "March," from that latest effort of the Verdian brain, and that Mr. THOMAS, in the exercise of his duties as musical director, was as zealous and indefatigable as ever.

Banvard's Museum—"The Devil's Auction."

"The Devil's Auction" is the name of a new spectacle produced for the first time at Banvard's Museum last night. It is a prose melo-drama in four acts, interspersed with singing and dancing. Of course the play itself is intended as a frame for pretty pictures of scenery and graceful motion; it tells the story of a young peasant girl whose vulgar old father has given her to a bad old Count for wife; of a young man in shabby clothes who loves the young girl of a servant maid, who is in love with a donkey which she has charge of, and of Cupid, the God of Love, who takes the lovers under his protection. The play further represents how, on the wedding morning, the bad old Count takes his bride and the villagers for a little excursion up to the Castle of a deceased magician, whose stock of talismans, philters, potions, &c., is to be disposed of that day at auction; also how the auction does take place, and the bad old Count, the vulgar old father, the young man in shabby clothes and the servant-maid buy, each, an article formerly belonging to the dead wizard; also how it happens that every such article is a potent talisman that gratifies every wish of the possessor; also how the shabby young man wishes he were dressed up in good clothes and is immediately clothed in yellow satin; the young lady wishes she were with her lover, which happens straightway, and the young servant-maid wishes her donkey were a man, which he immediately becomes; also how the lovers are then pursued throughout the globe by the bad old Count and the vulgar father, and how they all occasionally find themselves in coral caves and El Dorado, and the Indian groves, and other distant places inhabited by charming young ladies who dance unceasingly, amazonian guards who are unceasingly countermarching in bewildering mazes, and lovely young women who are unremittingly smiling and joyous.

For the drama and the way it may happen to be played, and the plot or moral or meaning of it, nobody seems particularly to care. The point of interest is, first, the dancing; next, the dancers, and last, the scenery. The celebrated foreign *prime donne* who were imported for this spectacle appear only in the *finale* of each act, to which also the magnificent new scenery is confined. Mlle. BLASINI was the star, and will continue to be, we understand, until the arrival of Mlle. MARLACCHI, although we doubt if it will be possible for the latter to supplant Mlle. BLASINI in the affections of the public, with this start ahead of a week or so. This latter lady is of graceful height and a lovely countenance, which prepossesses the auditors in her favor before her agile and harmonious movements awaken their admiration. There is a bevy of dancers who accompany and alternate with her in the several tableaux who are equal to any of the artists we have had the pleasure of seeing in New-York, and they happen to possess beauty of feature as well as force and finish in dancing. Their names are Mlles. AUGUSTA SOHLKE, ERMESILDA DIANI, EUGENIA LUPO, AMELIA RICCI and CARLOTTA LAPOINTE.

The dramatic company is not strong, and need not be, with such an army of terpsicherean celebrities to carry the new spectacle through the season. The *corps de ballet* is large, and furnished with dresses which are elaborate and costly. The amazonian uniform is very brilliant. Several new steps, which are the invention of Mr. RONZANI, no doubt, are witnessed in their dances. There is ingenuity displayed in the grotesque costumes of certain scenes, and some of the dresses recall the vagaries of "Cendrillon," which was produced in this City last Winter. The scenes which have been expressly prepared for this spectacle represent a coral sea cave, a garden in the mythical El Dorado, a grove where Bacchus reigns amid the nymphs.

These scenes are most extensive and elaborate, and testify to the conscientious care taken by CALYO and his assistants in getting them up. The stage has been remodeled, giving a width of nearly twenty additional feet. No improvements have been made in the auditorium, so far as wall and ceiling decoration is concerned.

The house last night was crowded to its utmost limit by a very respectable and critical audience, which testified throughout the greatest pleasure at the effects and efforts presented on the stage. Messrs. DE POL and company, who are the pioneers of the up-town amusement movement, deserve every praise for their energy. Their undertaking will no doubt prove a pecuniary success.

WASHINGTON.

AFFAIRS AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Oct. 3.

THE IMPEACHMENT QUESTION.

The Administration organs, here and elsewhere, are on the rampage over the proposition broached in these dispatches for the passage of a bill providing for the suspension of all Federal officers during trials under impeachment charges, which they claim will result in the punishment of the President before his conviction. In connection with this matter it will be interesting to know that several prominent Republican Members of Congress have advanced the opinion that immediately following the presentation to the Senate of articles of impeachment by the House, the President would be placed in the same condition as a man indicted by a grand jury for any crime or misdemeanor, and as a natural sequence would be virtually under arrest or in the custody of the officers of the House. They claim that the passage of a bill of the nature above mentioned is not necessary, as the logical result of impeachment would be the suspension of the officer impeached pending his trial by the Senate. They also argue that the President in suspending Secretary STANTON, although he acted ostensibly under the provisions of the Tenure of Office Bill, has established a precedent which the House can consistently follow, as they insist that if the Senate refuses to sustain the removal of STANTON he will be restored to the War office, and that if the Senate refuse to find Mr. JOHNSON guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors under the articles of impeachment presented by the House, if they are presented, he would be restored to his office. There is no doubt but what these views on this subject will be submitted early during the coming session, and may exert considerable influence on the passage of the bill providing for such suspensions.

REMOVAL OF DEPUTY-COMMISSIONER MESSMORE.

Col. ISAAC E. MESSMORE, of Wisconsin, is no longer Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue. JOHNNY COYLE, of the *Intelligencer*, who has been his chief friend and backer from the first, became satisfied on Tuesday that he would be removed if he did not at once resign. He begged for fifteen days, saying this excitement would die out in that time, and then MESSMORE could resign without appearing to be under a cloud. The Secretary was inexorable, and COYLE went over to New-York that night. This morning Mr. MCCULLOCH got a letter from MESSMORE declining to withdraw. He plays the *role* of injured innocence; says he has done his duty faithfully and vigorously; has caused the arrest of many rascals; seized numerous parties who were defrauding Government; and, in a word, been such an excellent official, that he cannot aid in depriving the Department of his services. He thinks it hard that he should be sacrificed, and adds that he will not resign. This official letter was accompanied by a private letter, most objectionable in its tone. The Secretary acted at once. The order for MESSMORE's removal was immediately issued, and a letter was sent him this evening giving him notice that his connection with the Department, and consequently with the Metropolitan Revenue Board had terminated. COYLE returned from New-York this morning, and the *Intelligencer* may be expected to open its batteries upon Secretary MCCULLOCH or Commissioner ROLLINS without delay. It may be added that the Department was ready to dispense with Col. MESSMORE's services two or three months ago, but the words of certain prominent gentlemen from Wisconsin secured his retention for further trial. Three of the Congressmen from that State, however, made strong representations to the Secretary in July as to his unfitness for the position to which he had been promoted. For the vacancy made by his removal there will doubtless be a host of applicants, but at present the Secretary is inclined to leave it unfilled. WISEWELL's chances for getting it are not worth a fig.

WAR DEPARTMENT CLERKS.

Hereafter, by Gen. GRANT's order, preference is to be given in all Bureaus of the War Department to clerks—first, who were wounded in service; second, to soldiers honorably discharged; and third, to civilians having families. That is, single gentlemen who have never been soldiers are to be discharged first. The recent proceedings in the Quartermaster-General's office, where soldier clerks were discharged and civilians retained, seems to render this order of Gen. GRANT not only opportune but necessary.

GEN. SICKLES' COURT OF INQUIRY.

Gen. SICKLES' application for a Court of Inquiry has not yet been formally decided. His papers are supposed to be lying in a pigeon-hole of the President's desk. The White House "Ring" say the Court will not be granted. Some persons think the President does not intend to take formal action in the matter at present, but let it lie along and be forgotten.

FOR ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.

The ship *Céres* is at Liverpool, England, loading for the port of Alexandria, Va. She will be the first direct foreign entry in that port since the establishment of the blockade in 1861.

YELLOW FEVER AT NEW-ORLEANS.

Recent arrivals from New-Orleans represent the city as nearly depopulated. Only about 75,000 people remain, and last week there were nearly 500 deaths from yellow fever. In the Winter and during the healthy seasons the population numbers about 200,000.

PERSONAL.

Gen. SEWALL, Inspector-General of the Freedmen's Bureau, has gone on a tour of inspection through certain sections of Virginia. His duties in office will be performed by Gen. WHITTLESEY.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Oct. 3.

THE BODIES OF THE ASSASSINATION CONSPIRATORS.

On Tuesday, in accordance with orders received at the Washington Arsenal by Gen. RAMSEY, Commandant of the post, from Gen. GRANT, Secretary of War, the bodies of the assassination conspirators, and also the body of HENRY WIRZ, the Andersonville jailer, were removed from their graves and reinterred in another portion of the grounds. This removal was rendered necessary in consequence of the projected improvement of the Arsenal grounds, the contractor for the removal of the old Penitentiary building being about to commence work. The body of J. WILKES BOOTH was buried in what was known as as the ware-room of the Penitentiary building. It was inclosed in an ammunition box. After the grave was filled up with dirt the brick flooring was replaced. The burial having been accomplished, the windows were boarded up and the door made secure, Secretary STANTON taking the key with him, and it was kept at the War Department until a few weeks ago, when it was returned to the Arsenal officers. On the receipt of the order for the removal of the bodies, including BOOTH's, on Tuesday, laborers were at once set to work. The bodies were taken from the graves before mentioned, and carried to No. 1 warehouse, where a trench was dug a few feet from the north wall. In this trench the bodies were placed, and, as secrecy had been enjoined, but few persons were aware that the removals had been made. It would seem from this that the Government does not intend to give up the bodies to the relatives. The bodies of Booth, Payne, Harold, Atzerodt, Wirz and Mrs. Surratt were placed in a common grave.

LOSS OF THE SACRAMENTO.

A letter has been received at the Navy Department, from Capt. COLLINS, Commander of the late steamer *Sacramento*, dated Concorda, India, Aug. 6, in which he states;

Since the 23d of June the crew had been comfortably quartered on a hulk anchored in the bay, and supplied with a good quantity of provisions. The public funds, books and vouchers, two 12-pounder howitzers, two anchors, the chronometers, considerable clothing and various other articles have been recovered. The ship, which lies about eighteen miles to the southward of this port, having been under water for some time, it is scarcely probable that anything more can be saved till October next, when the prevailing winds will be northeast, and directly opposite to the monsoon now blowing. With this change I am informed the water about the wreck will become more shallow, smooth and clear. As it is probable much of the machinery and other contents of the vessel may be saved when this change takes place, unless a violent southeast storm should occur in the meantime, I have directed Lieut.-Com. P. C. JOHNSON and WILLIAM BROOKS to remain here for that purpose. The chartered ship *Gen. Caulfield* is expected to arrive at this port hourly, and will probably be ready, in all respects, to sail within ten days, when she will leave with the officers and crew for New-York.

THIS YEAR'S COTTON CROP.

The following is a copy of a letter addressed to a firm in New-York:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF STATISTICS, Oct. 2, 1867.

GENTLEMEN: To yours of Sept. 4, asking for statistics of this year's cotton crop, I would reply that full returns having reached this Bureau from nearly all the collection divisions (over 200 in the aggregate) of the States of Mississippi, Georgia, Alabama and Florida, I can now furnish the statistics for those States.

The only official statistics this Bureau can furnish are such as are revealed incidentally through the execution of the fiscal and revenue laws. The condition of the public debt, the import entries at the Custom-house, the clearances, the warehouse transactions and tonnage registries, and the payments of internal taxes, &c., are incidentally of this nature. Beyond the preparation of these data this Bureau has no functions.

Conceiving, however, that our internal revenue organization might, after some practice (for statistics require practice as much as other things) be made serviceable for future statistical purposes, I last year commenced a series of censuses through their instrumentality. Some of these censuses are already completed, as those of the population and the cotton crop, (not quite ready;) others are still in progress, as those of manufactures, mines, railroads, &c. These data are supplied gratuitously by the division officers and from their personal observation, and though not official are probably sufficiently reliable. Certainly a great deal of merit is due to the officers who furnish them, and who, to do so, are often put to considerable trouble. Even now and then some thoughtless person (see New-Orleans *Times*, dated Aug. 24, 1867,) will forward a facetious reply to the questions asked; but such replies are easily detected and remedied. The vast number of returns received, covering as they do by small sections, the entire face of the country, ought, in my opinion, to impart considerable confidence in their aggregate correctness.

It was by the means I have described that the appended statistics were compiled, and now you can judge for yourselves how far they may be relied upon. There are, as I have said, over 200 collection divisions in these four States. About twenty-five of these have not reported, and I must ask you to make your own allowance for the difference this would make in the completed returns.

The returns from the waiting divisions and from the other cotton States will be ready, I presume, during the coming fortnight, but many of the collection divisions are so remote from mail facilities that it is somewhat risky to count upon their responses:

States.	Number Acres Sown with Cotton 1867.	Estimated Yield of Cotton 1867. Bales of 450 lbs.	Yield in 1860 according to census. Bales 400 lbs.
Alabama	1,123,529	325,287	989,955
Georgia	1,130,055	309,937	701,840
Mississippi	807,375	262,654	1,202,507
Florida	119,665	39,775	65,153
Total	3,180,624	937,653	2,959,455

Yours very respectfully,
ALEX. DELMAR, Director.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

The Acting Secretary of the Interior on the 1st inst., submitted the report of the Government Commissioners on the thirteenth section of thirty-five miles of the road and telegraph line of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, with the recommendation that the section be accepted. On the same day the President approved the recommendation and directed the issue to said Company of the bonds and patents for lands due on account of the section, agreeably to law. This section completes the road 455 miles west from Omaha, Nebraska.

SURVEYS IN WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office is in receipt of advices from the Surveyor-General at Olympia, Washington Territory, showing the completion of the survey of six townships on the Columbia River, in Klikitat and Walla Walla Counties, in that Territory, and southeast of the Yakama Indian Reservation. The land is generally rolling, covered partly with a good growth of grass, and the remainder by sagebush, greasewood and cactus. It is available for grazing purposes, but of no value as agricultural lands. A small portion of this tract is in cultivation by the Indians.

The Commissioner has also received from the same quarter the returns of the survey of 203 miles of exterior lines in Ferguson and Walla Walla Counties, on both sides of the Columbia River. A portion of this tract along the river is suitable for grazing purposes; the greater part, however, is broken and mountainous, and traversed by deep canyons.

PUBLIC LANDS.

Reports received at the General Land Office, from San Francisco and Stockton, Cal., for the month of August show that nearly 14,000 acres of public lands were disposed of from the local offices at those points during the month. A large proportion of the sales were for cash.

SHOAL WATER OFF THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

Official information has been received that the Spanish merchant vessel *Justa*, on her voyage from Macao to Havana, discovered a patch of shoal ground about five leagues to the southwestward of the Cape of Good Hope. The shoal bank, on which several casts of the lead were taken during a calm, had from 15½ to 13 fathoms rocky bottom. From the latter depth the water suddenly deepened, and no bottom could be found. At the time of the first sounding in 15½ fathoms, the Cape of Good Hope Lighthouse bore east by north, magnetic north, 49° east true, and the assumed distance from the Cape was 16 miles. This bearing and distance would place the bank in latitude 34° 31½' south, longitude 18° 15½' east of Greenwich. It is intended to examine the reported bank, the results of which will be communicated.

ARMY INTELLIGENCE.

Brevet Brig.-Gen. FORSYTH, Major Tenth Cavalry, has been detached from duty as Acting Assistant Inspector of the Fifth Military, and ordered to report to the Commanding General, Department of Missouri. Brevet Major-Gen. WM. HOFFMAN, Colonel Third Infantry, with headquarters with that regiment, to take the post at Jefferson Barracks, Mo.

The following have been mustered out and honorably discharged: First-Lieut. C. S. TAYLOR, Fifteenth Veteran Reserve Corps; Brevet Major WM. P. BROWNE, Captain, Twentieth Veteran Reserve Corps; Brevet Lieut.-Col. A. P. KETCHUM, One Hundred and Twenty-eighth colored troops.

A General Court-martial, to be composed of the following-named officers, has been ordered to convene at Vicksburgh for the trial of Brevet Major-Gen. A. V. Kautz, Lieutenant-Colonel Thirty-fourth Infantry: Brevet Major-Gen. Richard Arnold, Captain Fifth Artillery; Brevet Major-Gen. A. C. Gillen, Colonel Twenty-fourth Infantry; Brevet Brig.-Gens. Sidney Berbank, L. D. Watkins and T. H. Ruger; Brevet Cols. C. C. Gilbert and J. G. Chandler, Quartermaster, and Brevet Col. Harry Goodfellow, Judge-Advocate.

A General Court-martial, composed of the following-named officers, has been ordered to convene at West Point for the trial of Cadet W. P. Clark: Brevet Lieut.-Col. H. Clark, Brevet Lieut.-Cols. J. S. Holand, Third Infantry; A. Mordecai, Ordnance Department; G. K. Kensel, Fifth Artillery; F. N. Benjamin, Second Artillery; P. S. Michie, Corps of Engineers; Brevet Majors E. G. Bush, Tenth Infantry; L. Lorain, Third Artillery; James M. Millan, Second Infantry, and W. Sinclair, Third Artillery, Judge-Advocate.

NAVY GAZETTE.

Detached—Commander George A. Stevens from duty at Ellis Island, New-York, and waiting orders.

Commander William Gibson from duty at the Hydrographic-office, and waiting orders.

Lieut. Yates Sterling from the *Mohongo*, and waiting orders.

Acting Master George W. Adams and Acting Ensign Frederick W. Mintger from the *Wateree*, and waiting orders.

Acting Master Dickenson from the *Massachusetts*, and granted leave of absence.

Acting Master Thomas Shothard from the *Susquehanna*, and waiting orders.

Midshipman S. T. Clarksonge from the *Guerriere*, and granted sick leave.

Gunner W. Carter from ordnance duty at Philadelphia, and ordered to the *Saratoga*.

Acting Third Assistant Engineer George Disney from the *Yucca*, and waiting orders.

Mate W. H. Battin from the *Potomac*, and ordered to the *Ohio*.

Acting Second Assistant Engineer James Patterson from the *Penobscot*, and waiting orders.

Dr. Adam Frank, of Philadelphia, has been appointed an Assistant Surgeon in the navy.

Surgeon James McClellan has been ordered to the naval rendezvous at Philadelphia.

Surgeon C. S. Clebourne has been ordered to the apprentice ship *Saratoga*.

Acting Assistant Paymaster P. S. Towle has been honorably discharged from Nov. 10, 1865.

CONSUL RECOGNIZED.

The President has recognized SIMON CAMANCHO as Consul of Honduras at New-York.

MARINE LIGHT.

The Lighthouse Board gives notice that official information has been received that a light will hereafter be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on the Africa Rock, situated ten miles westward of Monte Christo Island in the Tuscan Archipelago, on the west coast of Italy; also, that from the 15th of

October a light will be exhibited from the east pier of Ramsgate Harbor, east coast of England.

TRANSPORTATION OF MAILS IN THE SOUTH.

The contracts with Southern railroads and steamboat companies for the transportation of mails throughout the South, which were entered into by the Postmaster-General on the 1st of July last, are all being satisfactorily carried out. The returns received for the first quarter up to Sept. 30, show that the work is being faithfully performed.

CONSCIENCE MONEY.

The following letter, received by a Collector of Internal Revenue at the West, has been sent to the Internal Revenue office:

Friend: The inclosed $50 is the difference between the letter of the law, as my legal adviser interprets it, and the spirit of the law as interpreted by my own mature deliberations, aided by an enlightened and tender conscience. Being desirous neither to blunt the conscience nor to defraud so just a Government as our own, I send you this, the property of Uncle Sam, as internal revenue. I remain yours,

(Signed) RIGHT.

Mrs. Lincoln's Wardrobe.

The *World*, yesterday, published several letters from Mrs. Lincoln to Mr. Brady, a commission broker of this City, in regard to the sale of a variety of articles of personal property, shawls, laces, diamonds, &c., which she desires to dispose of in consequence of her inability to live in a comfortable and becoming manner. Remarks are also given which she is said to have made in conversation, and complaining very bitterly of the "ingratitude" of prominent members of the Republican Party, and declaring her continued attachment to the party, "notwithstanding it is composed of such men as Weed, Raymond and Seward, who nominally belong to it, and who, to accomplish their purposes, would drag it down to the lowest depths of degradation." The following letters are then given:

MRS. LINCOLN UNDER AN ASSUMED NAME.

As the negotiations with Mr. Brady proceeded, Mrs. Lincoln deemed it best that her name should not appear, the reasons for which are given in the following extract from a letter written by her:

[*Extract of a Letter from Mrs. Lincoln.*]

"Through the ingratitude of the Republicans toward the memory of the lamented President, the family of their Chief have been left to suffer want and destitution. Therefore it is natural to suppose that when it became imperatively necessary for Mrs. Lincoln, the honored and beloved wife of the late President, to dispose of apparel and jewelry to enable her to meet the common daily necessities of life, it was certainly in better taste that Mrs. Clarke, rather than Mrs. Lincoln should appear in the proceeding. Although in her overwhelming sorrow she was by an ungrateful Republican Party deprived of her rightful maintenance, they should appreciate her delicacy in desiring her true name and their own ignominy from being known to the world."

SUBSEQUENT LETTERS.

The next letter presents more in detail the reasons for her action in this sad matter, and at the same time expresses her regret that the ingratitude of Republicans may do injury to the Republican Party.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22, 1867.

W. H. Brady, Esq.:

You write me that reporters are after you concerning my goods deposited with you, which, in consideration of my urgent wants, I assure you I am compelled to relinquish; and also that there is a fear that these newsmen will seize upon the painful circumstances of your having these articles placed in your hands to injure the Republican Party politically. In the cause of this party and for universal freedom my beloved husband's precious life was sacrificed, nor for the world would I do anything to injure the cause. My heart is ever anxious for its success, notwithstanding the very men for whom my noble husband did so much unhesitatingly deprived me of all means of support, and left me in a pitiless condition. The necessities of life are upon me, urgent and imperative, and I am scarcely removed from want—so different from the lot my loving and devoted husband assigned me—and I find myself left to struggle for myself. I am compelled to pursue the only course left me, immediately within the next week to sell these goods, and if not wholly disposed of by Wednesday, Oct. 30, on that day please sell them at auction, after advertising *very largely* that they are my goods. Very respectfully,

MRS. A. LINCOLN.

A STILL FURTHER EXPLANATION.

The last letter of which mention will be made at this time is the following:

[Private.]

SEPT. 25.

W. H. Brady, Esq.:

I have reflected upon your remarks, and have concluded to leave everything to your good judgment and excellent sense. My great, great sorrow and loss have made me painfully sensitive; but as my feelings and pecuniary comfort were never regarded or even recognized in the midst of my overwhelming bereavement, *now* that I am pressed in a most startling manner for means of common subsistence I do not know why I should shrink from an opportunity of improving my trying position. Being assured that all you do will be appropriately executed, and in a manner that will not startle me very greatly and excite as little comment as possible, again I shall leave all in your hands. I am passing through a very painful ordeal, which the country, in remembrance of my noble and elevated husband, should have spared me.

I remain, with great respect, very truly,

MRS. LINCOLN.

P. S.—As you mention that my goods have been valued at $24,000, I will be willing to make a reduction of $8,000, and relinquish them for $16,000, in five-twenties—*nothing less.* If *this* is not accomplished, I will continue to advertise largely until every article is sold. I must have means to live, a least in a *medium* comfortable state. Mrs. L.

RIOT IN LOUISIANA.

Election Riot in Jefferson City—Policemen and Negroes Wounded—The Chief Rioter Killed—The Disturbance Quelled by the Military.

New-Orleans papers of Sept. 29 give accounts of a serious riot which occurred between 3 and 4 o'clock on the afternoon of the previous day, in front of the Court-house in Jefferson City, La., in which a young man named Harry Rolande, a member of Home Hook and Ladder Company, was mortally wounded. The account given by the *Times* is as follows:

"It appears from the statement of our informant that many negroes in Jefferson have for a long time had a grudge against a white man named Reece, and that they took the opportunity yesterday to satisfy it. Accordingly, one of them got up an altercation with Reece, which soon attracted a crowd of negroes, and also some five or six policemen, who, in order to quell the disturbance, arrested Reece. Thereupon, a crowd of some 300 negroes set upon them, endeavoring to get hold of the prisoner. The policemen then drew their revolvers to defend themselves, and a general fight ensued, in which Harry Rolande was shot through the head, and Reece and another white man named Parry were badly wounded, and two or three of the police and four negroes were also wounded. Rolande was conveyed to Home's house, and, at last accounts, was dying. It further appears that as soon as the altercation with Reece commenced the negroes in the vicinity rushed to their houses and quickly reappeared on the ground armed with muskets and revolvers, and then commenced the riot. Mayor Woodruff, it is said, was present but did nothing to allay the tumult. Two companies of soldiers (one white and one black) were on duty last night to prevent further disturbance. It is said that on learning the soldiers were coming the negroes hastened to deposit their arms in some secret receptacle. The most intense excitement and alarm, we understand, prevailed in Jefferson last night.

The *Republican*, a Radical newspaper, gives a report differing materially from the above. It says:

"Seven hundred and sixty-five registered men had voted, only thirty of whom were white, when the disturbance commenced, caused by a white ruffian named Henry Rolland—known as "Harry Rolland"—a fireman and former soldier in the Confederate army. Rolland, after presenting himself at the polls and showing that he was registered, insultingly scratched a ticket bearing Republican names, rewrote and deposited it. Then, drawing a revolver, he commenced threatening the Inspector of Elections, Mr. Frederick Frye. The latter stepped to the door and ordered Policeman Joseph Fleury to arrest Rolland. Before this could be done Rolland shot Officer Fleury, the ball passing through his hand, fired two other shots promiscuously at the crowd, and flourished his revolver with the remaining three shots in it. By this time Rolland was arrested by another policeman, (Richard Hetherton,) assisted by citizens, and taken toward the prison. A policeman, Henry Davis, who had him in charge at the prison door, neglectful of his duty, said Rolland was his friend, and he would not imprison him. To the credit of Major Frye be it said, he at once deprived Davis of his star and baton. In the meantime a rush of Rolland's friends was made for his rescue; a man named Henry C. Reese, with a derringer in each hand, being conspicuous in this crime. These friends commenced an indiscriminate firing upon the innocent citizens, three of whom were immediately badly wounded. One of them, Wm. Alexander, (colored,) an ex-Union soldier, the doctor reports wounded in the fleshy part of the upper right thigh, the ball entering obliquely from upward. Another, Gabriel Lawson, (also colored,) the doctor also reports shot in the back, the ball striking the vertebral column, following the lateral track of the same; and another, Joseph Bisain, colored, was reported by the surgeon as shot through the left forearm, the ball entering and imbedding itself in the muscle of the upper arm of the same side; wound painful but not dangerous. Wounded also by ball entering and imbedding itself near the joint of the right shoulder. The colored citizens returned the fire, and Rolland was shot through the brain and soon died. His principal corioter, Henry C. Reese, was also shot in several places during the melée—once through the abdomen. He was living at 9 o'clock last night. Major Fry sent a messenger with a note to the military post at Greenville for aid in saving bloodshed. He was seconded in this by Mr. D. C. Woodruff, Mayor of Jefferson, who also did his whole duty throughout the trying and disgraceful affair. Capt. B. B. Keeler, of the Thirty-ninth Infantry, brought out every available man at once—three companies, thinned by the epidemic and guard duty. Though they had to march a mile to the cars, and then ride two miles further, they were on the ground and pieces loaded in twenty minutes after receiving the word. How unlike the singular conduct of the military under Sheridan and Baird in the riot of July, 1866. Previous to the arrival of the troops the fire and other bells had been rung, and the populace, by hundreds, had collected, armed with guns, revolvers and bludgeons, under the terrible excitement of the mob. But at sight of the military, a general skedaddling to their homes was observed, with muskets rapidly hidden away. Capt. Keeler being informed that squads of these armed men had taken refuge at different points, sent officers in charge of men to each point, and dispersed them. The Captain also visited the headquarters of Gen. Mower immediately after this, and received orders relative to further proceedings. He and Lieut. Buckland, with a portion of the men, remained on the ground all night to insure order, while the residue returned to the post. We saw a statement of the case in writing by Mayor Woodruff, which accords all honor to the troops in quelling the disturbance, and thus probably preventing another July riot of great dimensions.

A WHISKY RIOT.

A Raid on Whisky Stills in Philadelphia—The Officers Driven Off by a Mob.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, Oct. 3.

The Revenue Inspectors made a raid on the unlicensed whisky stills in the northern part of this city on Saturday last, and were driven off by the people of the vicinity. To-day they made another raid with an increased force, but fared worse than on Saturday, having several of their party badly wounded with bricks and pistol shots. They seized several stills and were taking them off in cars when a large crowd of men and women attacked them, recovered the copper vessels and drove off the officers. Deputy United States Marshal Schuyler received six serious wounds. Thomas Lamey, one of the rioters, was shot in the head. The affair occurred near Port Richmond, which is mostly inhabited by the lowest class of Irish.

SECOND DISPATCH.

Deputy United States Marshal Schuyler had his pistol taken from him. His wounds are not serious, though he was severely beaten about the head and arms. Deputy United States Marshal Gordon acted with great bravery when the rioters charged upon the furniture and cars loaded with distillery apparatus, and drove the crowd back several times. Worms, stills and other materials were carried off by the rioters and hidden in different parts of the distillery district. It was impossible for the officers to find the whereabouts of the stills. The city Police force appeared upon the ground and escorted the revenue officers to the city passenger cars running into the city. The revenue officers did the best they could under the circumstances, but the force was too small and the raid badly timed, as it was between 12 and 1 o'clock, and the coal crackers (Irish) from the coal wharves were all at home and ready for the officials.

The Local Account of the Affair.

From the Philadelphia Bulletin, Oct. 3.

A few days ago a posse of United States officers endeavored to seize a number of illicit whisky stills in the Twenty-fifth Ward, Richmond District, in this city, and were repulsed by a mob of ruffians who had gathered around the still-houses. To-day a force consisting of Deputy-Marshal Schuyler, Revenue Inspector L. B. Cole, David Gordon, Revenue Inspector Ghegan, Wm. Westervelt, Capt. Byrnes, Max Einstein, Jesse Johnson, A. H. Brooks, J. G. Donnelly, John A. Keenan and H. L. Taggart proceeded upon a secret expedition to accomplish their object. The stills were located chiefly upon Salmon and Williams streets, and the owners were taken completely by surprise when the *posse comitatus* dashed in upon them, and in spite of all resistance succeeded in capturing the apparatus in quite a large number of the distilleries, and placing it in wagons which had been provided for the purpose. Of course the news of the capture flew around the neighborhood and created a most intense excitement among the people, all of whom were more or less interested in the loss. Men, women and children to the number of two or three hundred collected around the wagons, and howled forth threats and cries of indignation. The officers, however, proceeded quietly on their way and paid no attention to the mob, until, just as the wagon arrived opposite No. 426 Salmon-street, several of the women in the crowd made a dash at one of them, and succeeded in carrying off a portion of one of the stills. The officers resisted as valiantly as possible, but this was the signal for a general onset on the part of the mob. The wagons were surrounded, the horses taken out, while men and women swarmed into the vehicles as thick as flies on a molasses hogshead. Stones, brickbats, clubs and missiles were hurled at the officers, who were utterly unable to resist the attack, made as it was by such overwhelming numbers.

Col. Gordon was attacked by a huge Irishman, who brandished a formidable shillaleh with that easy but objectionable grace which distinguishes the graduates of Donnybrook Fair, and his life was in imminent danger. Fortunately, however, he had a "persuader" in the shape of a revolver with him, which he drew and shot the ruffian, who tumbled into the street. His name was Thomas Laimey. The mob during this were still busy at the other wagons tearing the stills to pieces and removing them in fragments. One Amazon, more athletic and bold than the rest, seized a whole still in her brawny arms, and atttempted to jump into the street with it. In doing so her foot caught in the wagon, and she tumbled headlong upon the stones. In the meantime the "fun waxed furious," and missiles flew around "quite promiscuous." Several of the officers were badly hurt—one of them, Deputy Schuyler, being cut in the head, and otherwise severely and dangerously wounded. At last, however, the officers, overpowered and defenceless, without firearms, and entirely unprepared for such a furious demonstration, were compelled to beat a retreat, which they did, carrying off their wounded with them, and leaving the stills, wagons and baggage in the hands of the enemy. They made a good and valiant fight, but were utterly inadequate in numbers and in their preparation for the work assigned to them. The women in the work were more ferocious and pugnacious than the men, and were more bitter in their curses and denunciations of their antagonists.

Ancient and Honorable Artillery of Boston—Visit to Rhode Island.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Thursday, Oct. 3.

The Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, of Boston, Major-Gen. Banks commanding, and the Newburyport Veteran Artillery Association, under command of Col. Currier, with Hall's and Gilmore's bands, making altogether a battalion of four hundred men, arrived here at 1 o'clock this afternoon in a special train from Boston. They were received by a salute from the Marine Artillery, and welcomed by a Committee representing all the military organizations of the State. This afternoon, under an escort of the First Light Artillery, Col. Dennis, and the officers of other city companies, they have gone to Narragansett Park, where there will be some light trotting, heavy marching and generous feasting. This evening a banquet will be given to the visitors, and to-morrow they will be entertained at a Rhode Island clam-bake down the bay. The column presented an imposing appearance as it marched through the streets.

Arrivals of Rreasure from the Upper Missouri—Editorial Excursions.

ST. LOUIS, Thursday, Oct. 3.

The steamer *Imperial* arrived at Omaha yesterday, from the Upper Missouri, with $100,000 in treasure on board.

The Common Council of Omaha will tender the freedom of the city to the Editorial Excursionists, who arrive next week *en route* to the Rocky Mountains.

Messrs. Lamb & Quinlan, a heavy flour and commission house of this city, have suspended payment. Messrs. Shawhan & Co., also heavy flour dealers, are said to be involved very heavily by the failure of Lamb & Quinlan.

Hon. Thomas S. Noell, member of Congress from this State, who has been dangerously ill in this city for some time past, is not expected to recover.

The Alabama Election—Further Returns.

MOBILE, Ala., Thursday, Oct. 3.

The total vote of Mobile County is 4,663, of which 112 are whites, and nearly all are for a Convention.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Thursday, Oct. 3.

The returns for two days have been received from fifteen Counties, in which the number of registered voters is 61,400, and the number of votes polled 34,360, being 3,660 more than the required majority of one-half.

The Death of Mary Doyle at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Thursday, Oct. 3.

The coroner's inquest on the cause of the death of Mary Doyle, wife of P. M. Doyle, of New-York, who died at the Bonney House yesterday, closed this morning. The testimony of the physicians, who held the *post mortem* examination, was that the deceased came to her death by convulsions produced by abortion within the last two weeks. Doyle says he was married by a Justice of the Peace in New-York last February. The deceased woman's name was Mary E. Jacquay. Doyle is held in custody by order of the coroner.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Hawaiian Reciprocity Treaty—Loss of a Missionary Brig—The Arctic Whaling Fleet—Fire in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Thursday, Oct. 3.

Further Hawaiian advices state that the King opened the Legislative Assembly in person on the 2d of September. The treaty was ratified on the 10th of September by nearly a unanimous vote.

The whale ship *Congress*, of New-Bedford, Mass., was lost in the Anadur sea on the 19th of May. Ninety barrels of oil and some bone were transferred to the bark *Nautilus*.

The following vessels have arrived at Honolulu from the Arctic sea: President, with 1,200 barrels of oil and 20,000 pounds of bone; Islander, with 1,200 barrels of oil and 20,000 pounds of bone.

A letter from Plover Bay, Arctic Ocean, gives the following information of the Arctic whaling fleet. It is dated July 22: The Three Brothers had taken 16 whales; Gayhead, 13; Reindeer, 17; Massachusetts, of New-Bedford, 14; Islander, 23; Minerva, 13; George Howland, 4; Corinthian, 4; Nautilus, 10; Robert Towns, 4; Harrison, 2; Florida, of San Francisco, 3; Massachusetts, of San Francisco, 3; Progress, 1; Milo, of New-Bedford, 2; John Howland, 3; Joseph Maxwell, 4; Birch Perry, 10; Eagle, of Honolulu, 7; Totalis, 600; barrels; Washington, 1,000 barrels; Eugenia, 900 barrels; John Wells, 4 whales; Illinois, 5; Active, 1; James Murray, 1; Comet, of Honlulu, 4; Alpha, 5. The Peru was clean.

Late Tahiti advices record the loss of the missionary bark John Williams on one of the Society Islands.

The extensive tannery and wool-dressing establishment of Sedgely & Davis was destroyed by fire last night. The loss was about $100,000.

A. B. Delabigne, a prominent merchant of San Francisco, committed suicide to-day.

The San Francisco Insurance Company has declared a quarterly dividend of four and a half per cent.

The Pacific mail steamship *Montana* arrived to-day from Panama. Ship *Andrew Jackson*, from New-York, has arrived. Ship *Hamberstone*, for Liverpool, cleared. Ship *San Lorenso*, for Liverpool, has sailed.

Flour firm at $6 50@$7; Oregon flour $6 50. Wheat firm at $2 20@$2 30 for choice.

Ship *Edward O'Brien* has been chartered for Liverpool at the rate of three pounds sterling.

Legal tenders 70¾.

Arizona advices of Sept. 18 have been received. A memorial had been presented to the Territorial Assembly to ask the General Government for protection against the Indians. They state that the damage to the people from savages has been fearful. Scarcely a road or foot path in the territory is safe for travelers. Not even the villages near the military camps are are secure from attack. Unless speedy assistance is rendered, they say, the inhabitants will have to abandon the Territory. The petitioners ask Congress to authorize the Governor to raise a regiment of volunteers in the Territory for service until the Indians are subjugated.

Resolutions have been introduced requesting that the territory be removed from the command of Gen. McDowell, and that Arizona be made a separate department, with its commanding officer to report immediately to Gen. Halleck.

LA CLEDE RACES.

Three Exciting Races at St. Louis—An Excellent Track and Good Speed.

ST. LOUIS, Wednesday, Oct. 3.

Three races took place on the La Clede Course this afternoon, and excited great interest. The first event was a mile dash for two year olds, free for all, for a purse of $200, and was won by John Davis' *Lexington* filly, over A. C. Franklin's filly by *Bill Cheatham*, in 1:51. The second event was mile heats, free for all, for a premium of $500, and $100 to the second horse. The entries were Franklin's *Viola*, Smith's *Nellie Gwynne*, Ford's *Elastic*, Alexander's *Jonesboro*, and Shaw's sorrel gelding, by *Matt Davis*, all of which started. *Jonesboro* was the favorite by large odds. The first heat was taken by *Jonesboro* by a length, *Nellie Gwynne* second, *Viola* third, Shaw's gelding fourth, *Elastic* was distanced. Time, 1:48¾. The second and third heats were won by *Nellie Gwynne*, beating *Jonesboro* in the former by a neck, and Shaw's gelding, in the latter, by two lengths, the latter horse winning the second prize. In the last heat *Jonesboro* was several lengths in the rear. Time, 1:50; 1:52¾. The third race was two-mile heats, free for all to ride, for a premium of $700. It was competed for by Johnson & Douglas' *Duke of Orleans* and McRay's gray horse by *Engineer*, they being the only entries. The race was won easily by *Duke of Orleans* in two straight heats under a strong pull. Time, 3:42¾; 3:45¾.

L. B. Patterson, trainer for Johnson & Douglas, was ruled off the track to-day for insulting conduct toward the officers of the Association.

The Yellow Fever at New-Orleans.

NEW-ORLEANS, Thursday, Oct. 3.

The yellow fever interments during the twenty-four hours ending at 6 o'clock this morning were fifty-six. The Howard Association is now rendering assistance to 1,800 families, averaging three cases of fever each.

MOBILE, Ala., Thursday, Oct. 3.

There were no deaths from yellow fever to-day.

United States Courts in North Carolina.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Thursday, Oct. 3.

Col. Frank, the Commandant of this post, received instructions from Gen. Canby to-day to no longer oppose the enforcement of civil process from the United States Circuit Court.

Death of Hon. Thomas E. Noell, of Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Thursday, Oct. 3.

Hon. Thomas E. Noell, member of Congress from the Third District of this State, died here this morning after a long illness.

The Health of Memphis—Frost.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Thursday, Oct. 3.

All reports about the yellow fever raging here are groundless. There have been but few cases, and they were brought here from New-Orleans.

There was a slight frost last night.

Fire in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Thursday, Oct. 3.

The carpenter-shop of Crane, Breed & Co., and coffin manufactory, on the corner of Eighth and Harriet streets, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss $11,000. Insured $4,300.

A Rebel Opinion of Gen. Grant's Position.

Special Correspondence of the Baltimore Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Oct. 1.

The newspapers at a distance have been puzzled at the "position" of Gen. Grant. I can relieve that anxiety. He is now substantially the Radica candidate for the next Presidency. The leaders of the party which aims at usurping the Government, who have in squads been visiting, at intervals, the metropolis ever since the *emeute* of Stanton's removal, some time ago came to the conclusion, in view of their probable defeat in the coming elections, to keep Grant in the background for the present. He was anxious to promulge a written adhesion to the dogmas of the destructives at once. I have specific information that this Goliah is reserved to break the force of the defeat which awaits the party, and that he has promised Schenck, Logan, Washburn, Farnsworth, &c., who have been recently manipulating him to come out with his "great name" upon the heel of their discomfiture. The spasmodic efforts of Judge Chase are quite superfluous. I record this fact for future reference.

Correction.—The New-York letter, containing political speculations, which we reprinted day before yesterday, was from the Charleston *Courier* instead of the Charleston *Mercury*, as was erroneously stated.

Newspaper Enlargement.—The New-York *Examiner and Chronicle* appears this week considerably enlarged and in a handsome quarto form. Under the able management of its present editor it has taken rank as the leading newspaper of the Baptist denomination, and the change from the four to the eight page form will enable him to add many features of interest. The paper is well made up and contains a large variety of original and selected reading matter.

LOCAL POLITICS.

Union Republican General Committee.

A regular meeting of the Union Republican General Committee was held at the rooms, corner of Twenty-second-street and Broadway, last evening, the President, Mr. Charles S. Spencer, in the chair.

A report from the Executive Committee, providing for the holding of meetings in the various districts for the purpose of appointing delegates to the County, Judiciary, Senatorial and Assembly Conventions, and fixing the time and place at which these Conventions should be held, was adopted.

The following resolution, reported by the Executive Committee, was adopted:

Resolved, That the ticket, platform and resolutions adopted by the State Convention held at Syracuse on the 26th of September last, be ratified and adopted by the Committee.

The President, who was Chairman of the Committee appointed to wait on Gen. Sickles, reported that the Committee was received very kindly by the General, who during the interview remarked that pending an inquiry which he was about to demand concerning his official conduct he did not propose to enter into a discussion with reference to it before the public; but when that matter was disposed of, he would at an early day respond to the call of the Committee and address the people with reference to his administration in the Carolinas.

Dr. Shutz read a communication from the State Radical German Committee approving the course of the delegates of the Committee at the Syracuse Convention, which was received and placed on file.

A committee consisting of one member from each Assembly District was then appointed to make arrangements for the holding of a ratification meeting at Cooper Institute at an early day.

Mr. N. Kingsley offered a resolution disapproving the act of the Fire Commissioners in forbidding firemen to participate in political meetings, and approving of Commissioner Abbe's conduct in voting against the act.

After a long discussion, in which several members joined, the resolution was referred to the Executive Committee.

It was finally decided that the Executive Committee should meet within one week to take action on the resolution, and that the General Committee should meet next Friday evening.

A resolution was also adopted that no man be supported as a nominee for office by the Committee unless he be in favor of the acts of the Fortieth Congress, and of the Syracuse Convention held last September.

The meeting then adjourned.

German Radical Republican Committee.

As previously reported, a German Radical Republican campaign organization was recently formed under the Presidency of Dr. Schultz, and a delegation to the Syracuse Convention was appointed, which was charged to confer with similar German delegations from other parts of the State. The object was to insure united action in reference to political questions concerning the German element which were to be passed upon by the Convention. Last night a meeting of this organization was held at the Germania Assembly Rooms. Dr. Douai presided, and Mr. Erbe gave a full account of the operations of the delegation at Syracuse. A resolution against the present Excise and Sunday law was adopted, and a German Republican State General Committee was formed. At the German Conference, previous to the Convention, delegations were formed from all the principal towns of the State. Dr. Schuetz was chosen Chairman of the German State General Committee, and Dr. Spitzk, of Brooklyn, Secretary. A similar report was submitted by Dr. Schuetz, who subsequently appeared. The delegation was tendered a vote of thanks, and arrangements were made to complete the subordinate campaign organizations in each Senatorial District.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

Fire on a Bark—Large Number of Cattle Destroyed.—About 6 o'clock yesterday morning flames were discovered in the forward part of the hold in the bark *Eliza Barss*, Capt. Wm. G. Smith, from the port of Bermuda, as she lay at Pier No. 21 North River, near Vesey-street. The firemen were prompt in their attendance, and, assisted by the Police and Insurance Patrol, proceeded to extinguish the flames and save the cattle on board, a large cargo of which had been shipped preparatory to the ship departing for her own port. The entire deck-load was speedily removed, and the animals driven off the pier in safety, but the flames had gained such headway by that time that the firemen could not extinguish them before about fifty head of cattle and a large number of sheep had been smothered by the heat and smoke, several of the carcasses being burned to a crisp. The Harbor Police-boat was also on the spot, and contributed two powerful streams to those thrown by the steamers on shore, thus filling the vessel with water and sinking her as she lay. The aggregate loss is estimated at $20,000, upon which there is not a dollar of insurance.

Alleged Extensive Larceny.—Yesterday Officer Gillen, of the Fifteenth Precinct, arrested Eugene Westerfield, at No. 53 West Forty-seventh-street, upon the complaint of Elizabeth Biddley, of the Revere House, who charged him with the larceny of furniture valued at $700. It is charged that when residing at No. 103 Bleecker-street, she delivered the furniture to Westerfield for storage, and that he took it to the corner of Forty-fourth-street and Eighth-avenue, where he sold a valuable rosewood set for $80, and then removed the remainder to his residence, where he was arrested. The prisoner was taken before Justice Dodge, but was remanded to the Station-house until to-day. Westerfield denies the charge, and states that the furniture is his own property.

Large Fire Up Town.—At 1:20 o'clock Wednesday afternoon a fire broke out in the stable of J. A. Marshall, at No. 113 West Twenty-fourth-street, resulting in its complete destruction, and occasioning serious damage to the owner's residence, No. 111. The loss sustained by Mr. Marshall is estimated at $7,000, covered by insurances in various City companies. The dyeing establishment of McDougall & Hardner, No. 109, was also severely damaged by water, the amount being fixed at $3,000; the firm are fully insured in the Astor, Lenox and Relief Insurance Companies. The building No. 109 was damaged to the extent of $1,500, fully insured. The flames also extended to the private stable of L. F. Teft, No. 114 West Twenty-fifth-street, who sustained a loss of $2,000, fully insured.

Meeting of the American Institute.—A meeting of the American Institute was held last evening at its rooms, Cooper Union Building, Mr. Tillman presiding. Mr. Butler, of the Board of Managers, gave an interesting verbal account of the progress of the Fourteenth-street Fair to the present time. Mr. Hawes, on the part of the same Board, reported a design for proposed medals of honor for successful competitors in the Institute Exhibition. It was referred to the Trustees, with authority to procure the necessary dies at a cost of not more than $1,000.

Dishonest Servant.—Last evening Officer Cokey of the Fifteenth Precinct, arrested a woman named Mary Ann Gray, a native of Ireland, and domestic in the family of B. W. Kelsey, No. 12 Amity-street, who is charged with the theft of $40 from her employer. It is alleged that she took the money from a roll of $90 which was in the pants pocket of Mr. Kelsey on the previous night and that she deposited $37 of the amount with a barkeeper at the corner of Amity and Greene streets for safe keeping. She was locked up and will be taken before Justice Dodge this morning.

Tobacco Board of Trade.—The New-York Tobacco Board of Trade met yesterday at the office of Mr. John T. Harris, No. 80 Front-street, and reelected the old board of officers, with the exception of the Secretary, Mr. Carlos A. Butler, who declined to serve another year. The officers are: President, Joseph D. Evans; Vice-President, William H. Price; Treasurer, Thomas Carroll; Secretary, W. A. Bass. The Board has sent a memorial to Secretary McCulloch praying a suspension of the new regulations.

Funeral of Rev. Dr. Krebs.—There was a large assemblage of the friends and congregation of the late Rev. Dr. Krebs at the Brick Church in Fifth-avenue Wednesday, where his funeral services took place. At 4:30 o'clock the remains were brought to the edifice, escorted by the following, among other pall-bearers: Rev. Drs. Adams, Vermilye, Holditch and Sommers. Rev. Drs. Spring and Murray officiated in the funeral services, after which Rev. Dr. Dickinson, of Fordham, delivered an eloquent and feeling address. After other addresses, the remains were taken to Newburgh for interment.

The Metropolitan Revenue Board.—The Board met yesterday and disposed of fifteen cases. Twelve were referred to the United States District-Attorney, and three were dismissed. In response to a resolution of the Board, Mr. Isaac T. Harvey, Inspector of Tobacco, submitted his views with reference to the working of the new order relating to collecting the tax on tobacco. It is said that he suggests some alterations in one or two of the sections.

Minor Coroner's Cases.—Emma Pundels, colored, 25 years of age, and residing at No. 59 Thompson-street, died suddenly yesterday from unknown causes. Coroner Gamble will hold an inquest to-day.... John F. Galloway, a boy, who was severely injured several days ago by an elevator on one of the North River piers, died yesterday at the New-York Hospital. An inquest will be held by Coroner Gamble.

Military Order of the Loyal Legion.—At a stated meeting of Commandery No. 1, New-York, held Wednesday evening, the following gentlemen were elected Companions of the First Class: Lieut.-Col. James E. McGee, late Sixty-Ninth New-York Volunteers; Surgeon Lot Corbin, late United States Navy.

A Dangerous Ferry-Boat.—The old ferry-boat *Nebraska*, plying on the Grand-street ferry to South Seventh-street, Williamsburgh, is said to be exceedingly unseaworthy, and citizens who are compelled to cross in her, ask that she be withdrawn before the Winter weather sets in.

Slight Fires.—At 9 o'clock last evening, a fire occurred on the fourth floor of No. 100 Bayard-street, occupied by Jacobus Wiseman, caused by the explosion of a kerosene lamp, and was extinguished with a few pails of water before any damage had been done.

NEW-JERSEY.

Railroad Accident—Two Cars Thrown from the Track by a Mail Bag.—Yesterday morning, as the 8:40 Washington train was crossing Grove-street, Jersey City, a mail bag accidentally fell from the mail car, and getting caught in the wheels of the next to the last car, threw the two last cars from the rail. The displaced cars first struck the gate post on the south side, knocking it down, and then demolishing the gate-tender's house, of which it tore down the fence for several hundred feet, or nearly to Barrow-street, also tearing up the track and breaking the cross-ties for some distance. A telegraph pole standing beside the track was cut through, leaving the upper portion suspended by the wires. Strange to say, none of the passengers were injured, and the cars were found to have sustained no damage beyond having the paint scraped off. Mr. Campbell, an engineer, was buried beneath the ruins of the gate-tender's house, in which he was standing at the time, but was extricated unharmed. The letter bag was cut to pieces, but the letters were all picked up. The wreck was speedily cleared and the track restored, travel being delayed less than an hour.

Probable Fatal Accident.—The driver—name unknown—of one of Betz' beer wagons, Forty-fourth-street, New-York, fell beneath the wheels of his wagon while crossing the Hoboken meadows, his skull being so severely fractured thereby that his recovery is considered doubtful.

For 29 years Messrs. Miller & Co. dealt in boots and shoes at No. 387 Canal-street, building up a reputation among the enterprising and upright merchants of this City. But the manifest destiny of all New-York trade is toward Spuyten Duyvil and Kings Bridge, and so, Miller & Co. have removed to a fine establishment at No. 3 Union-square, next to Fourteenth-street. The spacious salesrooms are fitted up as becomes the locality, which, in five years, will be the centre of the retail trade, and with thorough workmen and intimate knowledge of all the demands of the trade, the firm promises to become as notable a feature of the new locality as their store was an honorable landmark of the old.—*New York Tribune.*

Grapes and Pure Wines.

Dr. Underhill's fine Croton Point Grapes, so well known to the public for the past twenty-five years, are now in market, and may be had at his grape and pure wine depot, No. 744 Broadway, corner of Astor-place.

The Doctor's wines are made from his ripest grapes alone, and are perfectly pure. They have been before the public for about ten years, and have received the highest commendations from the Press and many of the best judges of wine in this country, and the unqualified recommendations of the leading physicians of this City, as a pure, bracing tonic and a palatable and wholesome table wine. The Ports and Sherries are very highly esteemed, while the sparkling and still Catawbas are unsurpassed by any wines in this country.—*Advertisement.*

A Card.

Arrangements have been made by a number of the most skilled dentists of this City, to enable people of moderate means to avail themselves of the highest scientific skill and latest improvements known to the dental profession. The current prices now charged for the best dentistry are so high that really none but the rich can afford to pay for it. Feeling that the great benefits of the dental specialty as practiced by first-class dentists, ought not to be confined to the rich alone, the gentlemen above referred to have concluded to give a portion of each day to those who are unable to pay high prices, and to fill and insert teeth in the very best possible manner for such prices as each person applying can afford to pay. The practice will embrace not only the filling of decayed teeth, the insertion of artificial teeth, but also the treatment of the diseases of the teeth, gums, jaws, mouth and the extraction of teeth without pain.

All who apply may rely upon receiving all the attention, care and skill which they could obtain in the office of any dentist of the highest rank in this City, for any amount of money that might be paid. For the present this movement is placed in charge of Dr. C. P. Fitch, Ex-President of the American Dental Association and of the New-York Society of Dental Surgeons, also late Professor of Anatomy and Dental Physiology in the New-York Institute of Dental Science and Art. Patients will be received at his office, No. 113 9th-st., between Broadway and University-place. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. On Sundays from 2 to 4 P. M. to relieve pain.—*Advertisement.*

An Old and Well-Tried Remedy.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething, has stood the test of years. Millions of mothers can testify that it is reliable and perfectly safe in all cases. Relieves the child from pain, softens the gums, regulates the bowels, gives an infant troubled with colic pains quiet sleep, and its parents unbroken rest. Price 35 cents a bottle.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Caution.

We call attention to the fact that *imitations* of our fine ELECTRO-PLATE, consisting of Dinner, Dessert, Tea Services, &c., are extensively produced by American manufacturers; also, that there are English imitations in market, both of inferior quality. These goods are offered for sale by many dealers, and are well calculated to deceive. Purchasers can only detect and avoid counterfeits by noting our trade mark, thus:

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"Oh! That Will be Joyful!"—When men and women throw "physic to the dogs," and when a trifle out of order, or to prevent getting out of order, take PLANTATION BITTERS. Are you dyspeptic, nervous, jaundiced, hy'pped, low spirited, weak, or are you sick and don't know what ails you? We have been—and were recommended to try the PLANTATION BITTERS—which we did with great satisfaction and entire success. Delicate females, clergymen, merchants, lawyers and persons of sedentary habits are particularly benefited by these Bitters. The sale is perfectly enormous.

MAGNOLIA WATER is a delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne, and at half the price.

Universal Exposition, Paris, 1867.

STEINWAY & SONS TRIUMPHANT, having been awarded the FIRST GRAND GOLD MEDAL for American pianos in all three styles exhibited, this medal being distinctly classified *first* in order of merit by the unanimous verdict of the International Jury.

Warerooms, Nos. 109 and 111 East 14th-st.

The Laundry.

COLGATE & CO. put up for use of families a perfectly pure and economical LAUNDRY SOAP, cut in pieces, to **facilitate drying** and for convenience in use. It may be had of all first-class family grocers, or at the salesroom of the manufacturers, Nos. 53 and 55 John-st., New-York.

Warnock's Dress Hat for Gentlemen, is the only new style out, and is decidedly attractive. No. 519 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

Hull's Family Soap.

Unadulterated, absolutely pure. Full weight. Sold by all grocers. J. C. HULL'S SON, No. 32 Park-row, New-York.

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Torrey's Patent Weather Strips.—No wind, dust, snow or rain can penetrate where these strips are used. Save half the fuel. Warranted for five years. E. S. & J. TORREY & CO., No. 72 Maiden-lane, N. Y.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Exposition Universal, Paris, 1867.

The HOWE MACHINE COMPANY—ELIAS HOWE, JR.—No. 699 Broadway, New-York, awarded, OVER EIGHTY-TWO COMPETITORS, THE ONLY CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR and GOLD MEDAL given to American Sewing-machines.

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A Silver Medal which was the highest prize awarded at the Paris Exposition, July, 1867, for Sewing-Machines (as such) was given to the Florence—the best family Sewing-Machine in the world. No. 505 Broadway.

Fuller & Barnum's New Tuck Creaser and Self-Guide and Baster combined, for all sewing-machines, $4. No. 645 Broadway, New-York.

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The Most Exquisite Gift which can be proffered to a lady is a case of PHALON & SON'S Extract of the NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS. As soon as introduced, this new perfume was recognized as the finest, the purest and most permanent in existence, by the whole fashionable world this side of the Atlantic.

Chickering & Sons, Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Piano-fortes, were awarded at the Paris Exposition the First Grand Prize, the Legion of Honor and a Grand Gold Medal, making 59 first premiums during the past 44 years. Warerooms, No. 652 Broadway.

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The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Ladies about refurnishing are re-quested to examine the Parisian novelties in UPHOLSTERY GOODS,
Now opened at
WALRAVEN'S, No. 866 Broadway.

MARRIED.

Cortis—McGuinness.—At St. Mary's Church, Brooklyn, on Thursday, Oct. 3, by Rev. D. V. M. Johnson, John C. Cortis to Maggie McGuinness, both of Brooklyn.

Constant—Keene.—On Monday, Sept. 30, at Hyde Park, N. Y., by Rev. Mr. Purdy, Edward W. Constant, Esq., to Miss Mary E., daughter of the late Col. Keene, of Louisiana. No cards.

Ferguson—Jackson.—At Trinity Church, on Thursday, Oct. 3, by Rev. Morgan Dix, D. D., assisted by Rev. E. A. Hoffman, D. D., and Rev. T. McKee Brown, Rev. George W. Ferguson to Helena V., daughter of James Jackson, Esq., of Jersey City.

Folsom—Fuller.—On Tuesday, Oct. 1, at St. Michael's Church, Brattleboro, Vt., by Rev. Mr. Smith, assisted by Rev. Mr. Morris, Mr. Geo. Winthrop Folsom, of New-York, to Miss Fannie E. H., third daughter of Wm. H. Fuller, Esq., of New-York City.

Harding—Goodell.—In this City, on Tuesday, Oct. 1, by Rev. E. P. Rogers, D. D., Wm. Frederick Harding, of Savannah, Ga., to Emily Louisa Goodell, of this City.

Libby—Adams.—In this City, on Wednesday, Oct. 2, at the West Presbyterian Church, by Rev. Thos. S. Hastings, D. D., Frank M. Libby to Henrietta, youngest daughter of E. K. Adams, Esq., all of this City.

Mabbatt—Rogers.—At Branford, Conn., on Wednesday, Oct. 2, by Rev. E. C. Baldwin, Samuel R. Mabbatt, Jr., of New-York, to Emily N. Rogers, of the former place.

McCrea—Waldron.—On Tuesday, Oct. 1, at the First Presbyterian Church, Waterford, Saratoga County, N. Y., by Rev. Arthur T. Pierson, D. D., John Edwards McCrea, of New-York City, to Mary, daughter of Abraham Waldron, Esq., of the former place.

Sutton—Stow.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, May 7, 1867, by Rev. J. W. Leek, Richard B. Sutton and Arabella, daughter of John E. Stow, all of Brooklyn.

Whittaker—Shirley.—At the Church of the Holy Communion, on Thursday, Oct. 3, by Rev. Dr. Flagg, assisted by Rev. Dr. Muhlenberg, Thomas Whittaker to Ellen H., youngest daughter of the late Wm. W. Shirley, Esq.

Wood—Lawrence.—At Christ Church, Piermont, N. Y., on Thursday, Oct. 3, by Rev. S. G. Hitchcock, Richard V. D. Wood to Josie, daughter of John J. Lawrence, Esq., all of Piermont.

DIED.

Baxter.—In Hudson City, N. J., on Wednesday, Oct. 2, Eliza V., wife of Elisha W. Baxter, and daughter of the late W. A. Houghton, in the 34th year of her age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral at her late residence, in Cottage-st., on Friday afternoon at 3 P. M. Her remains will be taken to Cold Spring for interment.

Cammann.—At Geneva, N. Y., on Friday, Sept. 27, in his 33d year, Edward Cammann, son of O. J. Cammann, Esq., formerly of this City.

Greene.—On Wednesday, Oct. 2, Emma E., wife of Wm. A. Greene, and daughter of Richard and Susan M. Ryan.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from her late residence, No. 157 South 1st-st., Williamsburgh, on Saturday, the 5th inst., at 2 o'clock.

Graham.—At her residence, No. 239 Lafayette-av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Oct. 2, Mrs. Laura G. Graham, daughter of the late Joseph and Sarah M. Giraud.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Saturday, the 5th inst., at 12 o'clock M., from the Presbyterian Church in 5th-av., corner of 19th-st., New-York.

Havens.—At Communipaw, N. J., on Tuesday evening, Oct. 1, Sarah Gertrude, the beloved wife of Valentine Havens, and daughter of the late Abraham Britton, Esq., in the 38th year of her age.

The funeral will take place on Friday afternoon, Oct. 4, at 2 o'clock, at the Reformed Dutch Church, Lafayette, to which the friends of the family are invited without further notice.

Kernochan.—On Thursday, Oct. 3, Reta Seymour, youngest daughter of James P. and Catherine L. Kernochan, aged 5 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from Grace Church, Broadway and 10th-st., on Saturday, the 5th inst., at 10 o'clock, without further notice.

Lecour.—On Thursday, Oct. 3, Peter G. Lecour, in the 25th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 8 East 18th-st., on Saturday afternoon, Oct. 5, at 1 o'clock.

Mitchell.—On Thursday, Oct. 3, after a short and severe illness, James Lander, second son of Andrew and Margaret Ann Mitchell, aged 3 years, 9 months and 4 days.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

O'Connor.—On Wednesday, Oct. 2, Catherine, wife of Peter O'Connor, in the 66th year of her age.

The friends of the family and those of her brothers-in-law, Nicholas Walsh and James Dempsey, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral this day, (Friday,) at 1½ o'clock, from No. 385 9th-av. The remains will be interred in Calvary Cemetery.

Schenck.—On Wednesday morning, Oct. 2, at Bushwick, L. I., Henry V. Schenck, aged 39 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral on Saturday, Oct. 5, at 1½ o'clock P. M., from the residence of his father-in-law, Chas. J. De Bevoise, De Bevoise-av., near Meeker-av. Carriages will be in attendance at Grand and Houston st. Ferries, at 1 o'clock.

Walter.—At Harlem, on Tuesday morning, Oct. 1, Mrs. Julia B., wife of Thomas H. Walter, and daughter of Wells Goodhue, Esq., Brattleboro', Vt., in the 34th year of her age.

The funeral will be held on Friday afternoon, Oct. 4, at 4½ o'clock, at St. Andrew's Church, 127th-st., near 4th-av. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

A CARD.—MOURNING GOODS OF EVERY DEsirable kind, constantly on hand, at JACKSON'S mourning-store, No. 551 Broadway, opposite Tiffany & Co.'s. Prices very reasonable.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Great Britain and the Continent, via Southampton and Hamburg, per steamer HAMMONIA, and for Ireland via Queenstown, per steamer CITY OF ANTWERP, and for the German States via per steamer ——, will close at this office on SATURDAY, Oct. 5, at 10:30 A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows: Stations A and B, 8:45 A. M.; Stations C, O and D, 8:30 A. M.; Stations E and F, 8:10 A. M.; Station G, 8 A. M. JAMES KELLY, P. M.

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Attention is invited to the following testimonials, selected from the many in Dr. Lighthill's possession, from distinguished parties who had been under his professional care.

FROM REV. S. J. CORNEILLE,
Rector of All Saints' Church, New-York.
No. 39 Gouverneur-st., New-York.

Dr. Lighthill:

Dear Sir: It is with great pleasure I tender you this acknowledgment of my appreciation of the benefit that I have derived from your treatment. I present it that others who may be suffering from like causes as myself, may, through the publication of my experience, learn that under your care relief can be obtained.

I have been afflicted with catarrh for many years, which at one time threatened the loss of my voice, and undermined my general health to such an extent as to necessitate a suspension of my pastoral duties. Two months of your medical treatment, however, afforded me such invaluable relief that I was enabled to resume my duties, and to perform them now without the slightest inconvenience.

Having the highest appreciation of your medical skill and with many thanks for uniform kindness and courtesy, I am, dear Sir,

Yours, very gratefully,
S. J. CORNEILLE,
Rector of All Saints' Church.

FROM C. C. WAITE, ESQ.,
Proprietor of the Brevoort House, New-York.
TO THE PUBLIC.

Having experienced in my own case the beneficial effects of the skill and experience of Dr. LIGHTHILL in the treatment of Catarrh, and knowing of his success in many other cases treated by him, I take pleasure in recommending him to my friends and the public.

C. C. WAITE.

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READY RELIEF,
INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL,
WILL
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and speedily cure all rheumatic, neuralgic, nervous and malarious complaints, Asiatic cholera, diarrhœa and bowel complaints, sick and nervous headache.
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Have just received an extensive variety of their well-known Standard Editions of the Bible, American Episcopal Prayer Books and Church Services, in all sizes of type and of entirely new patterns for the Fall Trade, which they now offer for sale at the lowest importing prices.
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POLITICAL.

A REGULAR MEETING OF THE CONSTITUTIONAL UNION GENERAL COMMITTEE will be held this FRIDAY EVENING, at their headquarters, Masonic Hall, No. 114 East 13th-st., to hear the report in reference to the release of Cols. Nagle and Warren, &c. Reporters admitted.

DANL. B. NORTHRUP, President.
H. J. BANKER, Secretary.

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Coupon, 1881.....	110⅝	110⅝	Gold..........	145⅝	145¾
5-20 Regist'd '62.	104⅞	104⅞	June, 7.30.......	106⅜	106⅜
5-20 Coupon, '62.	112¼	112⅜	July, 7.30	106⅜	106⅝
5-20 Coupon, '64.	108⅜	108⅝	Dec., comp'ds. '64	118⅛	118⅜
5-20 Coupon, '65.	108¾	108⅞	May, comp'ds. '65	117	117¼
5-20 C. '65 Jan&Jly	107⅛	107⅜	Aug., comp'ds. '65	116⅛	116⅜
5-20 Coupon, '67..	107⅜	107⅝	Sept., comp'ds. '65	115⅝	115⅞
10-40 Reg........	99⅝	100	Oct., comp'ds. '65	115½	115⅝

ALL CLASSES OF UNITED STATES FUNDS

Credited or Remitted for on Receipt, at Market Rates, FREE OF ALL COMMISSION CHARGES

BANKING HOUSE OF

JAY COOKE & CO.

NO. 20 WALL-ST.,

CORNER OF NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.

We buy and sell at the most liberal current prices, and keep on hand a full supply of

GOVERNMENT BONDS OF ALL ISSUES, SEVEN-THIRTIES AND COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.

And execute orders for purchase and sale of

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

We have added to our office a Retail Department for the accommodation of the public demand for investment in and exchanges of Government Securities, the purchase of GOLD and INTEREST COUPONS, and the sale of INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS.

SEVEN-THIRTIES CONVERTED INTO FIVE-TWENTIES AT THE MOST FAVORABLE RATES.

JAY COOKE & CO.

HATCH, FOOTE & CO.,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, STOCKS, &C.

Buy and Sell all issues of

U. S. BONDS

at MARKET RATES, and EXCHANGE 7-30 Notes, Oct. 3, 1867, as follows:

For JUNE NOTES we give the NEW 5-20 BONDS, and pay $10 75 DIFFERENCE.

For JULY NOTES we give the NEW 5-20 BONDS, and pay $4 75 DIFFERENCE ON EACH $1,000.

No. 12 Wall-st.

SEVEN PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEED RAILROAD BONDS.

The UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW-YORK, as agent, offer for sale the Bonds of the UNION AND LOGANSPORT RAILROAD COMPANY.

These Bonds are First Mortgage Bonds, secured by an ample sinking fund, and guaranteed by a consolidated Railroad Company of 375 miles of central trunk road, and are believed to constitute first-class permanent investment bonds.

For full particulars and terms, apply at office of

UNION TRUST COMPANY,

NO. 73 BROADWAY, corner of Rector-st.

W. F. ALDRICH, Secretary.

FOR SALE.

CITY RAILROAD STOCKS AND BONDS IN ALL THE FIRST-CLASS COMPANIES.

Also a large variety of Insurance and other securities, including CITY and COUNTY BONDS paying good dividends, at the lowest rates for investments, in lots to suit purchasers, by

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,

Stock Broker and Auctioneer, No. 43 Pine-st., N. Y.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

A joint meeting of the stockholders and bondholders of the Rochester City and Brighton Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Secretary of said Company, in the City of Rochester, on TUESDAY, Oct. 8, 1867, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of conference upon matters of vital interest to both. A punctual attendance is requested.

W. F. HOLMES,

Secretary R. C. and B. R. R. Co.

ROCHESTER, Oct. 1, 1867.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELERS.

Exchange on London and Paris,

Sight Drafts on Edinburgh and Glasgow,

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold

At the New-York Stock Exchange.

JAMES G. KING'S SONS,

No. 54 William-st.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,

AMERICAN BANKERS

NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS, AND NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

Issue circular letters of credit to travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c. Also commercial credits.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,

ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD

THE OHIO NATIONAL BANK OF CINCINNATI, July 25, 1867.

TO THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, Washington, D. C.:

SIR: It is hereby certified, in pursuance of section 42 of the act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide a National Currency secured by a pledge of United States Bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, that, at a meeting of the Stockholders of the Ohio National Bank of Cincinnati, located at Cincinnati, in the State of Ohio, duly notified and held pursuant to law and the Articles of Association of said Bank, at the office of said Association, at Cincinnati aforesaid, on the 3d day of July, 1867, it was voted by the Shareholders of said Association, owning more than two-thirds of its stock, that said Association go into liquidation and be closed.

In testimony whereof, I have, by instruction of the Board of Directors of said Association, hereto subscribed my name and affixed the seal of said Association, at Cincinnati aforesaid, the day and year above written.

W. W. BROWN, Cashier.

[Seal of the Bank.]

NOTICE.—The Ohio National Bank of Cincinnati, located in Cincinnati, in the State of Ohio, is closing up its affairs. All note-holders and other creditors of said Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims against the Association for payment.

W. W. BROWN, Cashier.

Dated JULY 25, 1867.

This Bank having been consolidated with the Merchants' National Bank, the notes and other claims against it will be paid at that Bank.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROAD COMPANY, CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 12, 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH A RESOLUTION of its Board of Directors, passed at a meeting held this day, a MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad Company will be held at its office in the City of Cleveland on TUESDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, at 8 o'clock P. M., to consider and vote upon the question of a lease of its road to, and a running arrangement with, the Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula Railroad Company, and of an increase of its capital stock; and likewise to take action upon a proposition for leasing to the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company the joint use of the Cuyahoga River Bridge at Cleveland.

The transfer-books will be closed at 2 o'clock P. M. of Saturday, 28th September instant, and reopened on the morning of Thursday, 10th October, 1867.

WM. F. STAUNTON, Secretary.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, STATE TREASURER'S OFFICE, LANSING, Oct. 1, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN pursuance of Section 7 of an "Act Authorizing a War Loan," approved May 10, 1861, the war loan bonds designated by the following numbers have been drawn for redemption pursuant to said law, and will be paid at the Metropolitan National Bank, in the City of New-York, and the National Insurance Bank, in Detroit, on the 1st day of January, 1868. If not presented for payment interest will then cease:

BONDS OF $1,000.—Nos. 118, 169, 173, 288, 322, 552, 569, 583, 614, 624, 817, 951.

BONDS OF $500.—Nos. 15, 31, 77, 81, 84, 87, 92, 163, 176, 194, 250, 263, 270, 304.

E. O. GROSVENOR, State Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND, PAINESVILLE AND ASHTABULA RAILROAD COMPANY, CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 13, 1867.

NOTICE.—IN ACCORDANCE WITH A RESOLUTION of the Board of Directors of this Company, adopted this day, a Special Meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the office of the Company in the City of Cleveland, on TUESDAY, the 8th day of October next, at 11 o'clock A. M., to vote upon the question of leasing the Railroad of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad Company; also, to vote upon an increase of the capital stock of this Company.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed from September 28th inst., until October 9, 1867.

GEO. B. ELY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL PARK, NORTH AND EAST RIVER R. R. CO., COR. 51ST-ST., AND 10TH-AV., NEW-YORK, Sept. 30, 1867.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SHAREholders of this Company for the election of thirteen Directors and three Inspectors of Election, will be held on the third TUESDAY of October next, (Oct. 15,) at 12 o'clock M. For the convenience of the shareholders the meeting will be held in the Grand Jury Room, U. S. Court Building, No. 41 Chambers-st., first floor.

By order.

SIDNEY E. FORDHAM, Secretary.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—THE INterest on the bonds and stocks of the City and County of New-York, due and payable Nov. 1, 1867, will be paid on that day by Peter B. Sweeny, Esq., Chamberlain of the City, at the Broadway Bank.

The transfer-books will be closed THURSDAY, Oct. 3, 1867.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, Sept. 30, 1867.

NO. 44 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, Aug. 22, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, IN ACCORDANCE with the law of Michigan, that a meeting of shareholders in the Isle Royale Mining Company will be held on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 9, 1867, at the office of the Company in New-York, to consider the subject of selling certain parcels of land not needed for the use of the Company, and to transact any other business.

By Order of the Directors.

F. W. CAPEN, Secretary.

$3,600 TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTgage. Apply to

J. F. WILLIAMS & SON,

No. 76 Cedar-st., from 12 to 3 o'clock.

FINANCIAL.

3 PER CT. CERTIFICATES

ISSUED IN EXCHANGE FOR

OCTOBER AND DECEMBER COMPOUNDS,

WANTED AT A PREMIUM.

1865 COMPOUNDS

BOUGHT AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.

5-20 COUPONS,

DUE NOVEMBER 1,

CASHED IN GOLD,

BY

HENRY A. HEISER'S SONS,

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

NO. 38 WALL-ST.

Fisk & Hatch

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

No. 5 Nassau-street,

BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES, ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF UNITED STATES SECURITIES,

and give especial attention to the conversion of

SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES

INTO THE

NEW FIVE-TWENTY BONDS OF 1865 AND 1867.

Holders of the Sixes of 1881, and Five-twenty Bonds of 1862, and May 1, 1865, may now realize a liberal difference by exchanging them for the new 5-20s of 1865-7. We are prepared to make these exchanges upon the most favorable terms.

Deposits received and collections made.

FISK & HATCH, No. 5 Nassau-st.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, OFFICE NO. 135 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Sept. 27, 1867.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF Directors held this day, John H. Washburn, late Assistant Secretary, was appointed Secretary of this Company, in place of John McGee, deceased.

CHAS. J. MARTIN, President.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Redstock Petroleum Company will meet on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 3½ o'clock, at No. 9 Pine-st., basement, for the election of officers.

M. W. WILSON, President.

DIVIDENDS.

EIGHTY-THIRD DIVIDEND.

NORTH RIVER INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 2, 1867.

A dividend of five per cent., free from Government tax, upon the capital stock of this Company, for the six months ending 30th of September last, has this day been declared, payable on and after 10th of October inst. The transfer book will be closed from the 3d until the 10th inst.

By order,

JOHN HEGEMAN, Secretary.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO R. R. CO., OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, PITTSBURGH, Sept. 26, 1867.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have declared the regular Quarterly Dividend (No. 15) of 2½ per cent., free of Government tax, for the quarter ending Sept. 30, payable on and after TUESDAY, 15th of October, at the office of Winslow, Lanier & Co., Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., to those registered at New-York, and at the office of the Treasurer to those registered at Pittsburgh.

The transfer-books will close on the 30th inst., at 2 P. M., and will reopen on the 16th of October.

F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY, TONTINE BUILDINGS, NO. 88 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 24, 1867.

FORTY-SECOND DIVIDEND — THE Board of Directors have THIS DAY declared a dividend of six (6) per cent. out of the earnings of the road for the three months ending 30th inst., payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 5th of October next.

Transfer-books will be closed on the afternoon of the 25th inst., and reopened on the morning of the 8th prox.

HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, NO. 270 WEST 30TH-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 3, 1867.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FOUR per cent., free of Government tax, will be paid to stockholders of this Company on the 15th. Transfer-books will be closed on the 8th until the 16th.

C. C. CLARKE, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY, No. 71 Wall-st., NEW-YORK, Oct. 3, 1867.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FIVE per cent., free of Government tax, has this day been declared, payable on demand.

A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK,

1,146 BROADWAY,

Between 26th and 27th sts.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and on Mondays and Fridays from 10 A. M. to 8 P. M.

Interest allowed on deposits at the rate of Six Per Cent., free from Government tax.

Interest commences from the 1st of each and every month.

CHARLES PECK, President.

CHARLES T. RODGERS, Secretary.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK.

Corner 3d-av. and 26th-st.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST paid, free from Government tax on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

All deposits made on or before the 20th of October will draw interest from the 1st of October.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 6 to 8 o'clock.

SPENCER K. GREEN, President.

RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

DIME SAVINGS BANK OF WILLIAMSBURGH,

Cor. South 7th and 1st sts.

Money deposited on or before Oct. 20 will draw interest from Oct. 1. Six per cent. interest on sums up to $5,000 (five thousand) allowed, free of tax.

PETER M. DINGEE, President.

WM. GRANDY, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK.

NEW MARBLE FIRE-PROOF BANKING HOUSE, Nos. 1 and 3 3d-AV., OPPOSITE COOPER INSTITUTE.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free from tax, paid on ALL DEPOSITS from $5 to $5,000. Money deposited on or before the 10th of this month will draw interest from the 1st.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,

Chatham-square, N. Y.

Six per cent. interest allowed on sums from $1 to $5,000. Deposits made now draw interest from Oct. 1.

HARRISSON HALL, President.

J. P. COOPER, Secretary.

C. D. BAILEY, Treasurer.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,

SOUTHWEST CORNER OF BOWERY AND CANAL-ST.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID ON ALL SUMS FROM FIVE TO FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS. MONEY DEPOSITED NOW, OR ON OR BEFORE OCT. 20, WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM OCT. 1.

SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Sec'y. GEO. FOLSOM, Pres't.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

NO. 96 WARREN-ST.

Interest allowed at the rate of Six per cent. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.

VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK, corner of 34th-st. and 8th-av. Six Per Cent. interest paid free of tax. Money deposited on or before the 21st of October will draw interest from the 1st of October. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 6 to 8 o'clock.

JOHN HOOPER, President.

FREDERICK L. VULTE, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-AV., CORNER OF 14TH-ST.—Six per cent. interest paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before Oct. 10, will draw interest from Oct. 1.

R. H. MACLAY, President.

S. S. CONSTANT, Vice-President.

R. H. BULL, Secretary.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-AV., corner 42d-st. Open daily. Interest 6 per cent. on all sums of $5 and upward. Deposits made before the 21st draw interest from the 1st of October.

SAMUEL NEWBY, President.

JAMES F. CHAMBERLAIN, Secretary.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!

BRAUNSDORF & METZ, successors to Weil & Braunsdorf, offer their stock of well-assorted furniture, consisting of parlor, sitting-room, library, bedroom and dining-room suites, of the latest styles, to the public, at wholesale prices, at Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., between Essex and Norfolk sts.

N. B.—All goods warranted.

FURNITURE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Rosewood, Walnut and Mahogany Parlor and Chamber Furniture.

Dining-room Suites.

Spring and Hair Mattresses, &c., &c.

Enameled and Chamber Furniture, by

DEGRAAF & TAYLOR,

Nos. 87 and 89 Bowery, No. 65 Chrystie-st., and Nos. 130 and 132 Hester-st., entrance No. 87 Bowery.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

SPRINGMEYER BROS.

LATE J. H. BELTER & CO.

FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE,

PATENT ROSEWOOD BEDSTEADS,

PATENT ROSEWOOD BUREAUS,

(one lock controlling four drawers.)

Also, Rosewood, Black Walnut and Oak Library, Dining and Bedroom Furniture.

No. 722 Broadway, New-York.

Factory, 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

CARRIAGES FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND, two light coaches, two coupes, two top buggies, several rockaways; also all styles new carriages and harness at C. WITTY'S Carriage Depot, No. 1 Broadway, near Bleecker-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE can be accommodated with first-class board, and a large well-furnished room in second story, and something of the comforts of a home, in a private family, where the only other boarders are a similar party; location 47th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Address W. P. L., Box No. 4,461 Post-office.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE CAN OBTAIN permanent board and a quiet home in a strictly private family in Brooklyn, 25 minutes from ferries; no other boarders; large furnished front room, with gas, bath, hot and cold water and register; adjoining room if wanted; organ and piano in parlor; cars every six minutes day and night; terms $18, including everything. Address M., Box 3,739 New-York Post-office.

A LADY WHO FINDS HERSELF SUDDENLY without income, having a comfortable cottage on Staten Island, near Factoryville Landing, would like to take two or three persons to board for the Winter at an economical rate; gentlemen preferred; references exchanged. Address M. B. W., care of Johnson & Higgins, No. 89 Wall-st.

WANTED—FROM NOV. 15 TO MAY 1 TWO good-sized airy bedrooms, with hall-room and a comfortable parlor, with first-class private table; family consists of lady and gentleman, two children, under 3 years of age, and two servants; unexceptional references given and required. Address Box No. 2,896 Post-office, New-York City.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, RESIDING IN THE immediate vicinity of Madison-square and Fifth-avenue Hotel, above 23d-st., will rent the first and second floors of a first-class house, with private table, to a family willing to pay liberally. Address B., Box No. 5,793 Post-office.

PLEASANT ROOMS AND BOARD FOR the Winter may be obtained of the advertiser at his country residence; liberal table, library, piano, &c.; terms moderate. Address H. E., Town of Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y.

A PRIVATE FAMILY IN 47TH-ST., near 6th-av., desire to rent a large room on their parlor floor, to a single gentleman or to a gentleman and wife, with or without board. Address Box No. 1,657 New-York Post-office, naming references.

PERMANENT BOARD CAN BE HAD, with rooms en suite or singly, in a private house, beautifully situated, only three minutes' walk from depot, 45 minutes from City by rail. Address R. T., Box No. 119 Times Office.

A GENTLEMAN DESIRES A PLEASANT room with board, in a private family, where he can enjoy all the comforts of a home; location between 8th and 34th sts. and 3d and 7th avs. Address, stating terms, S. W., Box No. 368 Post-office.

NO. 12 EAST 16TH-ST., BETWEEN BROADWAY AND 5TH-AV.—Suites of four communicating rooms on second floor; hot and cold water and bath-room connected; with or without board. Also, a few single rooms without board.

NO. 341 WEST 30TH-ST., BETWEEN 8th and 9th avs.—A large front room to let, with board, unfurnished except carpet and curtains; also, a parlor and bedroom furnished; location good; family small; references exchanged.

NO. 63 CLINTON-PLACE.—A FEW FIRST-class families can be accommodated with board and fine suites of rooms, parlors and small rooms attached, newly and elegantly furnished. Best references will be required.

NO. 55 WEST 11TH-ST., ONE DOOR FROM 5th-av.; location unsurpassed; suites of rooms in every respect first class, with private table; a few rooms for single gentlemen; references exchanged. Apply as above.

PRIVATE FAMILY HAS TWO NICELY furnished rooms, with first-class board, for gentlemen and wives; also back parlor, partially furnished; house modern and pleasant; dinner at 6. No. 137 (old No. 99) West 20th-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—THIRD-STORY front room and hall bedroom, in Madison-av., near 28th-st., to let to two gentlemen, with or without breakfast; private family. Address, with references, MADISON, Box No. 164 Times Office.

A PRIVATE FAMILY LIVING IN A first-class brown-stone house and location, will rent two or three rooms with board to select parties at fair rates with home comforts. Call at No. 134 East 14th-st., (old No.)

ONE BLOCK AND A HALF FROM COOPER Institute, a large parlor floor; also rooms on second and third floors, for gentlemen and their wives and single gentlemen; good table; terms moderate. No. 73 7th-st.

A PARLOR AND BEDROOM ON THE second floor and other desirable rooms can be had with board, at 117 East 17th-st., seven doors east of Union-square.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A YOUNG MAN IN a private Christian family, above 26th-st., and between 3d and 6th avs.; references exchanged. Address P. B. R., Station G.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND wife, in a private family, or where there are few boarders; noon dinner preferred. Address stating terms, J. SELDEN, Box No. 2,963 Post-office.

BOARD WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN AND wife in a perfectly private family; references given and required. Address Box No. 5,662, New-York Post-office.

A SUITE OF FURNISHED APARTMENTS (with dressing-room, bath, &c.;) also two single rooms, to let to gentlemen only, at 70 West 4th-st., opposite Washington-square. References required.

ROOMS FURNISHED IN 10TH-ST., near the 4th-av., for gentlemen; family strictly private, and of the very highest respectability and social position. Address SOCIAL, Box No. 116 Times Office.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SECOND floor, replete with every essential to comfort, also other rooms, at the first-class house No. 48 West 15th-st.; unexceptionable references exchanged.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, AT NO. 48 WEST 12th-st., can accommodate a gentleman and wife and two gentlemen with furnished rooms and board; servants and children not taken; references required.

WANTED—ROOMS WITH BOARD, BY A clergyman, wife, child and nurse, between 14th and 34th sts., and Lexington and 7th avs. Address J. L. S., Box No. 502 Post-office.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET pleasant rooms, with board, to gentleman and wife or single gentleman; location desirable. Apply at No. 331 West 32d-st.

A FRENCH FAMILY WISHES TO LET, with board, one or two well-furnished rooms to gentlemen anxious of practicing the language; references. No. 133 East 17th-st.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE MAY HAVE a pleasant front room and board in a small private family. Terms reasonable. Call, for two days, at No. 141 East 27th-st. References exchanged.

22D-ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—Large and well furnished rooms with board; references required and given. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Esq., No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—TO A GENTLEMAN, WITHOUT board, a nicely furnished room, with every convenience; location central and desirable; no boarders or lodgers. Address W. H., Box No. 2,875 Post-office.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS, with board; one floor of five rooms, elegantly frescoed and furnished. No. 48 East 11th-st. References exchanged.

BOARD—PRIVATE TABLE, A SPACIOUS drawing-room, bedroom, furnished or unfurnished, &c., is offered in a good modern house, with heaters, &c. No. 218 (new number) West 40th-st.

CHILDREN BOARDED AND TAUGHT, and kindly cared for; also, old people boarded in a nice, healthy location. Terms very low. Address L. B., Station A.

NO. 145 EAST 21ST-ST., GRAMERCY PARK—Elegantly furnished rooms, en suite, with parlors, suitable for families, with board; also, single rooms for gentlemen; house and location first class.

NO. 64 IRVING-PLACE, CORNER OF 18th-st.—A few beautiful rooms to let, furnished or partially furnished, to gentlemen, in a very desirable location.

NO. 44 JANE-ST., NEAR ABINGDON-SQUARE, on second floor, with first-class board, two square rooms, connecting, suitable for a gentleman and wife or four single gentlemen; also, hall room.

NO. 36 EAST 12TH-ST., BETWEEN BROADway and University-place; a handsome suite of rooms on second floor; with or without parlor on first floor; first-class private table; references.

NO. 76 5TH-AV., NEAR DELMONICO'S, handsomely furnished and desirable rooms to let, en suite or single, with or without board; terms moderate. References exchanged.

NO. 239 EAST 18TH-ST., NEAR STUYVESANT PARK—Handsomely furnished rooms, en suite or single, to let with board; references required.

NO. 15 WEST 24TH-ST.—HANDSOME suites of rooms to let, with or without private table; reference given and required.

NO. 16 EAST 18TH-ST., NEW NO. 11.—To let, with board, a pleasant third-floor front room and hall room connecting; together or separately.

NO. 15 WEST 20TH-ST.—ELEGANT rooms, second story, front; family small; highest reference required.

NO. 39 (NEW NUMBER) WEST 24TH-st.—Choice furnished rooms for gentlemen; location desirable; near the best hotels.

NO. 34 WEST 21ST-ST.—TWO RICHLY furnished square rooms and hall bedroom, with first-class board.

NO. 15 WEST 20TH-ST.—TWO FRONT suites of rooms, with board, each suitable for two persons.

NO. 4 EAST 10TH-ST.—ONE DOOR EAST of 5th-av.; suites of rooms to let, with private table only.

MURRAY HILL, NEAR 5TH-AV.—FURnished rooms, en suite or single, with board, at No. 40 West 38th-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENtlemen, without board, at No. 8 East 22d-st. References exchanged.

A COMPLETE SUITE OF ROOMS, SECond story, to rent, with private table, at No. 140 5th-av., corner 19th-st.

HOBOKEN.—SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS for two gentlemen with a private American family, in that splendid location, No. 100 River Terrace.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS, with first-class board, on Madison-square. Address H. C., Box No. 763 Post-office.

TWO LARGE SECOND-FLOOR ROOMS (not front) with closets, bath and gas, can be had, with liberal table, on applying at No. 5 Gramercy Park.

TWO VERY HANDSOME ROOMS ON the second floor will be rented together or separately, at No. 28 University-place, with full or partial board.

ROOMS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED—En suite or single, with first-class board, on Madison-square. Address C. H., Box No. 763 Post-office.

BOARDING.—FURNISHED AND UNFURnished rooms, en suite or single, to let with first-class board at No. 8 East 30th-st. References required.

BOARDING.—PLEASANT ROOMS SUITABLE for gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen, at No. 34 West 29th-st.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—SUPERIOR ACcommodations, with board, for a gentleman and wife. Apply at No. 85 Montague-st.

BROOKLYN.—BOARD—NO. 74 CLARK-ST. A square room or suite of rooms, furnished or unfurnished; location central; references required.

ROOMS TO RENT WITH BOARD AT No. 54 West 17th-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET AT No. 18 Macdougal-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR GENTLEMEN. Apply at No. 110 East 22d-st.

NEWLY-FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT to gentlemen at No. 16 West 29th-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARD WANTED IN THE CITY, BELOW 28th-st., for two gentlemen, three ladies and a young girl; plain accommodations and moderate terms expected. Address, with full particulars, W. H., Box No. 254 Times Office.

BROOKLYN BOARD WANTED—NEAR Fulton av. car route, for a gentleman, wife and two children (6 and 12,) occupying three rooms; best of reference given and required. Address C. D. E., Brooklyn Post-office.

A SECOND FLOOR, THREE LARGE and one hall bedroom, all connecting and well lighted, elegantly furnished, with or without board, together with a suite on third floor; house modern; family private. No. 54 East 23d-st., near 5th-av.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS TO LET to gentlemen. No. 100 W. 22d-st., corner 6th-av.

TO LET.

A BROADWAY STORE TO LET.

No. 245; the second, third and fourth floors, 25x114½ feet each, let together or singly; with 12½x25 feet floors, hatchway and entrance on Murray-st. Inquire of ORANGE JUDD & CO., No. 41 Park-row.

TO SPECULATORS AND CAPITALISTS.

A SPLENDID CORNER ON

BROADWAY, CORNER OF 23D-ST.,

102 feet 6 inches on Broadway, and

92 feet 11 inches on 23d-st.,

TO LEASE FOR 21 YEARS, FROM MAY 1, 1868.

ALSO,

TO LEASE FOR THE SAME TERM,

THE CORNER OF BROADWAY AND 22D-ST.,

102 feet 6 inches on Broadway, and

122 feet 6 inches on 22d-st.

For terms, apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED, FOR ONE OR TWO years, a large stone cottage, with 17 acres of land, pleasantly located on Fordham Heights, near Jerome Park; house well furnished, and contains furnace, range and water; location healthy and easy of access by railroad or steamboat; there is a good carriage-house and all necessary outbuildings on premises; a pleasant and desirable Summer or Winter residence. For rent, &c., apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, UNTIL MAY 1, AT Bergen Point, a cottage containing seven rooms, and good kitchen and servant's accommodation; house handsomely furnished and heated by furnace; within twelve minutes' walk of railway station, and five minutes from steamboat landing; rent $100 per month. Apply on the premises to T. DUNKIN PARET, Church-st., Bergen Point.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—THE EXtra-size brown-stone house No. 23 East 22d-st.; house 34½ feet wide, elegantly furnished and replete with modern conveniences; will be rented to strictly private family only. For further particulars and permits apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET AN elegant suite of rooms on first floor, containing all modern improvements, separate water-closet, &c., with private table, or three rooms on third floor. No. 195 West 30th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.; near 23d-st. stages; fine house and location.

TO LET—THE NEW FIRST-CLASS THREE-story high-stoop brown-stone house, 51st-st., second house east of 6th-av.; immediate possession. Apply from 11 till 2 to S. T. ROSS, No. 67 Exchange-place, Room No. 2.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone house, extra width, with furniture, situated in East 40th-st., very near 5th-av. For particulars and permits, apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE IN FINEST PART of Brooklyn; a first-class, handsomely furnished three-story house to let in Clermont-av., near Lafayette-av., at reasonable rent. Call at Room No. 9, No. 29 William-st., New-York.

A BROWN-STONE HOUSE, ACCESSIBLY located, to rent for $3,000. If desirable, the gentleman and wife would remain to board. First-class reference given and required. Address R. S. T., Station G.

TO LET—ON THE SOUND, 20 MILES FROM the City, a fully, very elegantly furnished and charmingly located residence, furnace; a span of fine horses, two cows, &c.; $150 per month. Inquire of G. G. ROBERSON, New Rochelle.

TO RENT—IN BLOOMFIELD, N. J., TO A small family, without children, part of a large house, fronting the Park, ornamental grounds, vegetable garden, stabling, &c. Apply to E. WILDE & CO., Bloomfield.

TO RENT—ON 34TH-ST., FOR THE WINTER, an elegantly furnished four-story brick house; rent, $400 a month; to a private family only. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED house, No. 47 Lafayette-place, to a private family only; possession immediately. Apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO LET.—BROOKLYN—GENTEEL THREE-story extension dwelling; good order and neighborhood; gas chandeliers; water; immediate possession. Apply at 102 Ryerson-st., near Myrtle-avenue cars.

TO RENT—ON 5TH-AV., NEAR 34TH-ST., TO A private family, a very desirable house, well furnished, for the Winter. Rent, $500 per month. Permit of E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—TO LET—MODERN COTTAGE, 9 rooms; three minutes from depot; fruit and shade trees; good view; furniture for sale low; rent $500. Apply to BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 243 Broadway.

AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED HOUSE to let, in 15th-st., near Irving-place, to private family only. Permits of BRYAN & CO., No. 58 Liberty-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, BACK PARLOR AND room on third floor; strictly private family. Apply at No. 34 Charles-st.

TO PHYSICIANS.—A VERY DESIRABLE office for a physician to let cheap at No. 76 5th-av., between 13th and 14th sts.

DESK ROOM—AT ROOM NO. 13, NO. 117 Broadway, one flight up, handsomely furnished.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

HOUSE WANTED.

Wanted, a good house, well furnished, eligibly situated south of 34th-st., between 4th and 6th avs., for a small private family, till May ensuing. Address Box No. 1,316 Post-office.

WANTED—A THREE-STORY BUILDING, with power, suitable for a foundry, machine-shop and factory. Address FOUNDRY, Box No. 103 Times Office, stating location, terms, &c.

WANTED—AN OFFICE FOR A PHYSICIAN; must be between 28th and 40th sts. and 7th and 3d avs.; English basement preferred. Address, stating terms, T., Box No. 145 Times Office.

WANTED—TO HIRE OR PURCHASE IN THIS City or Brooklyn, a small house. Address, with full particulars, which must be reasonable, HOUSE, Box No. 130 Times Office.

FURNISHED HOUSES WANTED.—PARties desirous of renting their houses, furnished or unfurnished, will please send particulars to office of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

FIFTY UNFURNISHED HOUSES WANTed for good tenants, by S. W. BENEDICT, No. 10 Pine-st.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

DISSOLUTION.

The limited partnership of STONE, NICHOLS & STONE is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

J. FOULKE STONE,
WM. S. NICHOLS,
GEO. E. STONE, } General Partners.
HENRY A. STONE, } Special Partner.
By his Att'y J. Foulke Stone,

Dated NEW-YORK, Oct. 1, 1867.

COPARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the name of STONE, NICHOLS & CO., and will continue the business of the late firm of STONE, NICHOLS & STONE as Bankers and Brokers at No. 50 Wall-st.

WM. S. NICHOLS,
GEO. E. STONE,
J. FOULKE STONE,
WM. L. JENKINS, JR.

Dated NEW-YORK, Oct. 1, 1867.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of J. J. MERIAN & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. J. J. MERIAN retiring. Either partner will sign in liquidation.

J. J. MERIAN,
ALFRED MERIAN.

NEW-YORK, 30th September, 1867.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned will continue the business of the late firm of J. J. MERIAN & CO., under the firm name of ALFRED MERIAN & CO., Mr. J. J. MERIAN remaining special partner.

ALFRED MERIAN,
JACQUES FORRER.

NEW-YORK, 1st October, 1867.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$5,000 TO $10,000.—ANY PERSON possessing this amount can buy the entire stock, machinery, fixtures and good will of a profitable and well-established manufacturing business; the business is protected by two patents, and has yielded a net profit of nearly $5,000 the present season. Full information and every particular will be given by addressing or calling on N. H., No. 177 Railroad-av., corner of New-York-av., Newark, N. J., top floor.

FOR SALE.—A FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS, which can be successfully established in every city and large town East, West or South; is particularly adapted for California. Can be operated with a very small capital; pays a large profit; is protected by letters patent, and in successful operation in this City, where any amount of evidence can be had in its favor. Address, with real signature, E. H. S., Box No. 114 Times Office.

WANTED—A RELIABLE BUSINESS MAN, with capital, to engage with a manufacturing house for the manufacture and sale of goods already having good demand, and will in a short time become standard articles throughout the country. Samples seen and full particulars given, by applying this week to S. A. Lane, No. 168 Bowery. MILLER & HAYWARD.

FOR SALE—A WELL-ESTABLISHED BOOT and shoe factory in Canada, manufacturing 500 pairs daily of all kinds of men's, women's, misses' and children's work, in good running order, and paying well; but the owner is obliged to devote his time exclusively to other business. Address Box No. 4,334 Post-office, New-York.

A YOUNG MAN, WHO IS A GRADUATE of dentistry, with a good practice, would like to take an office with some respectable, well-established dentist in this City; would take charge and make the artificial department a copartnership. Address DENTIST, care of M. M. Johnston & Co., No. 816 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE TO CLOSE THE BUSINESS, a wholesale stock of ready made clothing, well assorted, in one or more lots, at a large reduction from cost, for cash or approved paper; also, a lot of counters tables and shelving. Address Box No. 4,673 Post-office.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORIGINATED the anæsthetic use of nitrous oxide gas administer it in the manner most approved by the medical profession, do nothing but EXTRACT TEETH, and they certainly do that WITHOUT PAIN—so 20,000 patients testify. See their names at the office, No. 19 Cooper Institute.

LOST AND FOUND.

$10 REWARD—LOST IN THE VICINITY OF Grand and Chrystie sts., on Wednesday, Sept. 25, a BLUE COVERED BOOK, I. O. of O. F. The above reward will be paid by J. L. KENDALL, No. 503 Pearl-st.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

S. W. BENEDICT,

No. 10 Pine-st.,

REAL ESTATE AND LOAN BROKER,

Gives special attention to selling and renting first-class houses, both furnished and unfurnished, and obtaining loans on City property. He has for sale nearly all the best dwelling houses on 5th-av. and other first-class locations that are offered in the market.

FOR SALE OR TO LET FURNISHED—The large and elegant house No. 1 University place, corner of Waverley-place, looking into Washington-square, suitable for residence, or for any purpose requiring good light and a prominent location. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—TWO FOUR-STORY HIGH-STOOP brown-stone houses, with French roofs, finished with walnut stairs, walnut trimming, marble tiling and a splendid billiard-room. The plumbing work of these houses is done with Colwell, Shaw & Willard's patent tin-lined pipe, finished complete with all modern improvements; must be seen to be appreciated. Apply on the premises, Nos. 420 and 422 Lexington-av., near 45th-st.

FOR SALE—THE NEW FIRST-CLASS HOUSE, No. 266 Madison-av., 25x60x95; also, the adjoining lot, suitable for conservatory or private stable; front on avenue 50 feet; the house is one of the finest and best built on Murray Hill. Apply as above between 9 A. M. and 4 P. M.

FOR SALE—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, a fine brick high-stoop House, on West 33d-st.; superior location; in fine order, and easy terms; size, 20x50. Apply to J. F. WILLIAMS & SON, No. 76 Cedar-st., from 12 to 3 o'clock.

FOR SALE—FOUR-STORY HIGH-STOOP brown-stone house, full size, in 49th-st., between 6th and 7th-avs. Also, first-class houses in 22d, 38th and 43d sts., near 5th-av. Apply to MYERS & TUCKER, No. 9 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN-stone house No. 9 Gramercy-park, 26 feet 8 in. in front; in good order; private key to park. For particulars and permits apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—FACTORY PROPERTY IN THIS City, in excellent location, with engine, belting, &c., all complete to close a business, is offered at a very low figure. Full particulars with JAMES B. PARSONS, No. 79 Cedar-st.

A FIRST-CLASS CORNER HIGH-STOOP, brown-stone house, ready for occupancy, and two inside houses for sale; all modern improvements; location first-class. Inquire on the premises, northeast corner of 14th-st. and 2d-av. JOHN GLASS.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—THE HOUSE and lot No. 72 5th-av., corner 13th-st.; lot 50x100; a desirable location for business purposes. Apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

A PLOT OF GROUND FOR SALE—OF 100 feet on the southwest corner of 10th-av. and 125 feet on 34th-st., suitable for factory purposes, as two City railroad lines pass it.

$35,000.—FOR SALE, THE FOUR-STORY, high-stoop brown-stone house No. 40 West 38th-st. Can be seen by permit only from SAMUEL HART & CO., No. 43 John-st.

A TWO-STORY BASEMENT AND French attic brick house with brick stable, on 11th-av., near 141st-st.; all improvements. Apply to GEO. W. FANNING, No. 45 Rivington-st.

FOR SALE—ON 128TH-ST., BETWEEN 3D AND 4th avs., three-story brown-stone front-house high-stoop; price $10,000. Apply to G. A. ARNOUX, No. 150 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE AT HARLEM—A LOT ON 1ST-av., 26x100, between 117th and 118th sts. Apply to D. B. SICKELS, Central National Bank.

WATER FRONT FOR SALE—200 FEET ON East River, between 54th and 55th sts., together with about 25 lots of ground.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

$4,400.—FOR SALE—FOUR TWO-STORY and basement brick houses located on Myrtle-av., near Tompkins-av., Brooklyn, containing eight rooms, gas and water; finished in modern style. Apply to J. CLARKE, Walworth-st., first house north of Myrtle-av.; terms easy.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THREE-STOry, basement and sub-cellar brick house No. 396 Pacific, near Nevins-st., in perfect order, with all the improvements; house 21½x44, lot 21½x100 feet; first-class neighborhood; price $10,500. Inquire on the premises, or of C. W. CARY, corner Spruce and William sts.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, 7TH WARD, possession immediately, a nearly new frame house in perfect order, all the modern improvements, high ground, and first-class neighborhood. Address J. R. WHITNEY, No. 29 Broadway, New-York.

WANTED—TO SELL OR EXCHANGE, A FIRST-class brown-stone front house on 1st-place, Brooklyn, 25x60 feet, lot 133 feet deep, for a good residence in Orange or vicinity. Inquire at No. 5½ Pine-st., Room 1.

30 LOTS FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—One block from Dekalb-av. cars, North Broadway, price $300 and $450 per lot. Inquire at 271 Pearl-st., New-York, from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

GO AND SEE

For yourself, if the choice sites of the Mount Rutherford Company do not offer more attractions than any other. Rutherford Park, first station Erie Railway; eleven trains each way daily.

For further information apply to

JACOB SHARPE, No. 24 Pine-st.

Or at the office on the grounds.

BERGEN POINT, N. J.

Houses for sale and to let. Fine building sites, situated on wide streets and avenues. Houses built to order, and money advanced to parties desiring to build.

A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st.

Descriptive List issued Sep. 1.

WOODSIDE, N. J.—ONE HOUR FROM NEW-YORK.—The attention of those wishing to acquire good country residences in a first class neighborhood, from which all such nuisances as groggeries, factories, city taxes, &c., are rigidly excluded, is invited to the property of the subscribers, situated in the above beautiful village, so rapidly growing into favor with the citizens of New-York. We are now offering beautifully situated lots with river and street frontages at fair prices. We are also prepared to contract for the erection of houses from $3,000 and upwards, and from the decrease in the value of building materials generally, together with great facilities of machinery, &c., we can do so very reasonably. Our success during the past year (having built and sold over 40 houses, to the purchasers of which we confidently refer) warrants us in saying that we offer inducements both as to price and terms, greater than can be obtained in any neighborhood as finely situated and as accessible to New-York. A map of the property, with plans of houses already built, in course of erection and proposed, can be seen at our office. We invite a visit. Take New-Jersey or Morris and Essex Railroads to Newark, thence horse cars to Woodside.

Particulars can also be obtained at the office of JOS. MASON, No. 29 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRISON & BRIGGS,

Woodside, N. J., Post-Office Box, No. 572, Newark.

FOR SALE—AT BLOOMFIELD, N. J., A PLEASant residence, containing 11 finished rooms, with pantries, &c.; attached to the place are fine shade trees, lawn and shrubbery, excellent garden, a good supply of small fruits, grapevines, apple, pear, cherry and other fruit trees, superior well of water, &c.; but five minutes' walk from the railroad depot, and in every way desirably situated; early possession and favorable terms given; lot about three-quarters of an acre. For further particulars, apply to M. W. DODD, bookseller, 506 Broadway.

FOR SALE—ON THE NORTH SHORE OF Long Island Sound, one hour distant from the City; one of the most beautifully located dwellings, with with stable, plenty of fruit and shade trees; unequaled view of water, and facilities for boating, fishing and bathing. Also, a new house, with four acres of land near, and in full view of the Sound; suitable for Summer or Winter. Apply to HENRY A. KELLEY, No. 43 White-st.

FARM FOR SALE—FIVE MILES EAST OF Peekskill, containing 120 acres choice land under a high state of cultivation, beautifully situated near Shrub Oak, overlooking the Mohegan; plenty of shade and fruit of all kinds; one of the best grass farms in the county. House and out-buildings in good order. Would exchange for Brooklyn property. Price of farm, stock, grain, &c., $15,000. Apply to J. L. GODLEY, No. 89 Warren-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A LARGE AND VALUABLE property in Brooklyn, near Fulton Ferry, fronting on two streets; lots 88 by 200 feet; on the same are three large four-story stores 88 by an average depth of 128 feet; cellars paved with brick laid in cement; recently built in the most substantial manner; well adapted for warehouse or manufacturing purposes. On the other street are three dwelling-houses in good order. This property will be sold at a price that will pay a large interest on the investment. For particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS FARM IN EAST Yonkers, 2 miles east of village, and 1¼ miles from West Mt. Vernon Station on Harlem Railroad, containing about 78 acres, with large house and cottage; the central avenue runs through the rear, and contains one of the first peat beds in the country. Apply on premises. J. S. VALENTINE.

FOR SALE—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, one of the most attractive residences in the vicinity of this City; forty minutes by railroad; house large, in perfect order; has furnace, bath-room, gas, and all City conveniences; four acres, tastefully improved; coach-house, &c.; abundantly fruited. JAMES B. PARSONS, No. 79 Cedar-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 248 Broadway, New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—IN SOUTH BERGEN, N. J., 1½ miles from Jersey City Ferry; two blocks from horse railroad, a two half story frame building, containing 8 rooms, large garret, good cellar, and two lots; fruit and shrubbery; half cash; will be sold cheap. Apply No. 96 Newark-av., Jersey City.

MISSOURI LANDS.—15,000 ACRES CHOICE farming and timber lands, for sale cheap for cash, or will exchange for unincumbered real estate or salable merchandise. WM. HICKOK, JR., No. 30 Broad-st., Room No. 66, New-York City.

A FIRST-CLASS THREE-STORY BASEment and sub-cellar brick house, seven minutes from ferry; finest location in the City; 11 rooms; all the improvements; possession, $7,200; easy terms. J. M. GIBSON, No. 27 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

FARM FOR SALE.—EASTCHESTER, WESTchester County, N. Y., 200 acres, with mansion and farmhouses, barns, and all necessary outbuildings; situate about two miles from Williams Bridge; fine view of Long Island Sound. Apply at No. 170 William-st.

FOR SALE IN FLUSHING—GREAT BARGAIN.—Good house, 10 rooms, with gas; 6 lots; garden, stable, &c.; only $4,250. Rented till May next at $500 per annum. Rent to purchaser in advance. Apply to J. D. WILLIAMS, No. 120 William-st., New-York.

LOTS AT FORDHAM FOR SALE TO close an estate, desirably situated on the Bronx River. Also, two lots corner of Hoffman and Kingsbridge Road. Apply to Mr. CORNELIUS DEVER, No. 109 Pearl-st., New-York.

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT ON THE Hudson for sale; 30 miles from the City; splendid mansion, carriage-house, &c.; six acres finely shaded; magnificent view of the river; will be sold below its value. Apply to S. EMBERSON, No. 421 8th-av.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A GOOD MODern-built country residence, furnished, at Montclair, N. J., five minutes' walk from railroad station. J. H. PRATT, No. 86 Chambers-st.

A GREAT BARGAIN.—A $40,000 COUNTRY seat for $30,000, on easy terms. JAQUES, No. 208 Broadway.

A NEW AND HANDSOME COUNTRY residence one hour from the City, with garden, stable, &c., will be sold low. K., Box 1 Times Office.

INSTRUCTION.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE.

Classical, Commercial, English and French, with Preparatory and Post-Graduate Departments, No. 126 West Fourth-street, corner of Macdougal, on Washington-square, GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal, fits pupils of all ages for business or college, and is easy of access from all parts of New-York, neighboring cities and villas.

It has received its patronage for a quarter of a century from the best families of New-York and vicinity, is now in successful operation and has room to admit additional pupils.

Little boys are watched over with special kindness and care. Terms reasonable. For particulars see Catalogue, to be had at the Institute, which parents are especially invited to visit.

GARDNER INSTITUTE.

English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 34 West 32d-st., New-York, will reopen, Sept. 17.

REV. and MRS. C. H. GARDNER, Principals.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL—NOS 327 AND 329 4TH-AV., NEW-YORK. REOPENS MONDAY, SEPT. 16 Rev. GEO. W. BACON, M. D., LL. B., Principal. Dr. RICHARD S. BACON, LL. B., Vice-Principal. There are three departments—Classical, Commercial and Preparatory. Young men prepared for college, business, West Point, Naval Academy or Mining School. Modern languages under charge of experienced instructors. There are no extra charges. Circulars at the bookstores.

BOOK-KEEPING, WRITING, ARITHMETIC, &c.—Messrs. DOLBEAR, No. 609 Broadway, teach Book-keeping and Arithmetic practically. They also remove stiffness, cramping or trembling, and make elegant business penmen. Gentlemen can secure private rooms day or evening.

THE NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,

No. 82 5th-av., corner of 14th-st., No. 820 Broadway, and No. 116 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

NOW OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF PUPILS.

The best talent in Europe and America is secured, and no inferior teachers are nor will be engaged in the institution.

The directors will spare neither pains nor expense to retain the reputation which the Conservatory has so justly acquired during the past four years, that of the first MUSIC SCHOOL in America.

TERMS.—Regular classes $10 per quarter for every branch of instruction.

EDWARD MOLLENHAUER,
A. F. LEJEAL, } Musical Directors.
HENRY MOLLENHAUER,

S. N. GRISWOLD, Secretary.

MRS. MACAULAY'S

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,

Nos. 251 and 253 Madison-av.,

will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 23.

Mrs. Macaulay will be in the City from Sept. 5.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE LAW SCHOOL.

The tenth annual term of this institution will commence at No. 37 Lafayette-place, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 2, and will continue until May 14, 1868. Graduates are admitted to the New-York Bar.

For catalogues containing fuller information address THEODORE W. DWIGHT, Warden &c.

MISS A. VAN WAGENEN'S

ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL

for Young Ladies, No. 11 East 49th-st., will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 26. Miss V. W. will be at home after Sept. 16; meanwhile address Box No. 315 New-York Post-office.

LESPINASSE

FRENCH INSTITUTE,

Washington Heights. French the language of the school. Spanish, German and English, classics; graduating courses for surveying and business. Circulars at No. 183 Broadway; No. 913, drug-store; No. 701, music-store.

SEWARD INSTITUTE

FOR BOYS,

Florida, Orange County, N. Y. Next session opens Oct. 21; superior advantages offered; number limited to 30; institution endowed; terms $150 per session of 20 weeks.

T. G. SCHRIVER, A. M., Principal.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF N. Y. UNIVERSITY,

IN WASHINGTON-SQUARE,

Classical, Commercial, Primary, French.

Fits for College, Business, West Point.

FRIEND'S SEMINARY,

ON RUTHERFORD-PLACE.

This institution will reopen on the 9th inst. For admission or circular apply at the school.

H. FOULKE, Principal.

MISS COMSTOCK'S

LIMITED BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,

No. 7 EAST 27TH-ST.,

Will reopen on 20th September. Boarding pupils, six.

MRS. MARY RODGERS GRIFFITTS'

English and French Day School for young ladies, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 23, at No. 106 West 42d-st., New-York.

MRS. JOHN W. BLIGH

Reopened her seminary for young ladies, No. 48 West 17th-st., on the 23d of September.

CORNWALL'S CLASSICAL INSTITUTE,

No. 1,329 BROADWAY, corner of 37th-st.

S. A. FARRAND'S COLLEGIATE ACADEMY, No. 695 6th-av., near 40th-st.

Sufficient time is given to explain the difficulties each pupil meets with, and great pains are taken to teach him HOW TO STUDY. THIS IS DONE SO THOROUGHLY THAT HE NEEDS NO HELP AT HOME.

Among the patrons of the school are:

Rev. T. S. Hastings,	Horatio S. Brown,
Rev. Isaac Ferris,	Joel D. Hunter,
Rev. Peter Stryker,	Charles Folsom,
Rev. Howard Osgood,	Gamaliel G. Smith,
Rev. E. H. Chapin,	William M. Vermilye,
Rev. M. Meier Smith,	John J. Donaldson,
Dr. Chas. F. Taylor,	William H. Osborn,
George A. Wicks,	Charles A. Davison,
Charles Scribner,	John P. March,
Chas. H. Ludington,	Edward Smith,
Robert Jaffray,	William P. Williams,
John A. Stewart,	William E. A. Mackintosh.

IRVINGTON INSTITUTE—IRVINGTON ON the Hudson, 25 miles from New-York, a French, English and classical family boarding-school for boys, will reopen on the 17th of September. The course of studies embraces all the ordinary English branches and the modern languages, which are taught practically. The French is the language of the school. All learn it and speak it. For circulars address A. BOURSAUD, Principal.

BEDFORD FEMALE INSTITUTE, IN charge of Mr. and Mrs. R. BOLTON, a family school for girls, will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25. Terms $250 per year. Circulars can be had of Mr. J. M. BATES, No. 118 Broadway; of J. M. RANKIN, No. 152 Broadway.

YOUNG LADIES' ENGLISH AND FRENCH boarding and day school, with Primary Department, will reopen Sept. 18 at No. 102 Remsen-st. Misses HARRISON & RANNEY, Principals of the Day Department; Mrs. B. B. NEWTON, Principal of the Boarding Department.

MRS. PLUMB'S ACADEMY OF PHYSICAL CULTURE, No. 82 5th-av., corner of 14th-st., will reopen MONDAY, Oct. 14, for classes in Calisthenics, or Light Gymnastics, to meet MONDAY and THURSDAY, P. M.

MOUNTAIN-VIEW ACADEMY—HIGHland Falls, N. Y., 1¾ miles South of West Point. Healthy location; fine scenery; a well-disciplined and thorough school. For circulars, address G. H. CARSWELL, Principal.

CIRCULARS OF SEVERAL GOOD Schools, for free use of parents, at J. W. SCHERMERHORN & CO.'S bookstore, No. 430 Broome-st., near Broadway. Also a complete Register of Teachers who seek positions.

THE MISSES HOWLAND'S ENGLISH and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 22 East 35th-st., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 23. Miss H. will be at home on and after Sept. 12. Until then address by letter as above.

MISS STILLMAN'S SEMINARY FOR Young Ladies, Brooklyn, is removed to the Leffert's Mansion, No. 1,533 Fulton-av., near Bedford-av. and will open its seventh year, with enlarged and improved facilities, Sept. 16.

AT NO. 36 9TH-ST., BETWEEN 5TH and 6th avs.—English, French and German school; German taught as in Germany; day school for children and young ladies; evening classes for young ladies and gentlemen.

MRS. FITZ-HENRI, ASSISTED BY MME. GRIEUMARD, will reopen her English and French school for young ladies and children, No. 40 Irving-place, TUESDAY, Sept. 24.

SOUTH BROOKLYN FEMALE SEMINARY, No. 252 Clinton-st., Boarding and Day School, reopens WEDNESDAY, Sept. 11.

A. W. MOREHOUSE, A. M., Principal.

MISS BEAN'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, No 110 West 42d-st., reopens MONDAY, Sept. 23.

MISS SARAH A. YOUNG, NO. 1,214 BROADway, will reopen her school on MONDAY, Sept. 16, for children of both sexes. There is a spacious gymnasium where the children are exercised daily.

THE MURRAY HILL INSTITUTE—AN English, French and Classical School for Boys, corner of 6th-av. and 39th-st., Rev. JOSEPH D. HULL, Principal, will reopen MONDAY, Sept. 23.

THE MISSES ROBERTSON FAMILY SCHOOL, Cromwell, three miles from Middletown, Conn., will reopen Wednesday, Sept. 11. For circulars, address MISS ROBERTSON, Cromwell, Conn.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S ENGLISH and French Boarding School for Young Ladies, College-av., New-Brunswick, N. J. A NATIVE FRENCH TEACHER RESIDES IN THE FAMILY.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding-school for boys. The next school year will commence Sept. 2, 1867. For circulars, apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

A FAMILY SCHOOL FOR TWELVE boys, Morris, Conn.; Fall and Winter session commences Nov. 1. For circulars address as above.

SAMUEL M. ENSIGN, Principal.

KINDERGARTEN SCHOOLS—FOR BOYS 688 6th-av., bet. 39th and 40th sts.; for girls 66 West 36th-st.; reopen Sept. 16. Address E. M. COE.

MISS WALSH'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH boarding and day-school for young ladies, No. 33 East 28th-st., will reopen Sept. 20.

MISS BALLOW'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for Young Ladies, No. 24 East 22d-st., will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 19.

THE FERRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE, No. 135 Madison-av., corner 32d-st., reopens for boarding and day pupils Sept. 18.

THE MISSES ROGERS' ENGLISH AND French School for Young Ladies, No. 352 West 20th-st., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept 16.

THE MISSES MARSHALL'S SCHOOL for young ladies, No. 250 West 38th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 16.

MISS ABBOTT'S SCHOOL FOR CHILDREN, No. 16 East 21st-st., will reopen Sept. 23.

MAPLE HALL FEMALE SEMINARY, JAMAICA, L. I., opens Sept. 2. P. A. ANDREU, Principal.

MISS M. W. LEGGETT WILL REOPEN her school, No. 224 East 16th-st., Sept. 16.

MISS S. M. ROGERS' SCHOOL WILL reopen Sept. 16, Lexington-av., S. E. corner 37th-st.

INSTRUCTION.

CHARLIER FRENCH INSTITUTE,

NOS. 48 AND 50 EAST 24TH-ST.,

will reopen Sept. 17.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.

Pupils prepared for college, West Point, Naval Academy and business. Primary department for young boys, gymnasium, &c. The prospectus of the school contains the names of the pupils for the last twelve years. Over two hundred last year.

Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

MR. GEORGE C. ANTHON

WILL REOPEN

HIS CLASSSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,

With Primary Department and Gymnasium,

NO. 212 5TH-AV., CORNER 26TH-ST.,

On WEDNESDAY, Sept. 11.

ORANGE PRIORY.

A Home Boarding-school for young ladies and children, opened Sept. 9. For prospectus address Miss S. H. GALE, Orange, N. J.

BERNARD-FRENCH INSTITUTE,

Nos. 55, 57, 59 and 61 West 33d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., will open Monday, Sept. 23.

FRENCH, ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN.

Pupils prepared for business, college, West Point, Naval Academy and Mining School. Primary department for young boys.

PROF. A. BERNARD,
SANDERSON SMITH, Mining Engineer, } Directors.

THE ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE, Nyack, on the Hudson, N. Y., will reopen Sept. 12. For circular or admission address Rev. L. DELOS MANSFIELD, Principal.

COTTAGE HILL SEMINARY,

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.,

AN ENGLISH AND FRENCH SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, very select, delightfully situated, and affording unusual advantages for a solid and elegant education.

Expense for full board and the regular course of study, $360 per annum.

REFERENCES: Rev. Morgan Dix, D. D.; Mr. William H. Appleton, Mr. James Winslow, and Mr. Samuel Hawk, St. Nicholas Hotel. For prospectus, address

REV. GEORGE T. RIDER, A. M., Rector.

A PROTESTANT FRENCH DAY-SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

Will be opened on THURSDAY, Sept. 19, 1867, at No. 11 Livingston-place, (Stuyvesant-square.)

References permitted to Profs. L. Agassiz, A. Guyot and D. Cherbuliez; Rev. Ray Palmer, D. D., &c. Full information and circulars can be obtained at the above address, and at Mr. Christern's foreign book-store, No. 863 Broadway.

LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, NO. 161 5TH-AV. AND 937 BROADWAY,

Corner 22d-st., opens Sept. 16. Twelfth year. Rooms spacious, light, airy, high-ceiled and steam-heated. Young pupils with Mrs. Lyon, the others with Mr. Lyon. Six have just entered college unconditionally—four Columbia, one Harvard, one Yale. Another fine class is preparing. Light gymnastics. A Literary Union gathers teachers and older pupils weekly. Only pure, contented, working pupils desired.

GERMAN-AMERICAN INSTITUTE,

DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL

for young ladies, in No. 445 West 22d-st.; for young gentlemen in Nos. 367 and 371 West 23d-st., reopens TUESDAY, Sept. 10.

A Kindergarten, Primary Classes, and a spacious hall for Gymnastics and Dancing are connected with the Institute.

H. GERCKE, ROS. F. HEUMANN, E. KOESSLY.

SCHOOL OF MINES, COLUMBIA COLLEGE.

Reopens Oct. 7. Examination for admission, Oct. 3 10 A. M.

For catalogues and information apply to Dean of Faculty.

HENRY DRISLER, LL.D., Acting President.

49th-st., corner 4th-av., New-York.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE.

The Academic year will begin MONDAY, Oct. 7. The students are requested to be present for matriculation on that day at 9½ A. M.

Examinations of candidates for admission will be held on FRIDAY and SATURDAY, Oct. 4 and 5, beginning each day at 10 o'clock A. M.

HENRY DRISLER, LL. D., Acting President.

WILLIAM MASON AND THEODORE THOMAS' CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,

No. 129 5th-av., near 20th-st.

Classes formed daily for children and advanced pupils in singing, harmony, piano, harp, violin, and all other instruments, and playing concerted music; popular elementary, choral and orchestral classes are also forming. Office hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

MISS ARMSTRONG'S

FRENCH AND ENGLISH

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 25 East 21st-st., old No. 32, will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 19.

NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,

No. 82 5th-av., corner of 14th-st., No. 820 Broadway, and No. 116 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Theory Classes now forming.

Terms $15 per quarter.

MLLE. M. TARDIVEL'S

FRENCH AND ENGLISH SELECT DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,

No. 240 West 23d-st., will reopen on MONDAY Sept. 16.

MISS JAUDON'S

DAY-SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN, NO. 56 7TH-AV.,

OPENED SEPT. 19.

REV. J. H. TYNG'S SCHOOL,

for the careful

INSTRUCTION OF A FEW BOYS,

No. 907 Broadway.

MRS. WILLIAMES'

English and French Boarding and Day School, No. 28 West 39th-st., will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 19. Letters addressed as above.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S CLASSICAL French, English and Primary School, at No. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 16. A few boarders taken into the family of the Principal at Washington Heights. Families coming late to town may have their sons boarded for a few weeks. Circulars at the bookstore, No. 911 Broadway, and at the school, cor. Broadway and 20th-st.

FRANCO-AMERICAN INSTITUTE—FOR young gentlemen, No. 37 West 33d-st. Prof. E. FEZANDIE will reopen his school at the above address on Sept. 17. Can be seen from the 1st, between 3 and 5 o'clock. Complete primary, commercial, scientific and classical instruction; modern languages. Circulars at Christern's, No. 863 Broadway.

TROY FEMALE SEMINARY.—THIS INstitution offers the accumulated advantages of over fifty years of successful operation.

Every facility is provided for a thorough course of useful and ornamental education, under the direction of a corps of more than twenty professors and teachers.

For circulars apply to JOHN H. WILLARD, Troy, N.Y.

A LATE MEMBER OF THE UNIVERSITY of Oxford, previously a graduate of Harvard College, will receive private pupils and prepare them for the American or English Universities. Address OXFORD, Box No. 172 Times Office.

HOBART HALL, NO. 38 WEST 38TH-ST.—English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies. Fifteenth session begins MONDAY, Sept. 23. Address the Rector, J. J. ELMENDORF, D. D.

THE ENGLISH, FRENCH AND CLASSICAL School of Dr. F. BERTHET will reopen Sept. 16, at No. 920 Broadway. There is a gymnasium. For circulars apply to LOCKWOOD, No. 411 Broadway.

WANTED—A BOARDING-SCHOOL A SHORT distance in the country for a boy 12 years old; terms moderate. Address Mr. PORTER, No. 74 Amity-st., New-York City.

MISS OLSSEN'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 278 4th-av., will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 19.

SEDGWICK INSTITUTE, GREAT BARrington, Berkshire County, Mass.; a family school for 20 boys. S. PARSONS PRATT, A. M., Principal.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL REOPEN their day school for young ladies, No. 132 Madison-av., on Monday, Sept. 23.

MR. R. P. JENKS' SCHOOL, AT NO. 1,182 Broadway, will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 17.

N. W. STARR'S COMMERCIAL AND Collegiate Institute, (recently of Yonkers, N. Y.,) New-Canaan, Conn. Number limited. Now in session.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL, WHITE Plains, N. Y. O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

TEACHERS.

A LATE PROFESSOR IN A UNIVERSITY; Graduate and First Honorman in classics; Honorman in English language, literature and history, &c., of Trinity College, Dublin, and a contributor to literary journals, desires pupils; highest references and testimonials. Address Box No. 52 Station D.

A LADY FROM THE NORTH OF GERMANY desires a position as governess in a good family; she is a good teacher of music, speaks English and French fluently, and is competent to direct the education of more advanced pupils; references exchanged. Address R. S., Box No. 117 Times Office.

A YOUNG LADY COMPETENT TO INSTRUCT in the plain English branches desires a position either in a school or family; reference given. Address TEACHER, Box No. 29, Fishkill, N. Y.

A CLERGYMAN CONNECTED WITH A City parish desires one or more pupils for private instruction in the classics or in English branches. Address TUTOR, General Theological Seminary, 20th-st.

AN ENGLISH LADY EXPERIENCED in teaching English, Music and French, wishes an engagement as resident or daily governess. Address S. M. C., No. 284 6th-av.

A GENTLEMAN WANTED TO TEACH the English branches in a private school. Inquire at No. 83 West 39th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av.

WANTED—A TEACHER TO GIVE LESSONS in German and Mathematics. Apply at No. 143 Madison-av.

A HARVARD GRADUATE WANTS A few private pupils. Address HARVARD, Box No. 110 Times Office.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CHAPEL OF THE HOLY SAVIOUR, East 25th-st., near Madison-av.—Rev. Dr. BECKWITH of New-Orleans (Bishop elect of Georgia) will officiate in this Chapel on SUNDAY morning, Oct. 6, at half past ten o'clock, on which occasion a collection will be taken up, in behalf of the sufferers by the epidemic at New-Orleans.

CHURCH OF SANTIAGO.

The Church of Santiago celebrates Divine service on SUNDAY MORNINGS, at 11½ o'clock, in Spanish, and on SUNDAY EVENINGS, at 7½ o'clock, in English, in the Episcopal Church in 22d-st., between 5th and 6th avs. The Rector, Rev. HENRY C. RILEY, from Santiago de Chili, will (D. V.) preach after each service next SUNDAY. Seats free.

ST. STEPHEN'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Rev. Dr. PRICE, Rector, will hold Divine Service on SUNDAY, Oct. 6, at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M., in the Hall, on the northwest corner of Broadway and 29th-st. The Rector will preach at both services.

SHIPPING.

NEW-YORK & BREMEN STEAMSHIP CO.

THE CHEAPEST LINE.

Steamship ATLANTIC, Capt. CHARLES HOYER, will leave Pier 46 N. R., on Saturday, Oct. 26, at 12 M., FOR SOUTHAMPTON, HAVRE AND BREMEN. First cabin, $110; second cabin, $65; steerage, $35. From Bremen, Southampton and Havre to New-York. first cabin, $110; second cabin, $75; steerage, $43, gold. EXCURSION TICKETS OUT AND HOME. First cabin, $210; 2d cabin, $130; steerage, $70, gold. For freight, expressage, bills of exchange or passage apply to ISAAC TAYLOR, President, 40 Broadway.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.—The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails:

CITY OF ANTWERP.....SATURDAY.....Oct. 5
CITY OF NEW-YORK......WEDNESDAY..Oct. 9
CITY OF BOSTON.....SATURDAY.....Oct. 12
CITY OF BALTIMORE.....SATURDAY.....Oct. 19
CITY OF LONDON.....SATURDAY.....Oct. 26

and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE

By the mail steamer sailing every Saturday.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	105	Steerage to London	35
First Cabin to Paris	115	Steerage to Paris	45

Passage by the Wednesday steamers, first cabin, $110; steerage, $30. Payable in United States Currency. Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates. Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40 currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends. For further information, apply at the Company's offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York. Philadelphia office, No. 411 Chestnut-st.

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

FURTHER REDUCTION IN PASSAGE RATES. Favorite passenger steamers of the ANCHOR LINE sail every SATURDAY with passengers for LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW AND DERRY.

BRITANNIA, LAIRD, SATURDAY, Oct. 5.
HIBERNIA, MUNRO, SATURDAY, Oct. 12.
EUROPA, CRAIG, SATURDAY, Oct. 19.

From the Company's Pier, No. 20 North River. Rates of passage, payable in currency: To Liverpool, Glasgow and Derry, cabins, $90 and $75, according to location. Excursion tickets, good for twelve months, $150. Intermediate, $35; Steerage, $25. Prepaid certificates from these ports, $35. Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp, Havre, &c., at very low rates. For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York. FRANCIS MACDONALD & CO., Agents. To avoid imposition, passengers will please come direct to the office, as this Company does not employ runners.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST. The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

ST. LAURENT.....BOCANDE.....SATURDAY, Oct. 5
PEREIRE.....DUCHESNE.....SATURDAY, Oct. 19
VILLE DE PARIS.SURMONT.....SATURDAY, Nov. 2
EUROPE.....LEMARIE.....SATURDAY, Nov. 16

PRICE OF PASSAGE (including wine) payable in gold or equivalent in currency, TO BREST OR HAVRE, First cabin, $160; second cabin, $85. TO PARIS, including railway tickets, furnished on board, First cabin, $165; second cabin, $88. Baggage checked through to Paris. Medical attendance free of charge. *These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.* American travelers going to or returning from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid unnecessary risks from transit by English railways and crossing the channel, besides saving much time, trouble and expense. GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

STEAMER ST. LAURENT, FOR BREST and Havre, will leave Pier No. 50 North River, foot of Morton-st., SATURDAY, Oct. 5, at 10 o'clock A. M. Passengers are requested to be on board at 9 o'clock.

THE NATIONAL LINE.

Steamers weekly to Liverpool and Queenstown, leaving Pier No. 47 North River, every SATURDAY.

DENMARK, THOMSON.....SATURDAY, Oct. 5
ERIN, HALL.....SATURDAY, Oct. 12

Cabin passage, payable in currency, $100. Steerage passage to Liverpool or Queenstown, $25 in currency. Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown $35 in currency. REDUCTION IN FREIGHT.—This company will now carry fine measurement goods from Liverpool at a maximum rate of 30 shillings per ton of 40 cubic feet and five per cent. primage. For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, Nos. 57 and 27 Broadway, or No. 73 Broadway. F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

STEAM BETWEEN ANTWERP AND NEW-YORK.—The Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company, INMAN LINE, will dispatch one of their steamships between Antwerp and New-York every four weeks. Sailing from New-York:

ETNA.....WEDNESDAY, Oct. 23
CITY OF CORK.....WEDNESDAY, Nov. 20

From Pier No. 45 North River.

Sailing from Antwerp:

ETNA.....Sept. 28
CITY OF CORK.....Oct. 28

RATES OF PASSAGE:

FROM NEW-YORK.		FROM ANTWERP.	
First cabin	$100	First cabin	$80
Steerage	40	Steerage	40
Payable in currency.		Payable in gold.	

For further information, apply at the Company's office. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway.

LONDON AND NEW-YORK STEAMSHIP LINE.

Passage to London or Brest, $110, $75 and $30 currency. Excursion tickets at reduced rates available for six months. WM. PENN, Capt. BILLINGE, from New-York, Oct. 5. CELLA, Capt. GLEADELL, from New-York, Oct. 12. To be followed by the steamers Atalanta and Bellona. The elegant British iron steamship WM. PENN will leave Pier No. 3, North River for London, calling at Brest, on SATURDAY, Oct. 5, at 12 M. Until further notice all the steamers of this line will call at Brest to land passengers. Tickets sold through by rail to Paris at 25 per cent. less than regular rates. Freight will be taken and through bills of lading given to Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, and Dunkirk. For passage apply to ROBERT N. CLARK, No. 26 Broadway. For freight apply at No. 54 South-st. HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY.

The following FIRST-CLASS IRON STEAMSHIPS, built expressly for the New-York trade, are intended to sail regularly between NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, calling at QUEENSTOWN, viz.: MANHATTAN, MINNESOTA, CHICAGO, NEBRASKA, with other first-class steamers building. To sail:

CHICAGO.....WEDNESDAY, Oct. 9
NEBRASKA.....WEDNESDAY, Oct. 16
MANHATTAN.....WEDNESDAY, Oct. 23

From Pier No. 37 East River. Cabin, (the accommodations being equal to any Atlantic steamer,) $80, gold; return tickets, $160, gold; in steerage, $25, currency. Tickets to bring out passengers from Europe can be obtained on reasonable terms. For freight or passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st. For steerage passage to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 29 Broadway.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, to Havre, calling at Falmouth, carrying the United States mails, from Pier No. 46 North River, on the following days, at noon:

FULTON.....C. H. Townsend...Saturday, Oct. 26
ARAGO.....H. A. Gadsden...Saturday, Nov. 23
FULTON.....C. H. Townsend...Saturday, Dec. 21
ARAGO.....H. A. Gadsden...Saturday, Jan. 18

and every twenty-eight days thereafter.

PRICES OF PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN GOLD,
FIRST-CLASS.....$120
SECOND-CLASS.....70

Through tickets to London $5 extra. An experienced surgeon on board. The Company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor. For further information apply to JOSEPH J. COMSTOCK, Agent, No. 7 Broadway, New-York. JAS. A. WOTTON, Havre, General Agent in Europe. LHERBETTE, KANE & CO., Paris.

CUNARD LINE OF EXTRA STEAMERS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN. FROM NEW-YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY.

PALMYRA.....Oct. 9
SIBERIA.....Oct. 16

RATES OF PASSAGE:
Cabin.....$80 Gold.
Steerage.....$25 Currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown $35 currency. For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 69 Broadway. For Freight and Cabin Passage, at No. 4 Bowling-green. E. CUNARD.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR: AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

JAVA leaves Boston, Wednesday, Oct. 9.
SCOTIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, Oct. 16.
CUBA leaves Boston, Wednesday, Oct. 23.
PERSIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, Oct. 30.
CHINA leaves Boston, Wednesday, Nov. 6.
RUSSIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, Nov. 13.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$150
Second Cabin Passage.....80
FROM NEW-YORK TO PARIS
Chief Cabin Passage.....$165
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$125
Second Cabin Passage.....70

Payable in Gold. Berths not secured until paid for. An experienced surgeon on board. The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

PASSAGE TO AND FROM GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND BY STEAMSHIP AND SAILING PACKET, AT REDUCED RATES. DRAFTS AVAILABLE THROUGHOUT ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES. For particulars apply to TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO., No. 86 South-st. and No. 23 Broadway.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY. Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, from Pier No. 4 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M. EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE, Oct. 10. MORRO CASTLE, Capt. RICHARD ADAMS, Oct. 17. COLUMBIA, Capt. D. B. BARTON, Oct. 24. For freight or passage, apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, at noon on SATURDAY, Oct. 5. SATURDAY, Nov. 2.
Passage money to Nassau.....$45
Passage money to Havana.....80
Payable in gold. For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT—ATLANTIC Coast Mail Steamship Company's new and first-class light-draft side-wheel steamship RAPIDAN, Capt. EATON, will leave Pier No. 36 North River, for the above port on SATURDAY, Oct. 12, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA AND CHINA,

CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL VIA PANAMA RAILROAD. Steamers leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock, noon, as follows:

Oct. 1—ARIZONA, Capt. MAURY, connecting with CONSTITUTION, Capt. PARKER.
Oct. 11—HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. GRAY, connecting with GOLDEN AGE, Capt. CAVERLY.
Oct. 21—RISING STAR, Capt. H. P. CONNER, connecting with MONTANA, Capt. FARNSWORTH.

100 pounds baggage allowed free to each adult passenger. Medicines and attendance free. All departures touch at Acapulco; those of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports, and those of 1st touch at Manzanillo. Departure of 11th of each month connects with the new steam line from Panama to Australia and New-Zealand. FOR JAPAN AND CHINA. Steamer of Nov. 11 connects closely with steamer GREAT REPUBLIC, from San Francisco, Dec. 4; at Yokohama with steamers NEW YORK, for Hong Kong, and COSTA RICA, for Nagasaki and Shanghae. For passage tickets and all further information apply at the office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York. F. R. BABY, Agent.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA.

REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE AND FREIGHT. The fast and elegant steamship SAN FRANCISCO, Capt. ELISHA HOWES, will be dispatched by the North American Steamship Company, on THURSDAY, Oct. 10, at noon, from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., connecting on the Pacific with the favorite steamer AMERICA, Capt. E. WAKEMAN. The accommodations on these steamers are unsurpassed by those of any steamers afloat, and the line is run THROUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO EVERY TWENTY DAYS. For passage or freight apply to D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent, No. 177 West-st., corner Warren-st., New-York. WILLIAM H. WEBB, President, No. 54 Exchange-place, New-York.

STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND AUSTRALIA, VIA PANAMA.

The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 24th of each month from Panama to Wellington, N. Z., and the Australian Colonies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company leaving New-York for Aspinwall (Colon) on the 11th of each month. First and second class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New-York to ports in New-Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, $340 to $384 for first class, and $218 to $243 for second class, payable in United States gold coin. Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New-Zealand. Arrangements are now completed for issuing through bills of lading. Freight payable here. For further information, application to be made to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, No. 59 Wall-st., or to CHARLES W. WEST, Agent, No. 23 William-st., New-York.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY. REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 22d of every month: NORTH AMERICA, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, Oct. 22. SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, Nov. 22. GUIDING STAR, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, Dec. 22. These elegant steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagement of freight or passage, apply to GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.

MEXICAN MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE. The elegant first-class iron steamship GEORGIA, JOHN DEAKEN, Commander, will leave Pier No. 3 North River, as above, on SATURDAY, Oct. 5, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage apply to E. W. TURNER, Agent, No. 26 Broadway.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY. FROM PIER 37 NORTH RIVER, foot of Beach-st. Steamships ALBEMARLE, SARATOGA, HATTERAS, NIAGARA and VIRGINIA. Leaving every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. Through bills of lading to all points on the Seaboard and Roanoke, Virginia and Tennessee Air Line and Petersburgh Railroads and their connections. Bills of lading signed on the pier. For freight or passage apply on the pier, or to N. L. McCREADY, President, No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner of Dey-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

EVERY THURSDAY. FREIGHT AT HALF TARIFF RATES. The Atlantic Coast Mail Steamship Company's side-wheel steamships HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. BAKER, sails THURSDAY, Oct. 10, GEN. BARNES, Capt. MORTON, sails THURSDAY, Oct. 17. From Pier No. 38 North River, at 3 P. M. precisely, giving through passage tickets and bills of lading to all points in connection with the Central Railroad of Georgia, and Atlantic and Gulf Railroad to points in the interior of Florida and by Florida steamers to all points on the coast. For freight or passage apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 88 Liberty-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

EVERY THURSDAY. BLACK STAR INDEPENDENT LINE. Freight at the reduced rates. Steamship HUNTSVILLE, Capt. ISAAC CROWELL, leaves SATURDAY, Oct. 12, 1867. Steamship MONTGOMERY, Capt. THOS. LYON, leaves SATURDAY, Oct. 19, 1867. At 3 P. M., from Pier No. 13 North River. R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st. OCTAVUS COHEN & Co., Agents, Savannah. All goods destined for the interior, shipped by this Line, consigned to the Central Railroad and Atlantic and Gulf Railroad, or to Octavus Cohen & Co., Agents in Savannah, will be forwarded to place of destination at a total cost not to exceed that now charged by the combination lines. R. LOWDEN, Agent.

REGULAR LINE.

FOR GALVESTON, TEXAS. The splendid steamship PERIT, E. A. DELANEY, Commander, is now receiving freight at Pier No. 4, North River, and will sail with dispatch. For freight or passage, apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway. Goods forwarded to Indianola and Lavacca without charge, and also to the interior by railroad without charge for drayage in Galveston.

REGULAR LINE FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST. Freights, as usual, lower than by any other line. First cabin passage, $15. A popular steamship of this line will be dispatched on SATURDAY, Oct. 12, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 14 East River, foot of Wall-st. ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.—EVERY THURSDAY—THE PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.'S steamships MONEKA, Capt. WINCHESTER, THURSDAY, Oct. 10, E. B. SOUDER, Capt. LEBBY, THURSDAY, Oct. 17, from Pier No. 6 North River, at 3 P. M. Through passage tickets and bills of lading issued to all points South, in connection with the South Carolina Railroad. For freight or passage apply to WHEELER & LINNARD, Agents, No. 13 Broadway.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and first-class steamship CORTES will leave Pier No. 9, N. R., on SATURDAY, Oct. 5, at 3 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West st. The GEO. WASHINGTON will follow Oct. 12.

STAR LINE FOR NEW-ORLEANS.—THE NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S fine ocean steamers will leave Pier No. 46 North River, at 3 P. M., as follows: MONTEREY, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 9. All bills of lading signed at the office upon the pier. For freight or passage apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

MOBILE, GALVESTON AND LAVACCA.—The steamship RAPIDAN, leaving Pier No. 36 North River, on SATURDAY, Oct. 12, at 3 P. M., will receive freight for the above ports, to be reshipped at New-Orleans per Morgan's line of steamers. For rates of freight apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU—Citizens about to travel abroad may procure passports from A. C. WILLMARTH, United States Court Buildings, No. 41 Chambers-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—U. States passports indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

LONG ISLAND NAVIGATION COMPANY. FOR SAG HARBOR, GREENPORT, ORIENT, ORIENT POINT, AND NEW SUFFOLK.

The new and beautiful steamer, RIVER QUEEN, Capt. G. C. GIBBS, leaves Pier No. 26 (Peck-slip) East River, New-York, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 5 P. M., for the above places, connecting by stages with East Hampton, Bridgehampton, Amagansett, Southold, and Riverhead. Returning, leaves Sag Harbor, MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 4 P. M., making the entire circuit of Peconic Bay by daylight.

FOR PORT JEFFERSON AND STONY BROOK.

Steamer SUNBEAM, Capt. E. A. HILDRETH, leaves Pier No. 26, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS, as per time table, connecting by stages with Miller's-place, Rocky Point and Setauket.

FOR MYSTIC, CONN.

The elegant steamer ARTISAN, Capt. W. H. GIBBS, leaves Pier No. 26, (Peck-slip,) East River, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 5 P. M., connecting with trains. J. S. TUTHILL, Agent, No. 156 South-st.

GREAT REDUCTION IN FIRST-CLASS FARE.

WEST, NORTH AND EAST. Via New-York Central and Northern Railroads and Troy Line Steamers, from Pier No. 44 North River, foot of Spring-st., daily at 6 P. M., Saturdays excepted.

First class passenger fares from New-York:

To Albany and Troy	$ 50	Saratoga	1 75
Schenectady	87	Fort Edward	2 45
Fonda	1 39	Whitehall	3 30
Utica	2 45	Rutland	4 00
Rome	2 70	Burlington	6 00
Syracuse	3 54	North Adams	2 00
Rochester	5 30	St. Albans	7 25
Lockport	6 36	Ogdensburgh	10 50
Suspension Bridge	6 75	Montreal	9 75
Buffalo	6 75		

And proportionate reduction to all intermediate points and stations west from Buffalo. Tickets sold and baggage checked at the office, No. 308 West-st., or on board.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—FOR WHITESTONE, Bayles Dock, Great Neck, Sands Point, GLEN COVE, Mott's Dock, Glenwood and Roslyn. On and after Wednesday, Sept. 25, the elegant new steamboat SEAWANHAKA, CHAS. PORT, Master, will leave Pier No. 24 East River, (Peck-slip) daily, Sundays excepted, at 3:30 P. M. for above-named places.

CHANGE OF HOUR.—THE STEAMBOAT MARY POWELL, on and after TUESDAY, Oct. 1, will leave New-York, from foot of Desbrosses-st., at 3 o'clock P. M. for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rondout and usual way landings.

STEAMBOATS.

BRISTOL LINE.

FOR BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE, VIA BRISTOL, R. I. FROM PIER NO. 40 NORTH RIVER.

The magnificent steamers BRISTOL, Capt. BRAYTON, and PROVIDENCE, Capt. SIMMONS, at 5 P. M. daily. Only one hour and thirty minutes by rail from Bristol to Boston. Arriving in Boston in ample time to connect with Northern and Eastern trains. These steamers are the largest, staunchest and most elegant ever placed upon the American waters. In the number and size of their state-rooms, and extent and splendor of their accommodations, they are unrivaled. Tickets sold and staterooms secured at the office, on Pier No. 40 North River, near foot of Canal-st. Also, tickets sold and baggage checked through at the office of Westcott's Express Company, No. 1 Park-place, Nos. 785 and 945 Broadway; Harlem Railroad Depot, 26th-st. and 4th-av.; Hudson River Railroad Depot, 29th-st. and 9th-av., New-York; No. 269 Washington-st., Brooklyn. By purchasing tickets at any of these offices, baggage can be checked from residence to destination. H. O. BRIGGS, General Manager. GEO. W. TIERS, Agent.

SHREWSBURY, LONG BRANCH AND RED BANK.

The favorite steamboat META will leave pier foot of Barclay-st., short pier, as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Tuesday, Sept. 17, 9 A. M.	Wednes., Sept. 18, 6¾ A. M.
Wednes., Sept. 18, 10½ A. M.	Thursday, Sept. 19, 7 A. M.
Thursday, Sept. 19, 11 A. M.	Friday, Sept. 20, 8 A. M.
Friday, Sept. 20, 12 M.	Saturday, Sept. 21, 9 A. M.
Saturday, Sept. 21, 1 P. M.	Monday, Sept. 23, 9½ A. M.
Tuesday, Sept. 24, 3 P. M.	Wednes., Sept. 25, 12 M.

FOR SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH.—The strong and commodious steamboat SEA BIRD, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will leave foot of Chambers-st. Fare reduced to 25 cents.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Monday, Sept. 30, 3:30 P. M.	Monday, Sept. 30, 7 A. M.
Wednesday, Oct. 2, 7 A. M.	Tuesday, Oct. 1, 7:30 A. M.
Thursday, Oct. 3, 7:30 A. M.	Wednesday, Oct. 2, 10:30 A. M.
Friday, Oct. 4, 9 A. M.	Thursday, Oct. 3, 11 A. M.
Saturday, Oct. 5, 12 M.	Friday, Oct. 4, 11:30 A. M.

LLOYD'S DOCK, (HUNTINGTON,) OYSTER BAY, (EAST NORWICH,) AND UNION DOCK, (BAYVILLE.)—CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after MONDAY, Sept. 30, the steamer D. R. MARTIN, Capt. SAMUEL E. UNDERHILL, leaves Pier No. 34 East River, (Catharine-st.,) at 3:30 P. M., and foot of 37th-st., East River, at 3:40 P. M., daily, for the above-named places.

A SUNDAY BOAT FOR COLLEGE POINT, Whitestone, City Island, New-Rochelle, Glen Cove, Mott's Dock, Glen Wood and Roslyn.—Steamer SYLVAN GROVE, Capt. LONGSTREET, leaves Peck-slip SUNDAY, Oct. 6, at 9 A. M. Returning leaves Roslyn at 2½ P. M., Glen Cove at 3 P. M., New-Rochelle 3½ P. M., landing at 8th and 37th sts. each way.

ALBANY DAY LINE.—THE STEAMBOATS C. VIBBARD and DANIEL DREW will leave Desbrosses-st. at 8:30 A. M. and 34th-st. pier at 8:45, on alternate days, landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Malden, Catskill and Hudson.

NORTHPORT AND WILLETT'S POINT.—CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after MONDAY, Sept. 30, the steamer MATTANO, Capt. BUNCE, will leave Pier No. 34 East River, (Catharine-st.,) TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 1 P. M., for the above-named places.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with the railroad.

FOR NORWALK AND DANBURY.—THE steamboat NELLY WHITE leaves Pier No. 37 East River at 3 o'clock daily, and foot 34th-st. at 3:10 P. M., connecting with the Danbury Railroad.

EXCURSIONS.

A SUNDAY EXCURSION BOAT TO Harlem, High Bridge, and Karl's Park. Boats leave Peck Slip and Harlem every hour from 9 A. M. until 6 P. M., landing at 8th-st. each way. Fare to Harlem, 15 cents.

RAILROADS.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT—CHANGE OF TIME. Leave James-slip:

7:30 A. M., mail train for Greenport and all way stations.
10 A. M., Syosset, Glen Cove and all way stations.
3:20 P. M., Express train for Greenport.
4 P. M., Syosset, Glen Cove and all way stations.
5:30 P. M., North Islip, Glen Cove, and all way stations.

Sunday excursion train leaves Hunter's Point at 8:30 A. M.; returning, arrives at Hunter's Point at 6:45 P. M. To take effect Saturday, 17th.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:

8 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
8:30 A. M.—Way Train daily for Otisville and intermediate stations.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.
4 P. M.—Way Train for Middletown and intermediate stations.
4:30 P. M.—Way Express, stopping at Sterling Junction, Turner's, and all stations west of Turner's, to Port Jervis, Newburgh and Warwick.
5 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
5:30 P. M.—Night Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points South and West.
6 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
7 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South. By this train sleeping-coaches will run through to Cincinnati without change.
8 P. M.—Emigrant Train daily, for the West.

Also, Way Trains for Boiling Spring, Passaic and Paterson at 6:45 and 9:15 A. M., 12 M. and 1:45, 3:30, 6:30 and 11 P. M. On Wednesday nights a Theatre Train at 12 o'clock for Suffern and intermediate stations.

SUNDAY TRAINS.—8:30 A. M. Way Train for Otisville; 12 M. and 5 P. M. for Paterson; 7 P. M. Night Express for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca and all points West and South; 11 P. M. for Paterson and Port Jervis.

Express Trains run through to Salamanca, Dunkirk and Buffalo without change of coaches, and in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines. Perfectly ventilated and luxurious sleeping coaches accompany all Night Trains. Tickets can be obtained at the Company's offices, No. 241 Broadway; depot foot of Chambers-st., New-York, and Long Dock Depot, Jersey City. WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent. H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, April 29, 1867, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

8 A. M. Express train, via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.

10:30 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.

12 M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with train for the West.

3:50 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-car attached.

4:45 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; and at Albany with Western trains. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.

6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection at Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.

11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North. This train will run on Sundays.

A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 9 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 3:45 P. M., arriving in New-York at 7 P. M.

Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 42d-st. at 9 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:40 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 5 P. M., arriving in New-York at 12:30 A. M.

WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5:15 and 9:25 A. M. at 1:15, 4:22, 5:22, and 6:42 P. M. Saturdays only at 11:15 P. M. The 9:25 A. M., 4:22 and 6:42 P. M. run through to Monsey. T. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

BENEDICT'S TIME TABLE FOR OCTOBER.—All railroads and steamboats from New-York complete, with City map, 25c. BENEDICT BROS., Jewelers, No. 171 Broadway.

COAL.

COAL DELIVERED BY PARMELE BROTHERS IN NEW-YORK AND BROOKLYN. English House Cannel, Liverpool and American Orrell, Lehigh, Locust Mountain and Schuylkill Coals carefully prepared for family and office use. Orders received at No. 32 Pine-st., New-York.

AUCTION SALES.

A. M. MERWIN, Auctioneer.

BY BANGS, MERWIN & CO.,

At their salesrooms, Nos. 694 and 696 Broadway, corner of 4th-st., FRIDAY AND SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, Oct. 4 and 5, at 4 o'clock. PRIVATE LIBRARY—Of standard and miscellaneous literature and a variety of bibles and prayer books. Also a large collection of miscellaneous publications, including finely illustrated books, &c. Catalogues are ready and the books are on exhibition.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, Auctioneers.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell at auction on TUESDAY, Oct. 8, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 46 Union-square, near 17th-st., all the furniture in said residence. Particulars hereafter.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, BED AND TABLE LINEN, SILVER-PLATED WARE, RICH CUT GLASS, CROCKERY. MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell by auction, on FRIDAY, Oct. 4, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., a large assortment of household furniture, consisting of rosewood and painted cottage suites, wardrobes, parlor suites, sofas, chairs, lounges, etageres, window curtains, rosewood pianos, &c. Also, a large assortment of blankets, linen sheets, pillow cases, towels, bedspreads, lace and muslin curtains, brocatel curtains. Also, a fine assortment of glass and crockery, silver-plated ware of all kinds. Also, office furniture, Herring's safe, sitting and standing desks, arm chairs, oil-cloths, &c.

AUCTION SALE OF A MODERN FRAME DWELLING, AT ORANGE, N. J.—The subscribers will sell at public auction, on the premises, on FRIDAY, Oct. 4, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the fine two-story and attic frame dwelling-house, containing nine rooms, garret and cellar, gas, well and cistern water, heater, range, &c., all in complete order. Situate on the southeast corner of Washington and William sts. Lot 154 feet front on Washington-st., 200 feet on William-st., 60 feet rear, and 155 on south line. Garden beautifully laid out and well stocked with choice fruit-trees, currants, raspberries, Lawton blackberries, &c. Convenient to churches, stores and markets. Five minutes' walk from Morris and Essex Depot, and two minutes' from horse cars. Terms easy. KING & BOND, No. 295 Broad-st., Newark.

AUCTION SALES.

LARGE SALE OF PUBLIC PROPERTY.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE, No. 16 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 4, 1867.

Will be sold at public auction, at the Depot of Army Clothing and Equipage, No. 400 Washington-st., New-York City, on TUESDAY, the 22d day of October, 1867, commencing at 11 o'clock A. M., to be continued from day to day, the following articles of Army Clothing and Equipage:

21,621 Woolen Blankets.
7,311 Rubber Blankets.
5,069 Rubber Ponchos.
63,455 Pegged Bootees, pairs.
33,125 Hand-sewed Bootees, pairs.
36,360 Hand-sewed Boots, pairs.
31,635 Peg'd Boots, pairs.
22,864 Great Coats, horse.
105,992 Do., do., foot.
25,418 Gray Flan'l Shirts.
69,919 Domet Shirts.
134 Unif. Coats, Art. Musicians.
824 Jackets, Cav. do.
263 Unif. Coats, Engineers.
26 do., do., Ordnance.
58,548 Stable Frocks.
316 Do. do. Art. Music.
981 Do. do. Inft. do.
10,000 Mosquito bars.
226,325 Knapsacks.
3,999 do. straps, sets.
100,201 Haversacks, painted.
236 Haversacks, unpainted.
252,511 Canteens.
4,255 Cotton overalls.
1,948,158 Hat numbers.
19,499 Do. Feathers.
1,027 Do. Bugles, Non. Reg.
1,080 Brass Scales, N.C.S. pairs.
4,595½ Brass Scales, Sergts., pairs.
100 Scale Buttons, pairs.
434 Hosp. Stewds. Letters U.
437 Hosp. Stewds. Letters S.
1,542 Scale Slides, pairs.
4,517 Cap Covers.
3,363 Fifes.
362 Rings for Lt. Art. Caps, pairs.
21 Red Hair Plumes.
13,003 Pickaxes.
16,825 Do. Handles.
16,836 Axes, felling.
6,069 Axe-handles.
16,616 Axe-slings.
33,597 Hatchets.
24,999 Hatchet-handles.
19,242 Hatchet-slings.
9,666 Spades.
1,514 Shovels.
5,546 Stove Pipe, pieces of.
2 Camp Color Staffs.
35 Canteen Straps.
66,378 Mess Pans.
26,694 Camp Kettles.
2 Sibley Tents.
47 Wall Tent Flies.
3 Marque Tents.
436 Hospi'l Tent Poles, sets.
244,632 C. F. Drawers.
7,094 Domet Drawers.
15,400 Trousers, horse.
107,132 Forage Caps.
32,274 Unif. Hats, untrimmed.
31,396 Do. Inft., trimmed.
3,073 Do. Cav., trimmed.
995 Do. Art., trimmed.
184,936 Great Coat straps.
13,468 Jackets, Cav. privates.
8,265 Unif. Coats, Inft. privates.
2,859 Do., do., Art. do.
277,413 Hat-cords, Inft.
480 Do., Hospital Stewards.
144 Eagles for Lt. Art. Caps.
8 Tulips, do., do.
287,112 Hat Eagles.
7,426 Hat Castles.
4,032 Shells and flames.
50,815 Crossed Sabres.
42,688 Crossed Cannon.
277,146 Hat Bugles.
39,797 Hat Cords, Cav.
30,197 Hat Cords, Art.
1,262,604 Hat Letters.
38 Hat Cord and Tassels.
439 Hosp. Stewds. Cap Wreaths.
23 Knit Drawers.
200 Unif. Coats, Inft., Boys.
425 Trowsers, foot, Boys.
104 Pairs bootees, Boys.
100 Shirts Flannel, Boys.
759 Gray Blue Great Coats, foot.
74 Trowsers, foot.
136 Trowsers, foot, Gray Blue.
17 Talmas and Hoods.
150 Unif. Coats, Art., Kersey.
14 Turbans, Zouave.
963 Wall Tent Poles, sets.
15,808 Common do. do.
10,747 Hospit'l Tent Pins, large.
13,598 Do. do., small.
378,043 Common do.
3,327 Wall do., large.
2,698 Stoves for Sibley tents.
108 Stoves for Sibley Tents and Pipe.
37,216 Prs. Chevrons.
691,649 ½ yds. W'sed Lace.
5 Hat Cords Ord'ce.
48,370 Leather N'k Stocks.
55,012 Scales, Corp'ls and Privates, prs.
51 Iron Pots.
1,310 Machine-sewed Bootees, prs.

Also, a quantity of irregular and damaged clothing and equipage. Samples of all can be seen at the depot for ten days prior to the sale, and catalogues will be furnished on application at this office, or at the depot, No. 400 Washington-st. Terms cash, in Government funds; ten per cent. down, and the balance before the goods are taken from the depots. The goods must be removed from the depot within ten days from date of sale, under forfeiture of purchase and the ten per cent. deposited. By order of the Quartermaster-General. C. G. SAWTELLE, Brevet Brig.-Gen. and Quartermaster, U. S. A., in charge of Depot A, O and E.

34TH-ST. FERRY TO HUNTER'S POINT LONG ISLAND.

Will be sold at public auction at the City Hall on FRIDAY, Oct. 25, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., for a term of ten years from Nov. 1, 1867, the lease of the Ferry, as now established, from the foot of 34th-st., East River, to the present terminus at Hunter's Point, L. I. The said lease will be sold subject to the condition that the landings of the Ferry, or any part thereof, not the property of the Corporation of the City of New-York, shall be procured at the risk and expense of the purchaser, and that the said Corporation shall not be liable at any time for any expense whatever in connection therewith. The purchaser of this franchise will be required to comply with the covenants on the part of the City contained in the present lease and provisions of Section 41 of the amended charter of 1857. RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller. NEW-YORK COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Sept. 24, 1867.

CORPORATION SALE OF REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Public notice is hereby given that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund will offer for sale at public auction, on MONDAY, Oct. 21, 1867, at noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, several pieces or parcels of improved and unimproved real estate, belonging to the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York. Description of property, together with the terms and conditions of sale, may be had upon application at this office, where will be furnished, on and after Oct. 14, 1867, maps of the property to be sold. Warrantee deeds will be given to all purchasers. RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller. DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, Sept. 16, 1867.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY T. R. MINTURN.

THIS DAY, (Friday,) Oct. 4, at 11 o'clock, within the store:
100 cases new crop Smyrna Figs.
2,000 drums Figs, 4 and 8 pounds.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, Auctioneers.

ELEGANT SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MARBLE STATUARY, &C., BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTORS OF RICHARD F. CARMAN, ESQ., DECEASED. HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 9, at 10½ o'clock, all the furniture, paintings, statuary, &c., contained in his late residence, No. 41 West 31st-st. The above will be on exhibition on Tuesday, Oct. 8. Tickets of admission may be procured on applying to the auctioneers, No. 93 Liberty-st. Particulars hereafter.

G. G. HAYDOCK, Auctioneer.

EARTHENWARE—BY ROBT. HAYDOCK & SON, THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 101 Liberty-st.: 450 crates white granite and common earthenware. Also, damaged earthenware: 60 crates sold for account of whom it may concern; damaged on the voyage.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT under and by virtue of a certain instrument of indenture, dated the sixth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, made and entered into between EDWARD K. COLLINS, JAMES BROWN, ELISHA RIGGS, WILLIAM S. WETMORE and STEWART BROWN, of the first part; PROSPER M. WETMORE, of the second part, and the United States of America, by JOHN Y. MASON, Secretary of the Navy of the United States, of the third part, and for the purpose of obtaining repayment of the sum of one hundred and fifteen thousand and five hundred dollars, being the amount of the outstanding balance of advances due, unpaid and unrefunded to the United States, with interest thereon from the twentieth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, I will on the first day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, at 12 o'clock at noon sell at the Merchants' Exchange, at the City of New-York, at public auction, for cash, the steamship *Atlantic*, her tackle, apparel, &c.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, April 19, 1858.

The above sale having been postponed from time to time to this date, it is hereby again postponed until THURSDAY, October twenty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, at the Merchants Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, at twelve o'clock at noon.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, May 31, 1864.

The above sale is postponed till WEDNESDAY, November thirty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, October 20, 1864.

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, January twenty-six, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, November 30, 1864.

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, March twenty-three, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, January 26, 1865.

The above sale is postponed till WEDNESDAY, April twenty-six, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, March 23, 1865.

The above sale is postponed till WEDNESDAY, May twenty-four, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, April 26, 1865.

The above sale is postponed till Wednesday, June 28, 1865 at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, May 24, 1865.

The above sale is postponed till WEDNESDAY, August 23, 1865, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, June 28, 1865.

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, October twenty-six, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, Aug. 23, 1865. aug24-lawtoct26

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, December twenty-eight, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, October 26, 1865. oc27-lawtod28

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, March twenty-nine, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 28, 1865. d29-lawtomh29

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, May thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, March 29, 1866. mh30-lawtom31

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, July twenty-six, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, May 31, 1866. je1-lawtojy26

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, October twenty-fifth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, July 26, 1866. jy27-lawtooc25

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, December twenty-seventh, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 25, 1866. oc26-lawtodec27

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, January thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 27, 1866. dec28-lawtojan31

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, March twenty-eighth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 31, 1867. feb1-lawtomh28

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, May thirtieth, one thousand eigth hundred and sixty-seven, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, March 28, 1867. mh29-lawtomy30

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, August twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, May 30, 1867. my30-lawtoau29

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, December twenty-sixth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, at the same time and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.
NEW-YORK, Aug. 29, 1867. au30-lawtodec26

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, trustee, that he will, upon the 14th day of October next, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, at the Montana Mills, in the town of Cornwall, County of Orange, and State of New-York, put up and offer for sale and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, all and singular the said Montana Mill, with the buildings, real estate, machinery, tools, implements, appliances and appurtenances belonging to the same. G. L. BEECKMAN, Trustee.

Dated Sept. 20, 1867.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—TO-NIGHT.

MAX MARETZEK.....Director

ITALIAN OPERA.

THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, Oct. 4,
GOUNOD'S
FAUST. FAUST.
MISS MINNIE A. HAUCK.
MME. NATALI TESTA.
S. ANASTASI, BELLINI, ANTONUCCI.
THE INCIDENTAL BALLET
by Miles. SAND, KRUGER and Mr. C. MARVIG.
TO-MORROW SATURDAY, Oct. 5, at 1,
GRAND MATINEE.
NORMA. NORMA.
AND A BALLET DIVERTISSEMENT.
THE IDEAL
MME. PAREPA ROSA,
MME. NATALI TESTA,
E. PANCANI, F. MEDINI.
MLLES. M. SAND, KRUGER, and MR. C. MARVIG.
TICKETS TO THE MATINEE $1 50
TO ALL PARTS OF THE HOUSE—NO RESERVED SEATS.
ON MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 7,
ERNANI.
ON TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 8,
LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR.
PRICES AS USUAL.

Tickets and Reserved Seats for any of the above-named performances can be had at the Academy of Music; at Pond's (up-town) music-store, No. 865 Broadway; at G. Schirmer's music-store, No. 701 Broadway, and, down town, at the Theatre Ticket-office, No. 114 Broadway.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Max Maretzek.....Director

FANNY JANAUSCHEK,

Her first appearance in America on
WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCT. 9,
Grillparzer's celebrated tragedy of
MEDEA.

Box office now open at the Academy of Music and the usual places. Seats can be secured for the first six representations in advance.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:
General admission.....$1 50
Reserved seats in the balcony.....50 cents extra
Reserved stalls in the orchestra.....$1 extra
Family Circle.....75 cents
Private boxes from.....$6 to $12

N. B.—Miss Fanny Janauschek's second appearance will take place on SATURDAY, OCT. 12, in Mosenthal's drama of DEBORAH, (Leah, the Forsaken.)

FRENCH THEATRE.

H. L. BATEMAN.....Lessee and Director

THE NOVELTY OF THE DAY
AND
HIT OF THE SEASON,
GRAND DUCHESS,
received with
IMMENSE APPLAUSE.
all the gems
APPLAUDED AND ENCORED,
the Songs, Music and Choruses
BRIGHT,
SPARKLING,
VIVACIOUS
AND DELIGHTFUL.
OFFENBACH'S MUSIC THE RAGE.
"LA SABRE DE MON PERE" and
"DITES LUI,"
and all the choice *morceaux*
POPULAR AND CAPTIVATING,
THE PRESS UNANIMOUS
in pronouncing this Opera the
GREATEST SUCCESS EVER KNOWN.
It will be presented every
TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY,
by the
GREAT PARISIAN OPERA COMPANY,
including
MLLES. TOSTEE AND FELCOURT;
Messrs. GUFFROY, DUCHESNE, LEDUC and LAGRIFFOUL.
APPROPRIATE SCENES and BEAUTIFUL COSTUMES.
COMPLETE ORCHESTRA AND CHORUS.
Doors open at 7½; Overture begins at 7:55 P. M.
THE GRAND DUCHESS
at the
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC, OCT. 7.
FIRST GRAND DUCHESS
MATINEE,
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 9, at 1 o'clock.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

H. L. Bateman.....Lessee and Director

"THE GRAND DUCHESS"

Will be performed as above on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 7. Seats secured in advance at the Academy, and at Macoy's, No. 114 Broadway.

WORRELL SISTERS'

NEW-YORK THEATRE,

No. 728 Broadway.
POSITIVELY ONLY THREE NIGHTS MORE.
Mr. Augustin Daly's greatly successful drama

UNDER THE GAS-LIGHT

Witnessed by 100,000 people, and pronounced the most interesting, truthful and exciting picture of Life and Love at the present day. The wondrous Railroad Sensation, the universal topic of conversation, admitted by everybody to be the climax of all dramatic sensations. Miss Rose Eytinge, Mrs. Skerrett, Mrs. Fanny Young, Mr. J. K. Mortimer, C. T. Parsloe, Jr. and A. H. Davenport, in their original parts.

LAST NIGHT, SATURDAY, OCT. 5,
and ladies are reminded that
POSITIVELY THE LAST MATINEE
will
BE GIVEN SATURDAY, OCT. 5.

UNDER THE GASLIGHT—POSITIVELY LAST MATINEE, SATURDAY, Oct. 5, at 2 o'clock.

UNDER THE GASLIGHT—SHORTLY IN Brooklyn.

THEATRE TICKET OFFICE

FOR ALL FIRST-CLASS THEATRES, CONCERTS AND OTHER ENTERTAINMENTS, AT MACOY'S STATIONERY STORE, NO. 114 BROADWAY. Open daily from 8 from A. M. till 5 P. M., where the patrons of amusements can rely upon obtaining choice seats and tickets at all times, and in advance whenever required. Orders will also be received for private boxes, &c., &c., at No. 114 BROADWAY.

NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,

No. 82 5th-av., corner of 14th-st., No. 820 Broadway, and No. 116 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, N. Y. Theory Classes now forming. Terms $15 per quarter.

THE ONE I LOVE BEST.

The beautiful new waltz by Thomas Baker played every night at Wallack's Theatre. A real mirror with handsome gilt border adorns the title page. Price, 75 cents; copies mailed. WM. A. POND & CO., No. 547 Broadway. Branch store No. 865 Broadway.

JULIANA PHEBIANA CONSTANTINA BROWN.—Song and dance, 35c. Pretty Little Sarah; or, "Seven Dollars a Week," 35c. Schottisch, 20c. Dandy Pat; Irish song, 35c.; medley, 20c.; for violin, 15c. each. FREDERICK BLUME, No. 208 Bowery and No. 1,125 Broadway, second door above 25th-st.

WANTED—A GOOD TENOR OR BARITONE singer as precentor in church. Address, stating salary expected, CHURCH MUSIC, Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

DANCING.

DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY,

NO. 82 5TH-AV., CORNER OF 14TH-ST., NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON.
LADIES' CLASS—Wednesdays and Saturdays, 2 to 4 P. M.
MISSES' and MASTERS'—Wednesdays and Saturdays, 4 to 6 P. M.
GENTLEMEN—Tuesday and Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY,

NO. 212 FIFTH-AV., NEW-YORK. Morning and afternoon classes for children will commence SATURDAY, Oct. 5. Evening classes for gentlemen will commence TUESDAY, Oct. 8. For terms, &c., send for a circular. Mr. Dodworth will be at home to receive calls after Sept. 20.

F. DODWORTH, DANCING ACADEMY,

No. 120 Pierrepont-st., near Fulton, Brooklyn, Will commence Tuesday, Oct. 1. For days, &c., send or call for a circular. Private lessons given either single or in class. Mr. Dodworth will receive calls from 12 to 2 P. M.

HLASKO'S ACADEMY OF DANCING and physical culture, Everett Rooms, Broadway, corner 34th-st., commences TUESDAY, Oct. 15.

THE TURF.

A GREAT MATCH ON UNION COURSE,

ON MONDAY, OCT. 7, 1867, AT 2 P. M., FOR $5,000, BETWEEN
D. Pfifer's b. m.....Lady Thorn and
S. McLaughlin's b. g.....Mountain Boy

Mile heats, best 3 in 5, in harness. Cars leave the South, Fulton and Williamsburgh Ferries every five minutes during the day for the Course direct, and also East New-York at 1:20 P. M. for Course direct. Metropolitan Police will be in attendance to preserve order. Good day and track. WM. SHAW, Proprietor.

DRY GOODS

TO DRY-GOODS MERCHANTS,

STRAW DEALERS, HATTERS, &c.
A SPLENDID STORE, NO. 412 BROADWAY,
NEAR CANAL-ST.,
26.6 by 175 feet,
TO RENT FROM THE 1ST OF JANUARY, 1868.
Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO.,
No. 3 Pine-st.

AT F. DE PERCEVAL'S,

No. 739 Broadway, opposite Astor-place. Large stock of embroidered Yokes for chemises and night gowns; French Lingerie for ladies and children. Handsome Initials and Monograms embroidered to order on handkerchiefs, table linen and bedclothes; all kinds of Embroideries and Stamping made to order, stamped goods.

NEW GOODS AT LOW PRICES.—RIBbons, Laces, Embroideries, Dress Trimmings, Linen Hdkfs. Collars and Sets, Corsets and Skirts, English Brushes, Scissors, small wares and Fancy Goods. Seamless Kid Gloves. W. J. ELGER, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

MILLINERY.

CHILDREN'S HATS AND FALL BONNETS, great bargains this day at L. BINNS' Millinery, No. 577 Broadway; millinery goods at wholesale and retail. We sell very cheap to milliners. Materials cut bias.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successors to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 157 Chambers-st.

IRON AND METALS.

THOS. J. POPE & BROS.,

PIG IRON, METALS, RAILS, &c.,
No. 292 Pearl, near Beekman-st., New-York
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

ASTROLOGY.

NO. 165 BOWERY.—MME. WIDGER, CLAIRvoyant, tells all you want to know; losses, numbers, diseases, &c.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE BARNUM AND VAN AMBURGH MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE COMPANY.

Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.

A GREAT EVENT.
EVERY AFTERNOON AT 2½, EVENING AT 8.

Production of the new Drama in four acts, written by M. Levick, Esq., founded on the great sensation story, entitled

PALE JANET:
OR,
THE TRAGEDY OF RED MARSH FARM,
with NEW SCENERY, COSTUMES, &c., and abounding in NOVEL AND STARTLING EFFECTS.
TO BE SEEN AT ALL HOURS,
A WONDER! A WONDER!
A LIVING GORILLA,
THE ONLY ONE EVER CAPTURED ALIVE.

This remarkable animal is 2½ years old, 5 feet 2 inches high, and weighs over 200 pounds. Possessed of extraordinary strength, the capture of any of his species was ever deemed impossible by human power. This specimen was finally secured and brought to this country at an expense of

OVER EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS.

An extensive collection of beautiful
LIVING FISH, FROM THE GULF OF MEXICO.
GORDON CUMMING, the Lion-Slayer's Collection.
PROF. HUTCHINGS...LIGHTNING CALCULATOR.
A MAMMOTH FAT INFANT
A GIANTESS, A DWARF, A CIRCASSIAN GIRL,
TEN LIVING SEA LEOPARDS,
THREE ROCKY MOUNTAIN MOOSE,
LIVING SNAKES, MONKEYS, LEARNED SEAL,
HAPPY FAMILY, GRAND AQUARIA, &c.
OVER 300,000 CURIOSITIES.
Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

BANVARD'S OPERA HOUSE

AND MUSEUM,
Broadway, corner of 30th-st.
Manager and Director.....JOHN DE POL.
GRAND OPENING
THIS EVENING,
at 7½ o'clock.

Will be presented the Grand Spectacular Féerie by Arthur Cuyas Armengos entitled the

DEVIL'S AUCTION; DEVIL'S AUCTION;
Or, the GOLDEN BRANCH.
DEVIL'S AUCTION. DEVIL'S AUCTION.
DEVIL'S AUCTION.
With the Star
PREMIERES DANSEUSES,
the
GRAND EUROPEAN BALLET COMPANY,
under the direction of
Sig. D. RONZANI,
AND A FULL DRAMATIC COMPANY.

Doors open at 6¾. Performance will commence at 7¾ precisely. Tickets for the first three performances for sale at the Box Office, and at Chickering & Sons, No. 652 Broadway; Rullman's No. 114 Broadway.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager.....Mr. LESTER WALLACK
EVERY EVENING UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
will be presented Craven's new comedy, entitled
MEG'S DIVERSION.

Characters by Messrs. John Gilbert, B. T. Ringgold, A. W. Young, J. B. Polk, J. W. Leonard, and Miss Clara Jennings, Mrs. W. Winter and Miss Annie Ward. During the evening the orchestra will perform a variety of new music, arranged by Mr. Thomas Baker. To conclude with F. C. Burnand's last and greatest burlesque, entitled

THE LATEST EDITION OF
BLACK-EYED SUSAN,
THE LITTLE BILL THAT WAS TAKEN UP.

Characters by Miss Kate Ranoe, (from the principal London theatres,) Miss Mary Gannon, Mrs. W. Winter, Miss Mary Barrett, Miss Mary Scott, Messrs. Mark Smith, A. W. Young, George Holland, J. C. Williamson, G. F. Browne, J. W. Leonard, &c. A new comedy and other novelties in active preparation. Doors open at 7¼. Performance commences at 8.

"CAPTAIN CROSSTREE IS MY NAME,"—Encored every night at WALLACK'S.

"PRETTY SEE-U-SAN, DON'T SAY NO."—Encored every night at WALLACK'S.

"CAPTAIN CROSSTREE IS MY NAME!"—Encored every night at WALLACK'S.

"PRETTY SEE-U-SAN DON'T SAY NO!"—Encored every night at WALLACK'S.

"CAPTAIN CROSSTREE IS MY NAME!"—Encored every night at WALLACK'S.

"PRETTY SEE-U-SAN, DON'T SAY NO!"—Encored every night at WALLACK'S.

"CAPTAIN CROSSTREE IS MY NAME!"—Encored every night at WALLACK'S.

"PRETTY SEE-U-SAN, DON'T SAY NO!"—Encored every night at WALLACK'S.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT.....Director.
RETURN TO THE CITY
of the
GREAT NEW-YORK CIRCUS TROUPE,
comprising the greatest force of
DARING RIDERS, ACCOMPLISHED GYMNASTS,
COMICAL CLOWNS, TIGHT-ROPE DANCERS,
ACROBATS, SLACK-ROPE VAULTERS,
CONTORTIONISTS, EQUILIBRISTS,
AND VOLTIGEURS,
ever brought together in America, including the
BEST ARTISTS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT,
now in this country, and forming beyond comparison
THE MOST POWERFUL COMBINATION
OF EQUESTRIAN AND ATHLETIC TALENT
that has ever appeared in New-York.
THE OPENING OF THE SEASON
will take place on
MONDAY NIGHT, OCT. 7,
when will be presented
A MOST BRILLIANT PROGRAMME
OF EXCITING ARENA SCENES,
introducing the entire strength of the
LARGEST AND BEST TROUPE
on the continent, in
NOVEL AND DIVERSIFIED FEATS,
including almost every imaginable variety of
DASHING HORSEMANSHIP
AND CLASSIC OLYMPIC GAMES,
presented with
NEW AND GORGEOUS
COSTUMES AND APPOINTMENTS,
and an attention to completeness and effect in every detail
HITHERTO UNEQUALED IN AMERICA.
THE SUPERB STUD OF
HIGHLY TRAINED HORSES AND PONIES
attached to the New-York Circus is positively unequaled.
A FULL AND EFFICIENT ORCHESTRA,
under the direction of Mr. C. Boswold.
MATINEE AT 2½.
MATINEE AT 2½.
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
Admission 50 cents; children under ten, 25 cents; to reserved seats, 75 cents; children under ten, 50 cents.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.
SPECIAL NOTICE.

The management takes pleasure in announcing that arrangements have been made for the production of a series of

SENSATIONAL NOVELTIES,

of the most unique and gorgeous description, which will be brought forward in rapid succession, and for the speedy introduction to its patrons of numerous

WORLD-RENOWNED ARTISTS,
who have never yet appeared in America.

THE NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,

No. 82 5th-av., corner of 14th-st., No. 820 Broadway, and No. 116 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.
NOW OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF PUPILS.

The best talent in Europe and America is secured, and no inferior teachers are nor will be engaged in the institution. The directors will spare neither pains nor expense to retain the reputation which the Conservatory has so justly acquired during the past four years, that of the first MUSIC SCHOOL in America. TERMS.—Regular classes $10 per quarter for every branch of instruction.

EDWARD MOLLENHAUER, A. F. LEJEAL, HENRY MOLLENHAUER, } Musical Directors.
S. N. GRISWOLD, Secretary.

MUSICAL.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE

is called the best instrument made by all the leading musicians of this City and elsewhere. It is pronounced by the National Piano-forte Association, after a trial in their rooms with the first manufactures of this country, eminently the *best Piano in America*, and used by the Conservato of Music and other high music schools altogether, because of their immense power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, elastic touch and great durability. Warerooms No. 429 Broome-st., near Broadway.

MASON AND HAMLIN, MANUFACTURERS OF CABINET ORGANS, No. 596 Broadway, New-York, have been awarded a FIRST PRIZE MEDAL at the PARIS EXPOSITION. Fifty styles at $75 to $1,000 each. Second hand instruments of various makers at low prices. ORGANS TO RENT.

NEW PATENT PIANOS.

RAVEN & BACON, Manufacturers of Piano-fortes with Patent Combination Sounding-Boards. This invention, introduced exclusively into our Pianos, is of the greatest advantage to the tone of the instrument, as it affects the Sounding-Board—the very soul of the Piano—and produces thereby a pure liquid tone, greatly superior in quality and power to that of the ordinary Piano. The Sounding-Board, released from its connection with the piano-case and resting upon under sounding-boards, is relieved from the rigidity caused by such connection, and its vibratory quality greatly increased. All lovers of this eminently household instrument, as well as parties proposing to purchase new Pianos, are invited to call and examine our assortment. Warerooms, 644 and 646 Broadway, N. Y.

A WELL-MERITED SUCCESS.

The celebrated BRASS INSTRUMENTS manufactured by the SCHREIBER CORNET COMPANY have obtained the

FIRST MEDAL

at the International Exhibition in Paris, for their beautiful, clear and sympathetic sound and novelty of construction, combining the greatest advantages for the performer with excellence of material and great durability. M. J. PAILLARD & CO., Agents, No. 21 Maiden-lane, New-York.

RAINES BROTHERS

have opened a new and spacious PIANO-FORTE WAREROOM at No. 46 East 14th-st., Union-square, where the public can always find an assortment of first-class pianos at moderate prices. N. B.—New pianos to rent.

PIANO-FORTES.

STEINWAY & SONS offer a splendid assortment of second-hand pianos of their own make, for sale at a bargain for cash, as also a large number of Boston and New-York manufacturers' instruments. STEINWAY & SONS, Nos. 109 and 111 East 14th-st.

PIANOFORTES—JENNYS & SON, MANUfacturers, Nos. 233 and 235 East 21st-st., between 2d and 3d avs. The instruments of this firm are worthy the attention of all lovers of music; for quality of tone and elegance of finish they are more than equal to any other makers in the country, and yet, in price, are much the most reasonable. Parties wanting would do well to examine them before making their selections.

BRANCH MUSIC AND PIANO WAREROOMS.—Pianos $275 to $800. Melodeons $70 to $350. Pianos and melodeons to let. FREDERICK BLUME, No. 1,125 Broadway, Second door above 25th-st.

A BARGAIN.—PRICE $260, ORIGINAL COST $425—Rosewood 7-octave piano-forte, round corners, overstrung bass; assortment new piano-fortes at manufacturers' prices; also, 25 second-hand pianos cheap. McDONALD & CO., No. 20 4th-av.

A THOROUGH LADY TEACHER OF the Piano desires a few more pupils. Terms, $20 per quarter. Address R. C. D., care of G. Schirmer, No. 701 Broadway.

$100 TO $600.—A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF new and second-hand piano-fortes to let and sold on installments. L. P. CUMMINGS, No. 8 Union-square.

THE MISSES SLOMAN, PROFESSORS of Piano, Singing and Harp. Address J. SCHIRMER, No. 701 Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

RISTORI.

NOTICE.—In consequence of the last rehearsals of Giacometti's MARIE ANTOINETTE, there will be no representations by the Ristori Company at the French Theatre this Friday evening and to-morrow, Saturday Matinee, Oct. 4 and 5.

MARIE ANTOINETTE—RISTORI.

The sale of seats for the first three nights of MARIE ANTOINETTE will commence to-day at the authorized ticket offices: French Theatre, Schirmer's music-store, No. 701 Broadway; Chickering's, No. 652 Broadway, and at Macoy's, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway, where seats can be secured without any additional charge. Orchestra seats, $2 50; dress circle, $2; private boxes, four seats, $12; proscenium, $20.

PAOLO GIACOMETTI'S
LAST AND GREAT WORK,
written expressly for
MME. ADELAIDE RISTORI,
with the express stipulation, as by contract with the author, that its first representation
SHOULD TAKE PLACE IN AMERICA.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

Sole Lessee and Director.....J. GRAU.
ADELAIDE RISTORI AS MARIE ANTOINETTE.

Mr. GRAU has the honor to announce that the preparations, on an unprecedented scale of splendor and of lavish expenditure for the production of

GIACOMETTI'S NEW AND ELABORATE WORK,
MARIE ANTOINETTE,

having been completed, its first production in the world will take place on

MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 7, 1867.

In announcing this great dramatic event Mr. Grau begs to state that the tragedy of the eminent author, WHICH IS THE FIRST EVER WRITTEN BY ANY EUROPEAN AUTHOR SOLELY FOR THE AMERICAN STAGE, will be placed before the New-York public WITH EXTRAORDINARY MAGNIFICENCE. THE AUTHOR, IN ORDER TO GIVE IT A FITTING HISTORICAL ACCURACY, HAS COMPILED FACTS FROM AVAILABLE PUBLIC AND PRIVATE LIBRARIES, DOCUMENTS AND HISTORICAL ARCHIVES. ELABORATE AND MINUTE RESEARCHES HAVE BEEN MADE BY HIM AT THE PALACE DE TRIANON, AT VERSAILLES, AND ALL HISTORICAL DOCUMENTS CONSULTED AT THE PRISON DE LA CONCIERGERIE, WHERE THE NOBLE AND UNFORTUNATE QUEEN WAS IMPRISONED BEFORE HER EXECUTION. THE HIGHEST INFLUENCES HAVE BEEN EXERTED IN ORDER TO OBTAIN PERMISSION TO PERUSE CERTAIN SECRET RECORDS WHICH NO ONE EXCEPT MONSIEUR THIERS, THE FORMER SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR, WAS EVER ALLOWED TO OPEN; and the result of Giacometti's patient labor and spirited genius has been so far rewarded that he has succeeded in uniting in his tragedy of MARIE ANTOINETTE all the qualities which constitute a masterpiece.

The management, desirous of not being behind in exertions, has seconded Giacometti's efforts, and begs to state that all the requisites to lend splendor and truthfulness to the production of the chef d'œuvre have been obtained. Agents of Mr. Grau abroad have procured

THE SCENERY,

which is by the principal masters in Italy, and painted expressly in Europe by order of Signor Giacometti, for the production of this great tragedy, the scenic novelties of which Mr. Grau begs to submit in a synopsis:

PROLOGUE.—SCENE—Grand Hall at Versailles, by Signor Recanatini, scenograph of the grand Theatre San Carlo Fenice, at Venice.

ACT I.

A Superb Hall of the Palace at Versailles, by Signor Coliva, of the grand Theatre Carlo, of Genoa.

ACT II.

PART FIRST.—SCENE—The Park of St. Cloud, by Signor Recanati.

PART SECOND.—SCENE—Hall of the Terrace des Feuillants, in the Chateau of the Tuileries, by Signor Venier, first scenic artist of the Royal Theatre San Carlo, at Naples.

ACT III.

SCENE—Hall adjoining the Legislative Assembly, by Signor Coliva.

ACT IV.

SCENE—The King's Chamber at the Prison of the Temple, by Signor Gianni, scenograph of the Royal Theatre Pergola, in Florence.

ACT V.

SCENE—Queen's Chamber, Marie Antoinette in the Prison of the Temple; by Signor Lussi, scenic artist of the new Royal Theatre at Florence.

EPILOGUE.

SCENE—Prison of the Queen Marie Antoinette at the Conciergerie, by Signor Gianni.

THE COSTUMES AND PROPERTIES,

which are of the most extensive and costly character, all historically correct, and procured through the assistance of the best artists in Paris, are such as to form a

MISE EN SCENE.

which for perfection of detail and splendor will most certainly surpass anything of the kind ever yet seen in America. No part of the play has been neglected in these particulars, but to give a complete picture of the days of the Revolution of 1789, the grande gallerie de la Revolution has been inspected for several months past, and its valuable deposits have been converted to use for the purpose of rendering the production of this play satisfactory to the most studious historian.

THE DRAMATIS PERSONÆ

comprise some of the most celebrated characters in the French Revolution: particularly those who figured in that stupendous drama of life and of nations which is known in history distinctively as "La Revolution Française;" they who were the actors prior to those terrible days, and familiar at the Court of France, being prominently brought forward to give a domestic interest to the scenes. Foremost among these is seen the character of the Marquis de Lafayette, the early friend of the American Revolution and the consistent friend of his country's king and queen.

The music, composed of admirable symphonies and incidental music, in concordance with the spirit of the tragedy and the inspiration of Giacometti, has been written by the eminent maestro, Signor Gorza.

PRICES OF ADMISSION FOR THE MARIE ANTOINETTE SOIREES.

Notwithstanding the stupendous outlay incurred by the production of MARIE ANTOINETTE, the management begs to inform the public that the prices of admission and reserved seats will remain unchanged, and that seats may now be secured for the performances of Monday, Wednesday and Friday next.

The copyright of Marie Antoinette has been secured by J. Grau, in conformity with the act of Congress, and any unauthorized use of the incidents, arrangements or language of the work will subject the party infringing to legal process.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

FIRST TIME IN BROOKLYN, TUESDAY, OCT. 8,
Giacometti's great new tragedy,
MARIE ANTOINETTE.
Mme. ADELAIDE RISTORI...as...Marie Antoinette.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—TO-NIGHT.

JAMES E. HAYES, Lessee. G. L. FOX, Stage Manager.
C. W. TAYLEURE, Business Manager.
FOURTH WEEK of the great engagement of
Mr. JOSEPH JEFFERSON.
IMMENSE DEMAND FOR RESERVED SEATS.
CROWDED HOUSES EVERY NIGHT.
THRONGS TURNED AWAY.

EVERY	RIP VAN WINKLE	SATURDAY
NIGHT	RIP VAN WINKLE	AFTERNOON
Begins at 8.	RIP VAN WINKLE	Begins at 1½.
Closes at	RIP VAN WINKNE	Closes at
10½ o'clock.	RIP VAN WINKLE	3:35 o'clock.

JEFFERSON.....as.....RIP VAN WINKLE.
THE GREAT ARTISTIC TRIUMPH
OF OUR TIME.
RIP VAN WINKLE MATINEE SATURDAY.

In splendid preparation, with costumes, &c., imported from Paris, SHAKESPEARE'S fairy and operatic spectacle—A MIDSUMMER-NIGHT'S DREAM.

A RIP VAN WINKLE MATINEE
1½ TO-MORROW AFTERNOON—OLYMPIC THEATRE.

A RIP VAN WINKLE MATINEE
1½ TO-MORROW AFTERNOON—OLYMPIC THEATRE.

A RIP VAN WINKLE MATINEE
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1½ TO-MORROW AFTERNOON—OLYMPIC THEATRE.

A RIP VAN WINKLE MATINEE
1½ TO-MORROW AFTERNOON—OLYMPIC THEATRE.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager.....WM. WHEATLEY
Doors open 7¼; begins 7¾.
SECOND YEAR OF THE
BLACK CROOK,
JARRETT & PALMER'S
GRAND PARISIENNE BALLET,
strongly reinforced by
NEW ARTISTS, NEW BALLETS,
NEW COSTUMES,
NEW ILLUMINATED BALL-ROOM,
GRAND CARNIVAL AND MASQUERADE,
AND THE GORGEOUS TRANSFORMATION.
THE MECHANICAL DONKEY EVERY EVENING.
MATINEE TO-MORROW, (Saturday,) at 1 o'clock.
Seats secured six days in advance.

BROADWAY THEATRE—EDWIN FORREST

THIS FRIDAY EVENING, OCT. 4.
LAST APPEARANCE OF EDWIN FORREST
As SPARTACUS, in the GLADIATOR.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING,
BENEFIT OF BARTON HILL.
MONDAY—EDWIN FORREST as METAMORA.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.

24th-st., corner Broadway and 5th-av.
LAST WEEK OF FRA DIAVOLO.
FIFTH WEEK of TOO MUCH FOR GOOD NATURE.
Leffingwell.....as.....Beppo and Ventane
Mrs. Sedley Brown.....as.....Fra Diavolo and Chummy
MATINEE, SATURDAY, at 2 P. M.
In rehearsal, Aladdin, the Wonderful Scamp.

STEINWAY HALL.

FIRST GRAND SUNDAY CONCERT,
SUNDAY EVENING, Oct. 6.
L. F. HARRISON.....Director

Mme. VARIAN HOFFMAN, the favorite Soprano, will sing Romance by Meyerbeer, Barcarole by Gounod, and Aria, "Romeo and Juliet." Mr. J. R. THOMAS will sing "My Soul to God, my Heart to Thee," by Clapisson; "Thou Everywhere," by Lackner. Mr. CARL ROSA, the celebrated Violinist, will perform Grand "Concerto Militaire," by Lipinski; "Fantasia Brillante," by A. Moeser. THEO. THOMAS' GRAND ORCHESTRA will perform "Aria dei Alletti," by Gluck; Selections from Schuman; Overture, "King Stephan," by Beethoven; Finale, "Lorelie," by Mendelssohn; March, "Mazeppa," by Liszt.

Conductor.....Mr. THEO. THOMAS
Accompanist.....Mr. G. W. COLBY
TICKETS ONE DOLLAR.

BUNYAN HALL—UNION SQUARE.

Corner Broadway and 15th-st.
"THE PILGRIM."

A grand and entirely new moral entertainment, as beautiful, fascinating and impressive as the most successful drama ever offered. Splendid tableaux, grand transformation finale. Music by Philip Phillips, Thorn Biorn and others. Every evening at 7½ o'clock. Matinee Wednesdays and Saturdays at 2 o'clock P. M. Admission, 50 cents and $1; Reserved Seats, $1 50.

NOW OPEN!

AMERICAN INSTITUTE

GRAND EXHIBITION
of National Industrial Products.
Admission 50 cents. 14th-st., near 6th-av.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW-YORK.

TWENTY-SIXTH SEASON.

The first public rehearsal of this Society will take place at the Academy of Music, 14th-st., on FRIDAY, Oct. 25, at 3½ P. M. Season tickets may be procured at Messrs. Jordens & Marten's, No. 758 Broadway; Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; J. Schuberth & Co., No. 820 Broadway. R. OGDEN DOREMUS, M. D., President. D. SCHAAD, Secretary.

WILLIAM MASON AND THEODORE THOMAS' CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,

No. 129 5th-av., near 20th-st.

Classes formed daily for children and advanced pupils in singing, harmony, piano, harp, violin, and all other instruments and playing concerted music; popular elementary, choral and orchestral classes are also forming. Office hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

15TH SEASON, 1867-8,

Of Prof. HENRY GEBHARD'S ACADEMY OF PHYSICAL CULTURE, Nos. 161 5th-av. and 937 Broadway, corner 22d-st. Classes for ladies and children in light gymnastics and calisthenics. Gymnasium and fencing academy for gentlemen and young gentlemen. Apply for circulars.

THE STATE FAIR.

Annual Exhibition of the New-York State Agricultural Society—The Programme—Opening Address by Major H. T. Brooks—The Cultivation of Apples—Implements on Exhibition.

From Our Own Reporter.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Tuesday, Oct. 1, 1867.

This is the opening day of the Annual Exhibition of the New-York State Agricultural Society. The exhibition is to continue for four successive days. An epitome of the programme is as follows:

Tuesday, Oct. 1, is devoted to entering articles for exhibition. Tuesday evening the Society are expected to convene at the Court-house, when an opening address will be given by Hon. H. T. BROOKS, of the *Rural New-Yorker*, Rochester, N. Y., on the following subject: "Has not the culture of the apple occupied as much of our State as is profitable?"

On Wednesday the judges are to examine articles entered for exhibition, and on Wednesday evening the Society will discuss the following topic: "Cooking and cutting food for stock—its importance." E. W. STEWARD, Esq., of North Evans, Erie County, New-York, will open the discussion.

Thursday evening the subject of discussion is to be: "Soiling neat cattle—its importance." GEORGE A. MOORE, Esq., is expected to open the discussion.

The weather is cool and comfortable, the traveling agreeable, streets, walks and fields dry, the sky is partially overcast with fleecy clouds, and everything seems to favor a successful exhibition. Numerous vehicles are pouring in, loaded with different kinds of domestic animals, tools of various sorts and agricultural and mechanical implements. Mechanics and clerks are overwhelmed with business in getting buildings and their articles to be exhibited, in readiness for visitors. Almost everything seems to be nearly one day behind the programme. Nothing is ready for exhibition; and implements and machinery that ought to be in running order are still unpacked, and no one has appeared to represent them.

The grounds appropriated to the exhibition embrace an inclosure of about forty or fifty acres, with convenient and commodious stables for horses; besides a large number of open stalls for all kinds of neat cattle, and ample pens well littered with straw for the accommodation of the various herds of sheep and swine on exhibition. Each of these apartments are being filled with remarkable slowness. Still, very few things appear adverse to rendering this exhibition a gratifying success to the officers of the Society.

Much of the stock that has already been entered seems to be of a superior character; and in almost every department something new has apparently been brought out since last season. In a few instances, however, it is to be regretted, that the exhibition seems to indicate a want of the usual success which the Society has heretofore experienced.

There appears to be an unusual amount of grumbling and fault-finding on the part of exhibitors; and some few grumblers state that in some respects the exhibition is not likely to be as creditable to the Society as such shows have been in years past.

S. E. T.

TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 1.

According to previous announcement, the representatives of the New-York State Agricultural Society convened in the "Old Court-house," at 7:30 o'clock, when JOHN STANTON GOULD called the Convention to order, and introduced Major H. T. BROOKS, of the *Rural New-Yorker*, Rochester, N. Y., who delivered an interesting and instructive address on the Apple. He alluded to the eminent value of the apple as an article of human food, and also to the excellence of apples for rearing and fattening all kinds of domestic animals. He then presented some statistical facts, showing what has been accomplished in various parts of the State, by way of producing enormous yields of good apples. He also alluded to the comparative cash value of the apple crop and to the product of roots and cereal grain produced on the same land.

The ostensible object of the address seemed to be to stimulate farmers and pomologists to make more laudable exertions to enlarge their orchards, and to increase the apple crop by careful selection of such varieties of apples as are well adapted to given localities, and by means of more thorough and scientific culture and pruning of the trees. After the address, several members related certain facts touching the culture of the apple in their particular localities. It was stated that the apple trees are failing all over New-England, and many orchards are going to premature decay in the eastern parts of the State; and in certain parts of Central New-York apple orchards are failing almost equal to the universal failure of the peach crop.

Some of the members attempted to assign philosophical reasons for the unprecedented failure of apple trees, among which were mentioned improper selection of varieties of fruit that are not adapted to the locality; inferior cultivation of the soil; injudicious pruning and training of trees; want of protection after the forests which have shielded orchards from cold winds have been removed, and impoverishing the soil where trees are growing, by the production of a long succession of exhausting crops, without returning to the land any equivalent, in the line of fertilizing material to maintain the fertility of the soil. It was assumed that the original virgin soil of our State is in all respect admirably adapted to the production of fruit of all kinds; but by injudicious management, the land has been robbed of certain elements of fertility which must be restored by some means before cultivators can ever expect to produce such crops of fruit as were gathered in our orchards in years past.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, Oct. 2.

The city is thronged with devotees of pleasure and agricultural and mechanical enthusiasts bound for the Fair Grounds. The accommodotions for conveying exhibitors and visitors to and from the grounds are ample, commodious, and reasonable in charges, all of which could not be claimed as the adjuncts of the State Fair in former years.

The entries of stock and other articles to be exhibited are not yet complete. There seems to be a large number of laggards.

About 10 o'clock the dense clouds of disagreeable dust were laid by a gentle shower of rain, which interrupted the progress of the operations for an hour or more. Every department is represented by *something*. But it is a reproachful record to the officers of the New-York State Society that in certain respects the exhibition is far below the efforts of this Society in years past. Indeed we frequently hear the remark that in this department or in that there is a miserable representation.

IMPLEMENTS.

The show of mechanical tools and agricultural implements is highly creditable to the enterprise of manufacturers of such machinery. The exhibition of stock is fair in many respects, but in numbers of fine animals the show is inferior to former exhibitions.

In Western New-York, people expected to see one of the finest displays of choice fruit of all kinds that was ever witnessed. But if Western New-York produces large quantities of choice fruit, she has concluded to keep most of it at home.

The entries of agricultural implements of new and improved construction seem to be larger than usual. For this reason we propose to notice only such as have not been brought before the public at every annual Fair for a decade of years past.

IMPROVED PLOWS.

Among the improved plows on exhibition are a lot of "Universal Plows," recently invented by Gov. HOLBROOK, of Boston, Mass., which are made of various sizes and forms, for different kinds of soil and styles of plowing. The same plow has a mold board for plowing sod-ground, another for plowing stubble and for turning both flat and lap furrow slices. In addition to these improvements, a "skim" or forward plow is employed in connection with the stubble mold board for sod and sub-soil plowing. The improvements seem to be admirably adapted to the wants of common farmers.

There is a fair show of good plows besides these just alluded to, which have given excellent satisfaction to farmers all over the country. We noticed a "Bob Tail" plow from Kentucky, which is guided and kept erect by wheels and the weight of the driver, who rides on the implement.

A NEW QUACK RAKE.

M. ALDEN & Co., of Auburn, N. Y., exhibited a new style of "harrow-rake," for collecting the long, tough and fibrous roots of the noxious "Couch grass," or Quack grass, which are such a disagreeable pest on many fine farms. The implement consists of three pieces of scantling, about 6 feet long and ten inches apart, provided with numerous iron teeth secured to the frame by means of a nut at the upper end of each tooth. This implement is quite new, and cannot fail to meet the wants of a large class of farmers who have been unable to produce satisfactory crops on account of this pernicious quack grass.

HORSE-HOES AND CULTIVATORS.

Among the long array of horse-hoes we noticed a few that are really entitled to more than a passing notice. F. F. HOLBROOK, Boston, Mass., showed a new style of horse-hoe, mostly of iron, so arranged that the rear scarifiers can be expanded or contracted to suit the width of rows. Besides this implement, ALDEN & Co.'s, Auburn, N. Y., far-famed horse-hoe appears in various new and improved forms, admirably adapted to the culture of all kinds of hoed crops, from rows of growing cotton to Indian corn, roots of all kinds, and to the ridging of rows of growing celery. Most of these are quite new, having been revamped and improved until every form and style of each hoe has been brought to an excellent degree of efficiency and perfectibility in the line of labor-saving machinery.

SAMPSON'S NEW HAY-SCALES.

One of the most attractive inventions on exhibition consists of SAMPSON'S improved hay-scales, No. 240 Broadway, New-York City, with which a wagon-load of grain or a pocket-knife can be weighed with admirable precision. The fixtures necessary for a ten-ton scale can be packed in a box one foot square and five feet long. The weighing-beam is a marvel of ingenuity.

The great merits of this scale are its sensitiveness, its simplicity and durability of construction, its exactness of adjustment, the compactness of the various parts, and its adaptability to the different locations where it is desirable to employ hay-scales and cattle-scales, or for weighing any of the commodities of the farm. The greatest marvel is that some ingenious Yankee has not brought out such an effective device years ago.

IMPROVED POTATO-DIGGERS.

The large number of improved potato-diggers assures one that Yankee invention is wide awake in making efforts to save manual labor in digging potatoes. Most of these devices seem to possess meritorious features; but how they will operate in various kinds of soil can only be determined by repeated trials, both in light and heavy ground.

COMBINED HAY-CUTTER AND PRESS.

C. BROWN & SON, Buffalo, have in operation, driven by a steam engine, a large hay-cutter, which carries the cut hay into the receptacle of the press, and when full, it is pressed into a firm, rectangular bale weighing some two hundred pounds of cut hay. The machinery and its operation seem to be quite a novelty; but the great expense of such a machine and fixtures will deter most people from employing such fixtures for putting hay in bales for market.

A vast crowd of people, now, at 4 o'clock, P. M., covers almost the entire fair ground; the weather is delightful, and everything moves on pleasantly and harmoniously.

S. E. T.

The Gala Day of the Fair—Increased Attendance—A Military Review.

BUFFALO, Thursday, Oct. 3.

The State Agricultural Society has been truly blessed with good weather for the Exhibition. This morning early another slight shower of rain laid the dust and made the atmosphere delightful. This was a gala day of the fair. There is an immense crowd of visitors from abroad. The receipts at the ticket office to-day were $11,000. At the lowest calculation thirty-five thousand people were on the grounds. There was quite an addition of fruit to the exhibition to-day. The display of grapes and wine from the Pleasant Valley Grape-growers' Association, Hammondsport, Steuben County, N. Y., was grand. They exhibited twenty varieties of grape, and six of still and five of sparkling wines. They are awarded the first premium for wines and grapes.

The Thirty-first Brigade, Gen. W. F. ROGERS, was reviewed this afternoon on the fair grounds by Maj.-Gen. R. L. HOWARD. They made a fine turnout.

To-night Hon. J. STANTON GOULD, of Hudson, delivered a eulogy on the late Gov. JOHN A. KING, Ex-President of the Society, after which GEORGE A. MOORE, of Buffalo, discussed the subject of soiling.

The Committees on Premiums have been hard at work preparing their reports for to-morrow. Many of their reports have been handed in. The contest over sewing-machines is spirited. The Singer is awarded the highest premium for family manufacturing and button-hole machines.

At the base ball match this afternoon between the Central City Club, of Syracuse, and the Niagaras, of Buffalo, the former won the gold ball and the championship of the State. Score: 27 to 39.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

GEN. SHERIDAN.

Ladies' Reception at the Union League Club-Rooms.

Yesterday Gen. SHERIDAN gave a reception at the Union League Club-house, to the ladies of the members of the Club. Several ladies who applied for admission to the Club-house under the impression that the reception was to be of a general character, were informed that they could not be admitted unless introduced by a member of the Club.

The General had remained quietly at his hotel during the morning, receiving only a deputation of six little girls and boys from the Twentieth-street School, accompanied by their teacher, and Col. BLACK, of Washington, and when the Committee of the Club arrived, he at once took his seat in the carriage provided for him and was driven to Union-square. As very few persons knew that any reception was about to take place, no crowd had gathered in the square, and the General and his escort passed into the Club-house without being recognized.

It had been arranged that the reception should take place in the west drawing-room, which, with the adjoining rooms, was decorated for the occasion with flowers and flags of the Seventh and other regiments. On a stand near the door of the reception-room was a bouquet of mammoth proportions, prepared for the General by his lady visitors, and about which the General appeared to be very solicitous, giving particular directions that it should be sent to his hotel at once.

The company began to arrive at 1 o'clock, but it was not until nearly 2 that Gen. SHERIDAN made his appearance. He was escorted to the reception-room by Col. FRANK HOWE, and was followed by Gen. SICKLES, Col. FORSYTH, of Gen. SHERIDAN' staff, Capt. CLOUS, of Gen. SICKLES' staff, and other officers. The ladies then passed through the east drawing-room to the reception-room, and were presented to the General by Col. HOWE. Although it is popularly supposed that SHERIDAN would rather face a battery than a fair lady, he certainly betrayed no bashfulness on this occasion, but received his visitors in the most graceful manner, and had a pleasant smile and word for each. The General wore his full uniform and decorations, and appeared to be in excellent health and spirits.

Although the reception was ostensibly for ladies only, many gentlemen availed themselves of the occasion to pay their respects to the General. Among those presented were: Gen. Rufus Ingalls and Mrs. Sternberger, Brig.-Gen. Leslie and family, Col. Rush C. Hawkins and lady, Col. Kruger, Gen. Satterlee and lady, Mrs. Jay, Mrs. Wetmore, Mrs. Blunt, Mr. John A. Kennedy and lady, Mrs. Gurnsey and daughter, Gen. Gillmore and family, Gen. Graham and lady, J. C. Hamilton and lady, Mrs. Cobb, Mrs. De Courcy, Mrs. Adams, Mrs. Marshall, Mrs. Hoffman, the Misses Varick, Mrs. Estelle Lewis, Mrs. Opdyke and Mrs. Roberts.

The General was kept busy receiving the congratulations of the ladies for about an hour and a half. The rooms were quite full during all this time, and it is probable that about 300 persons were present.

During the ovation to Gen. SHERIDAN, his brother General, SICKLES, was not forgotten. Gen. SICKLES took a seat nearly facing SHERIDAN, and with his little daughter beside him received the congratulations of his numerous lady and other friends.

By three o'clock the reception was over, and Gen. SHERIDAN and his staff, after partaking of refreshments, left for Newport, R. I. Thence they will go to Boston and probably several other New-England cities, and they will return to New-York next week.

THE TURF.

The Paterson Races—Third and Last Day—Gen. Williams Wins the Hurdle Race—Virgil the Sequel Stakes, Mr. Reed's Filly the Nursery Stakes and Clement the Consolation Purse.

Yesterday was the third and concluding day of the fifth Fall meeting of the Paterson Racing Association, and the members of that society may well congratulate themselves on the uninterruptedly fine weather with which they have been favored. Three more beautiful days for the enjoyment of the sports of the turf could not have been desired, and the racing itself has been unsurpassed. The course pursued by the Judges of the Association in ruling off the rider of *Gen. Williams* in the steeplechase on the previous day, and declaring all bets off, plainly evinced the intention of the Executive to allow no unfair, dishonorable proceedings in connection with racing on their track, and their determination to protect the patrons of the Meeting from being defrauded. Their action consequently received the indorsement of the vast majority of the people present, and will assuredly have the effect of inspiring public confidence in the Society for the future. The racing yesterday was distinguished by the defeats of the favorites in the Hurdle Race and in the Nursery Stakes, in both of which races high odds were laid upon them.

THE HURDLE RACE

was the first event on the programme, and of the six horses entered and handicapped, *Blackbird*, 164 lbs.; *Gen. Williams*, 150 lbs.; and *Tarquin*, 130 lbs., were the only acceptors. *Blackbird* had been so uninterruptedly successful in his hurdle racing career, never having been defeated, that he was at once installed as first favorite. In the pools he sold for $600, *Gen. Williams* $300, and *Tarquin* $80. He was ridden by his old jockey CLEM. ALLOWAY, and although it was generally known that he had been lame some time before, which prevented his starting at Trenton, yet he went to the satisfaction of his backers generally, and the stable in his preliminary exercise, and they backed him heavily at the above odds. TOMMY LEE was on *Tarquin*, and *Gen. Williams* was ridden by his veteran owner and trainer, PAUL WOODS, and although he had not been in the saddle for years before, he was determined that no one else should ride him, and thus afford an opportunity if he lost of giving cause for the opinion that the race was thrown, as on the preceding day. Although lame and suffering from rheumatism, the game old veteran rode his horse in the most masterly style, taking his hurdles magnificently, and riding with fine judgment. He won the race from end to end. It is true that a portion of the credit is due to the horse, who was in splendid condition, and as the turf expression declares, "fit to run for a man's life."

At the start *Blackbird* went off first, and took hurdle No. 1 at the end of the Grand Stand, a length ahead of *Tarquin*, *Williams* last. The second hurdle was near the quarter pole, before reaching which *Williams* passed *Blackbird*, and led a clear length over it, *Tarquin* being second, two lengths before the favorite. At the third hurdle, on the three-quarter stretch, *Williams* was two lengths before *Tarquin*, who was double that distance before *Blackbird*, and at the fourth hurdle, on the home stretch, below the draw-gate, *Williams* was four lengths ahead; *Tarquin* as far before the favorite. Coming past the stand *Blackbird* had taken the second place from *Tarquin* who found the pace too fast for him, but was still six lengths behind *Williams*. The fifth and six hurdles were taken in the same way, except that *Williams* widened the gap between himself and *Blackbird*, and although on the third quarter of the second mile the favorite looked as if he was going to close upon the *General*, he shut up in the heavy sandy ground, and though seemingly dangerous on the last quarter, yet he never could reach the *General*, who won easily by ten lengths, *Blackbird* double the distance before *Tarquin*. Time, 4:15.

Hurdle race, handicap, purse $500; $100 to second horse, two miles over eight hurdles.

P. Woods entered br. h. Gen. Williams, 150 pounds, Wood.....1

D. McDaniels entered blk. h. Blackbird, 164 pounds, Halloway.....2

C. F. Elves entered br. h. Tarquin, 130 pounds, Lee.....3

Time—4:15.

THE SEQUEL STAKES.

A sweepstakes for three-year olds, two miles, was the next race. Of the six entries (three of Col. McDANIELS', two of Mr. SANFORD'S and one of Mr. REED'S,) only two came to the post, viz.; *Virgil* and *Morrissey*. The betting was $100 to $15 on *Virgil*, who is confessedly one of the finest and best bred three-year olds now running. It was a spleddid race, *Morrissey* making the running, and the rider of *Virgil* (the clever English jockey, STEAD,) never calling upon his horse until within fifty yards of the stand, where he answered gallantly, and won after a brilliant finish rather easily by half a length, in 3:48¾. The first mile was run in 1:52¼.

The Sequel Stakes—A sweepstakes for three-year olds, two miles, $100 entrance, $50 forfeit, $400 added:

M. H. Sanford's blk. c. Virgil, three years, by Vandal.....1

D. McDaniels' b. c. Morrissey, three years, by Breckinridge.....2

Time—3:48¾.

THE THIRD RACE

was the Nursery stakes for two-year-olds, one mile, and of the five entries (three by Mr. REED and two by Mr. SANFORD) one representative of each started. Mr. REED'S was the sister to *Morrissey*, and Mr. SANFORD'S the bay colt *Puck*, that run at Saratoga and was beaten by *Gen. Duke*—the latter probably the best two-year-old out. The betting was $100 to $50 on Mr. SANFORD'S colt, although that gentleman was far from sanguine about his colt, believing the distance would prove too far from him, and the result showed the soundness of his judgment. Mr. REED'S filly showed some little temper at starting, and it seemed evident that she had not been properly broken in. This had such an effect on the betting that $100 to $25 on Mr. SANFORD'S colt became current. Mr. REED'S filly jumped off with the lead as soon as or before the drum tapped, and cut out the running at a pretty good pace, considering the heavy going in the dusty track. Along the backstretch *Puck* gradually closed, and his backers were jubilant; but he could not get his head in front, although they ran locked to near the three-quarter pole. Here *Puck* began to fail, and the distance being too far for him, and the sister to *Morrissey* quitting him, galloped home the easiest of winners by twenty lengths, in 1:52¾.

Nursery Stakes, for two-year olds; $100 entrance, $50 forfeit, $200 added; one mile; the winner of this year's Saratoga Stakes, five pounds.

T. B. Reed's b. f. by Breckinridge, dam by Bonnie Scotland.....1

M. H. Sanford's b. c. Puck, by Scythian, dam Little Peggy.....2

Time—1:52¾.

THE CONSOLATION PURSE

was the fourth and last race for a purse of $500, all ages, mile heats; beaten horses the usual allowances. The entries were *Clement*, *St. Patrick* and *Jubal*. One hundred to ten was bet on *Clement*, who won both heats easily in 1:54, 1:51½, *Jubal* being second in the last heat. This race terminated a very excellent and satisfactory meeting. The management was unexceptionable, the racing particularly brilliant, and everything passed off in the most gratifying manner.

Premium of $500, for all ages, mile heats, with allowance to beaten horses; 7 pounds for horses beaten once; 10 pounds for those beaten twice.

Mr. D. McDaniels enters br. c. Clement, 3 years; 88 pounds.....1 1

Mr. J. S. Robbins enters b. h. St. Patrick, 5 years; 107 pounds.....2 3

Dr. Weldon enters b. g. Jubal, 3 yrs.; 88 pounds.3 2

Time: 1:54, 1:51½.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Quarantine Affairs—Proposed Location of Street Booths and Stands—Miscellaneous Matters.

The Board of Health met yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock, President SCHULTZ in the chair.

Major BOSWORTH offered his resignation as Complaint Clerk. The Board accepted the resignation and abolished the office of Complaint Clerk. The duties of that office are to be attended to hereafter by the Sanitary Superintendent.

Ex-Judge WHITING applied for permission to dump sweepings into open lots in Sixty-fourth-street, which was granted.

Mr. WAYMAN, the proprietor of a slaughter-house at the foot of Forty-eighth-street, North River, applied for permission to continue the business at that point. A remonstrance was presented signed by forty-one residents of the neighborhood, who complain of the place as an intolerable nuisance. The application was denied.

A complaint was presented against a tannery at No. 407 Tenth-avenue as a nuisance. It was referred to the Sanitary Inspectors.

The Health Officer presented his usual weekly report, dated the 3d inst., in which he says:

There have been twenty-one arrivals at Lower Quarantine during the week ending Wednesday, Oct. 2, of which seven were from infected ports. On only one of the latter—the steamship *Euterpe* from Galveston—were there any cases of yellow fever. This vessel lost two of her crew at Galveston, and three others died of yellow fever on the passage. The Captain was sick with fever at the time of arrival. There are now only thirteen of the *Minnesota's* passengers remaining in hospital, and these, with one or two exceptions, are convalescent and will be discharged in the course of a few days.

The Engineer of the Board—to whom had been referred the matter of the application of the Soldiers' Messenger, Business and Dispatch Company, for the Board to determine the number, size and location of general book and street stands—reported that he had examined the various localities about the City, and would advise in favor of the following sites, viz.:

On the Sidewalks—Northeast corner Sixth-avenue and Thirty-fifth-street, southwest corner Sixth-avenue and Twenty-sixth-street, southeast corner First-avenue and Fourteenth-street, northeast corner Bowery and Second-street, southeast corner Sixth-avenue and Eleventh-street, southeast corner Broadway and Twentieth-street, southwest corner Eighth-avenue and Twenty-first-street, northeast corner Sixth-avenue and Fourteenth-street, southeast corner Broadway and Thirty-fourth-street, southwest corner Broadway and Eighteenth-street, southwest corner Eighth-avenue and Twenty-third-street, northeast corner Avenue A and Fourteenth-street, northeast corner Ninth-avenue and Twenty-ninth-street, northwest corner Fourth-avenue and Twenty-seventh-street, southeast corner Broadway and Eighth-street, southwest corner Broadway and Ninth-street, northeast corner Fourth-avenue and Fourteenth-street, northeast corner Third-avenue and Thirty-fourth-street, southeast corner Eighth-avenue and Thirty-fourth-street; northwest corner Nassau and Wall streets.

On the Street—Northeast Broadway and Jones-street, northeast Bond-street and Broadway, Park-row and Nassau-street, north corner James-slip and South-street, junction of Beaver and Pearl streets, southwest Sixth-avenue and Twenty-third-street, southwest Forty-second-street and Sixth-avenue, southeast Thirty-fourth-street and First-avenue, north Gouverneur-slip and South-street, Burling-slip, East End, junction Houston and Second streets, southeast Broadway and Twenty-fifth-street, junction Grand and Division streets, junction Canal-street and East Broadway, junction Division and Bayard streets, junction Grand-street and Broadway.

The following resolution was thereupon adopted:

Resolved, That the Secretary be directed to notify the owners and lessees, and all others interested in the above locations to forthwith state to said Board, or its Secretary, their objections, if any, to the location of covered booths or stands at the places above named, and that this Board will take final action upon said application of the President of the Soldiers' Business, Messenger and Dispatch Company, at its regular meeting on the 17th of October inst.

A blank form of permit was offered by one of the Commissioners, which was referred to the Committee on Law and Ordinances.

Sanitary Superintendent DALTON, in his weekly letter, reported that he had inspected the following premises, viz.: 362 tenement-houses, 78 private dwellings, 4 manufactories, 15 workshops, 8 lodging and boarding houses, 2 public schools, 4 tallow-rendering establishments, 2 fat-melting establishments, 1 tripe-boiling establishment, 2 gut-cleaning establishments, 1 offal dock, 2 breweries, 1 distillery, 1 tannery, 18 slaughter-houses, 3 piggeries, 2 dumping grounds, 29 horse stables, 15 cow stables, 30 sunken and vacant lots, 54 yards, courts and areas, 15 cellars and basements, 7 cisterns and cesspools, 42 waste pipes and drains, 154 privies and water-closets, 29 streets and gutters, 3 street basins.

The Board adjourned until Thursday, 17th inst.

Chamber of Commerce.

At the monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday the following were elected members: WILLIAM L. ANDREWS, PAUL J. ARMOUR, SAMUEL HARDING, SAMUEL T. HOWARD and LUTHER B. WYMAN.

A report from the Executive Committee, stating that the subject of postal law at the Bahamas had been brought to the attention of the proper authorities, was received and adopted.

A communication was received from Capt. CHESTER notifying the Chamber of his acceptance of the office of Commissioner to license sailor boarding-houses.

It was resolved to hold a special meeting on Saturday, the 19th inst., for the purpose of electing a Commissioner of Pilots to fill the vacancy which will occur at that time by the expiration of Capt. THOMAS DUNHAM'S term of office.

Mr. MATHEW MAURY gave notice that he should, at the next meeting, move the adoption of the memorial to Congress, which was rejected by the Chamber last September, for the removal of the tax on cotton.

A resolution expressing sorrow for the loss of the late Dr. CHARLES KING was adopted, and the Chamber adjourned.

BOARD OF EXCISE.

Licenses Revoked—Work Performed by the Board.

The Board of Excise met yesterday, President SCHULTZ in the chair. There were eleven cases on the calendar.

The licenses of the following-named offenders were revoked: FREDERICK KUHLON, No. 126 West Fortieth-street; ANDREW HAFFNEY, No. 155 West Thirtieth-street; KARL HORN, No. 89 Chrystie-street; NOSTRUM & WINNEBURG, No. 230 Third-avenue. In first-named case the defendant proved excellent character, and that this was his first offence, and he insisted that inasmuch as he had sold the lager-beer to the complaining Police officer, (who was uniformed at the time,) under peculiar temptation, and never to any one else, his license should not be revoked.

The Board differed with him, as a unit, and his license was accordingly revoked as stated.

The evidence developed in the Karl Horn trial showed a new method of evading the Excise Law. On Sunday afternoon, Sept. 22, the officers went to the premises No. 89 Chrystie-street, and entering a room in the rear of the saloon, found a number of men seated about a table drinking lager-beer, while the proprietor was in a stooping position close to the wall which divides the two apartments. Upon looking over his shoulder the policemen discovered that he was drawing beer from a keg which was in a closet in the saloon, and from which a lead pipe communicated through a hole in the wall with the back room. No defence was attempted and the case went by default.

The Constitutional Convention having passed a resolution calling upon the Board of Excise for information in relation to the work performed by the Board since its organization, the Treasurer, Mr. B. F. MANIERRE, has made the following reply, which includes the receipts until the 25th of September:

In response to inquiries of the Convention for the formation of a new Constitution, the Board of Excise give the following information:

1. Total number of licenses granted from the organization of the Board of Excise to the present time—about 17 months.....13,232
2. Gross amount received.....$2,474,997 71
3. Police complaints.....1,341
4. Citizens' complaints.....59—1,400
5. Number of licenses revoked after hearing evidence.....148
6. Complaints tried and dismissed after hearing evidence.....210

Dismissed without hearing evidence.....13

Complaints not tried.....1,029—1,400

The greater portion of the complaints noted as emanating from the Police, originated in complaints preferred by citizens, who make the complaints at the Station-houses and at the Excise Board.

When citizens have preferred charges against liquor-dealers a memorandum has been taken and referred to the Police Department. The Police, upon investigation, and finding the complaint well founded, would enter the complaint, upon which the Board of Excise took and found action.

RECEIPTS THIS YEAR.

The following are the receipts of the Board from the 1st of April to the 25th of September:

	Licenses.	Receipts.
New-York City	4,671	$879,752 73
Brooklyn	1,340	250,591 32
Richmond County	135	19,670 00
KINGS COUNTY TOWNS.		
New-Lots	33	5,025 00
Flatlands	10	2,200 00
Flatbush	14	2,659 00
Gravesend	12	2,550 00
New-Utrecht	15	2,400 00
QUEENS COUNTY TOWNS.		
Flushing	1	250 00
Newtown	4	700 00
Jamaica	5	950 00
Total	6,240	$1,166,748 05

The Board adjourned to the 15th inst.

Board of Councilmen.

The Board met at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, the President, JAMES G. BRINKMAN, in the chair.

The Corporation Counsel sent in a reply to a resolution asking for information as to what action he had taken to have the rails, recently placed on the Battery, removed, as ordered by the Common Council. Mr. O'GORMAN stated that he had commenced proceedings against the railroad company, and obtained a preliminary injunction to restrain them from proceeding further with laying down rails, or running cars; this order is returnable on Monday next. Which was ordered on file.

The Corporation Counsel sent in another communication replying to a resolution inquiring by what authority the Dry Dock and East Broadway Railroad Company has taken off about five feet of the sidewalk from the school-house to Avenue B, in Fourteenth-street, on the side upon which the depot is located. In his answer Mr. O'GORMAN said the Company above-named, about two years since, reduced the width of the sidewalk in front of the property on Fourteenth-street, owned by them, where their depot is located, from about thirty to twenty feet, and the present width of such sidewalk is twenty feet; further, that the sidewalks in front of the depot appear to be about the width required by the ordinances of the Common Council. It was ordered on file.

A communication was received from His Honor the Mayor inclosing a communication from a committee of the Convention of Father Matthew T. A. B. Societies of New-York and vicinity, inviting the Mayor and Common Council to review those Societies on the 10th inst, the anniversary of the birthday of Rev. Father MATTHEW. It was ordered on file.

The question of adopting over the Mayor's veto a resolution authorizing the Second-avenue Railroad Company to extend its tracks in Sixty-third-street, from First to Third-avenue, was then considered and lost.

A preamble and resolutions referring to the death of Ex-Alderman EDWARD C. MCCONNELL, of the Thirteenth Ward, recognizing his services as a member of the Board, and declaring that the Board will attend his funeral in a body on Sunday next, were adopted.

The Board then adjourned.

Sanguinary Affray in Williamsburgh—Two Men Stabbed, One of Them Fatally.

About 8:15 o'clock last night, a sanguinary altercation occurred between three men, at the intersection of Division-avenue and First-street, E. D., during which one of them was fatally and another severely stabbed. It seems that all the parties concerned in the tragedy are employed in the sugar refinery of WINTJEN, DICK & Co., foot of Division-avenue, and that they had a slight misunderstanding there during the afternoon. They all left the refinery about 8 o'clock, and assembled at the place above named, when an angry altercation took place, during which one of the number, LAWRENCE AERHARDT, drew a knife and stabbed HAMMOND GROSS in the region of the heart. He then attacked a man named WEBER with the same deadly weapon and stabbed him severely in the hip, after which he succeeded in making his escape. GROSS was removed to a saloon in the neighborhood, where he received surgical aid, but the wound proved mortal, and he expired at 9:15 o'clock. WEBER was removed to his residence in McKibben-street. GROSS resided at No. 22 in the same street, where he leaves a wife. All the parties are Germans. The murderer is represented to be a man of great physical power. He resides in New-York. It is not probable that he will long escape arrest, as Capt. WOGLOM took immediate measures for his capture.

A Gambling Establishment Broken up—Arrest of the Gamblers.

At 4 P. M. yesterday, Sergt. DILKS, of the Fourth District Police Court Squad, with a *posse* of policemen, all in citizen's dress, proceeded to the house at the southeast corner of Ann and Nassau streets with a warrant for the arrest of GEO. CRAWFORD, charged with keeping a gambling-house there. Ascending to the second floor the sergeant rang the bell, and the wicket gate being opened by a servant, inquired for Mr. FIELD, who was known as an *habitué* of the place. The sergeant and his *posse* were admitted, and poured into the room to the great consternation of the twenty persons at the moment gathered around the table, who endeavored to escape, but finding the only door closely blockaded by the Police, with one exception they all surrendered. This one exception was JAS. CUSICK, who, finding escape by the door impossible, sprang through the window, and crushing through the street awning, reached the pavement apparently without injury, and managed to escape. Sergt. DILKS removed the implements of the game of faro—the table, cue-racks, cards, "lay-out" and other paraphernalia—and the prisoners, to the Yorkville Police Court, in Fifty-seventh-street, near Third-avenue, where they arrived about 5:30 o'clock. The case was soon made out against the prisoners. The keeper of the game, GEORGE CRAWFORD, and the dealer, GEORGE TAYLOR, were held in the sum of $500 each to answer at the Court of General Sessions, and the seventeen visitors caught at the game were fined $10 each, their discharge from custody depending upon payment of the fine. The table and other implements were turned over to the Property Clerk.

The house of CRAWFORD does not appear to have been a first-class one of its kind, but yesterday it appears to have done a large business and to have had a large share of what gamblers call "luck." The bank had won $2,000 for the day at the moment of the seizure, and, fortunately for the proprietor, this amount had been taken from the table drawer only a moment or two before the officers entered, and by being transferred to the safe escaped seizure. Sergt. DILKS found only $14 which had been left in the drawer.

Attempted Highway Robbery—A Manager of a Theatre Knocked Down in Broadway.

Yesterday morning about 2 o'clock Mr. THOS. MAGUIRE, well known as one of the managers of the Maguire & Risley Japanese Troupe, was knocked down, and an attempt was made to rob him, at the corner of Broadway and Eighth-street. It seems that Mr. MAGUIRE, who had the large sum of $3,000 and a very valuable gold watch upon his person, was on his way to his residence, No. 211 Henry-street, but to accommodate a friend was making a detour, and was going up Broadway with the intention of going through Astor-place to Third-avenue, and there taking a car home. At the corner of Eighth-street and Broadway Mr. MAGUIRE and his friend were accosted by two men who spoke to Mr. MAGUIRE, calling him by some common name not his own. The next moment the man who had spoken professed to have discovered that he had made a mistake and begged pardon for it. He then, as an additional reparation, asked Mr. MAGUIRE and friend to take a drink, which proposition being accepted the party turned to go into the Sinclair House, a few steps distant. The stranger then recollected that the place was closed, and requested the party to accompany him to a gambling house in the vicinity, where he knew their wants would be supplied. This invitation MAGUIRE declined, and was in the act of resuming his walk when he was knocked down, and the same instant felt a hand attempting to reach his money in his vest breast-pocket. Mr. MAGUIRE put his hand over his breast and called "Watch!" at the top of his voice, and his friend grappled with one of the two men who had accosted them. The cries of MAGUIRE were heard by Officer SIDGATE, of the Fifteenth Precinct, who started on a run to the scene, and on arriving found MAGUIRE surrounded by citizens, and Officer TOMPKINS, of the Fifteenth Precinct, was in pursuit of one of the men, all trace of whom, however, was lost at Ninth-street. Officer SIDGATE arrested the other man, and on arriving at the Station-house the prisoner gave the name of FRANCIS A. SULLIVAN, and said he was a native of Albany and a carpenter by occupation. He denied all knowledge of the attempt to rob Mr. MAGUIRE, and said the man in whose company he was when they met MAGUIRE was unknown to him, and he had never seen him until he met him a few minutes before in a Broadway saloon. Mr. MAGUIRE had lost nothing by his adventure, his money not having been reached at all, and his watch, although jerked from his pocket, was safe.

Yesterday afternoon SULLIVAN was taken before Justice DODGE, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, but Mr. MAGUIRE not being able to make oath that he had any agency in the attempted robbery, was not willing to make a complaint against him, and the prisoner was discharged.

Relief for the Yellow Fever Sufferers.

Messrs. SPOFFORD, TILESTON & Co. acknowledge the receipt of the following for the benefit of sufferers by the epidemic at New-Orleans:

St. Michael's Church, Bristol, R. I., through G. L. Locke, Rector, $65 45; Geo. B. Powell & Co., $100; A. G. Mercer, $20; H. Hart, $5; Cash, $5; J. H. McKemm, $50; R. L., $5; D. G., $6 25; Darling, Griswold & Co., $100; E. M. Cotheal, $10; A. M. S., $3; Forty-second-street Presbyterian Church, Rev. W. A. Scott, Pastor, $212 35; Christy, Constant & Co., $50. Total, $632 02. Previously acknowledged, $7,148 13. Grand total, $7,780 15.

Also, the following amounts for the Galveston sufferers: A Citizen, $5; George W. Lord, Pastor Trinity M. E. Church, $12; St. Michael's Church, Bristol, R. I., through G. L. Locke, Pastor, $65 43; M. B. C., $11. Total, $93 43. Previously received, $5,422 79. Grand total, $5,516 22.

The following are collections for the yellow fever sufferers at New-Orleans by H. B. CROMWELL & Co.: A. B. C., $10; Keller & Singg, $25; through Dr. W. C. Anderson, President Richmond County Medical Society, collections by Mrs. H. B. Cromwell, $80; Weymann, Schroder & Co., $25. Total, $140. Previously remitted, $4,552 19. Grand total, $4,692 19.

POLICE COURTS.

THE TOMBS—DOWLING, JUSTICE.

CARRYING A DANGEROUS WEAPON.

Officer MCCORMICK, of the Fourteenth Precinct, arrested WILLIAM WATSON on the complaint of MARY ROUGHLEN, of No. 312 Mott-street, who accused him of carrying a dirk-knife in the breast pocket of his coat. When the accused was arraigned before the magistrate the complainant stated that the prisoner had threatened to do her bodily harm. WATSON was committed for trial in default of bail.

ROBBED BY A WOMAN.

DENNIS MURPHY, of No. 93 Madison-street, met ANN KELLY in Bayard-street on Wednesday night, and consented to accompany her to a house near by. While the pair were together ANN managed to steal MURPHY'S watch and chain and escaped. She was subsequently arrested by Officer KEMP, of the Sixth Precinct, and arraigned before the magistrate yesterday morning. As she confessed her guilt ANN was fully committed for trial. The watch was not returned.

MORE BLACK CROOK DEVELOPMENTS.

The magistrate was applied to yesterday by SAMUEL HOFFHEIMER, florist, at No. 621 Broadway, for a warrant. He entered a formal complaint against JAMES FLEISEN, F. A. SANDS and J. S. BOTTOM, three young men, of fast habits, who had purchased $192 worth of bouquets of him. These bouquets were constantly furnished by the complainant, from night to night, since the 1st of June last, and were thrown by the accused to the several female leaders in the "Black Crook" ballet troupe. When purchasing these floral tributes the young men represented themselves as abundantly able to pay for them. The complainant avers, however, that he has since ascertained that they never intended to pay for the flowers, and that their representations regarding wealth and business connections were all false. The magistrate issued the warrant as desired, though it is probable that the case will never appear again, as a settlement was anticipated.

AN EDITOR THREATENED WITH VIOLENCE.

Mr. ANSON HERRICK, one of the editors of the *Sunday Atlas* newspaper, published in this City, caused the arrest of THOMAS and PATRICK DONNELLY, on a charge of threatening to do him grievous bodily harm. The two brothers were arraigned before the sitting magistrate to answer the accusation, when PARTICK volunteered an explanation. His statement was that he had received a letter from a stranger who met him in the Park and requested him to deliver a letter to Mr. HERRICK, at his office, which he did, having his brother with him at the time. As soon as the complainant had read the letter he became greatly excited, jumped up from his seat and struck PATRICK in the face with his fist. Harsh words were then exchanged, and the accused among other things informed Mr. HERRICK in no gentle manner, that they would oppose him, tooth and nail, if he ever ran for Congress. It appears that other threats of a theatening nature were made by the brothers. On entering into bonds to keep the peace for one year they were permitted to retire. The contents of the letter causing the difficulty remain a mystery.

SAILORS AND LAND SHARKS.

FRANK ROBIN and GEO. MOHLENHALL, sailors employed on board the Peruvian bark *Michael*, appeared in Court yesterday and made a complaint against JOHN M. O'TOOLE for swindling them. It appears that the complainants had $125 due them from the consignees of the vessel for wages, and O'TOOLE, representing himself as a lawyer, induced the two sailors to give him a power of attorney to collect the claim. The money was duly paid the accused, and he appropriated it to his own use. The prisoner was required to give bail in the sum of $1,000 to answer the charge at the Court of General Sessions. He is a sailor, 31 years of age, a native of Ireland, and resides at No. 1 Madison-st.

RECKLESS DRIVING.

THOMAS KEENAN was arrested yesterday by officer BETZ, of the Third Precinct, on a charge of having attempted to knock him down by driving his team and truck over him. One of the wheels struck the officer on the side, causing painful injuries. KEENAN was committed for trial at the Special Sessions.

ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.

About 2 o'clock, yesterday afternoon, EDWARD H. CLOUGH, respectably dressed, attempted to end his life by leaping into the East River, at the foot of Roosevelt-street. The man had several cuts and bruises on his head and face, besides being intoxicated at the time. Officer O'DEAY, of the Fourth Ward, rescued CLOUGH with the aid of some citizens, and subsequently arraigned him before the magistrate, who committed him for intoxication. The prisoner resides in Brooklyn.

ESSEX MARKET—SHANDLEY, JUSTICE.

DISHONEST SERVANT.

Last Saturday Mrs. THERESA CASSIDY, of No. 250 East Fourth-street, hired a woman named CATHARINE ROGERS as a domestic. Yesterday morning Mrs. CASSIDY went out, leaving CATHARINE at work in the house, and on her return about noon found that the new servant had left during her absence, taking with her several dresses, valued at $25. Mrs. CASSIDY started out in search of her, and on the corner of Delancey and Goerck streets, met CATHERINE wearing one of the dresses. On seeing Mrs. CASSIDY, CATHERINE ran off, taking refuge in No. 215 Delancey-street, where she was arrested by Officer PARISH, of the Thirteenth Precinct, and where also the rest of the stolen dresses were found. CATHERINE being brought to Court, manifested much more emotion than is usual with prisoners, but was committed in default of $300 bail to answer at the Court of Special Sessions.

SNEAK THIEF.

MICHAEL SULLIVAN, passing through Catherine-street yesterday morning, snatched a shawl worth $7 from the front of the store of BERNARD WARD, No. 28 Catherine-street, and ran away. The operation was however witnessed by Mr. WARD, who, giving chase, soon overtook and captured SULLIVAN, and handed him over to the Police. The prisoner was committed in default of $300 bail to answer at the Court of Special Sessions.

FATAL RUN OVER ACCIDENT.—Coroner GAMBLE held an inquest yesterday afternoon at the Wooster-street Police Station, on the remains of DANIEL B. MCARN, a merchant from Cheraw, S. C., who met his death on Wednesday evening by being knocked down and run over by a driver named PATRICK BURNS, on the corner of Canal-street and Broadway. It appears that the driver was endeavoring to make good time in reaching a 1½ o'clock train, and as he neared Canal-street the deceased darted across in front of the horses' heads, being so close that the driver could scarcely stop in time. BURNS claims that he did so, however, and was heading his horses away from the person in front, who, in his fright, leaped backward instead of forward, and so was struck by the pole, death ensuing almost immediately after. The evidence of the eye-witnesses did not contradict this statement, except as to the speed, one or two considering it too great. The jury rendered a verdict of accidental death, and exonerated the driver who was discharged. The deceased was 56 years of age and a native of South Carolina.

Markets by Telegraph.

BUFFALO, Thursday, Oct. 3—P. M.

FLOUR about 25c. higher; sales 1,300 bbls. at $10@$10 25 for Spring; $11 50 for Amber, and $12@$12 50 for White, mostly city ground. WHEAT active and higher; sales 600 bushels White Canada at $2 60; 7,500 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee (early) at $2 10¼; 7,200 bushels No. 2 Chicago (early) at $2 06; 28,500 do. at $2 08; 7,500 bushels No. 2 Milwaukee, to arrive, at $2 10; 38,000 bushels No. 3 Chicago at $2 04@$2 05, to arrive, closing firm. CORN dull and unsettled; sales 20,000 bushels Toledo and Western at $1 14½@1 15, and 16,000 No. 2 Western at $1 16, closing firm. OATS active, closing active at an advance of 1c.; sales 28,000 bushels Western, to arrive, at 62c.; 28,000 do., on the spot, at 62½c.; 75,000 do., on the spot, at 63c. RYE—market bare; buyers would pay $1 40 for No. 1 Western. BARLEY unsettled; but little doing; sales 3,700 bushels Canada, per sample, at $1 30. MESS PORK and LARD unchanged. HIGHWINES unchanged. FREIGHTS firm and unchanged. RECEIPTS—Wheat, 83,000 bushels; Corn, 103,000 bushels; Oats, 79,000 bushels; Barley, 4,000 bushels; Flour, 12,000 bbls. SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 124,000 bushels; Corn, 78,000 bushels; Oats, 109,000 bushels; Barley, 27,000 bushels; Rye, 23,000 bushels.

OSWEGO, Thursday, Oct. 3.

FLOUR active, and Winter grades have advanced 50c. ℔ bbl.; sales 3,000 bbls. at $11 for No. 1 Spring; $13 for Red Winter; $13 15 for White; $14 50 for Double Extra. WHEAT opened firm, and closed nominally higher; sales, early, 1,200 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $2 25, and 800 bushels do. at $2 24. CORN without material change; sales 13,000 bushels Indiana at $1 20. BARLEY is held at $1 40 for Canadian, which is an advance of 3c.@4c. ℔ bushel; no sales. Shorts, $22; Shipstuffs $30, and Middlings $40 ℔ ton. CANAL FREIGHTS—Flour, 55c. ℔ bbl.; Wheat, 15c. ℔ bushel; Corn, 13c.; Barley, 12½c. to New-York; Lumber, $4 50 to the Hudson, and $5 25 to Newburgh. LAKE IMPORTS—2,800 bushels Wheat, 12,800 bushels Corn, 31,400 bushels Barley, 16,100 Flax, and 449,000 feet Lumber. CANAL EXPORTS—772 bbls. Flour, 81,600 bushels Wheat, 35,600 bushels Barley and 490,000 feet Lumber.

CHICAGO, Thursday, Oct. 3.

FLOUR active at an advance of 15c.@25c.; Spring Extras $8 75@$10 50. WHEAT active, and advanced 5c.@6c.; sales of No. 1 at $1 99; No. 2 at $1 95. CORN firm and advanced 1½c.; sales at $1 04@$1 05 for No. 1. OATS active, and advanced 2c.; sales at 52½c.@53½c. RYE active, and advanced 5c.; sales at $1 24@$1 28 for No. 1. BARLEY active at $1 12½@$1 15 for No. 2. MESS PORK $24. LARD 13¾c.@13⅞c. BEEF CATTLE more active at an advance of 25c. for the best; sales at $4 75@$5 70 for fair to good Steers. LIVE HOGS active at $6 50@$7 for good to extra choice. FREIGHTS active and declined ½c. RECEIPTS—105,000 bbls. Flour, 178,000 bushels Wheat, 47,000 bushels Corn, 84,000 bushels Oats, 4,500 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—9,000 bbls. Flour 200,000 bushels Wheat, 18,000 bushels Corn, 172,000 bushels Oats.

CINCINNATI, Thursday, Oct. 3.

FLOUR firmer but not active; Family, $11 50@$11 75; Fancy, $12 50@$13. WHEAT advanced 5c.; the offerings were light; No. 1 Red, $2 60. CORN firmer but unchanged. OATS firmer but unchanged. RYE in good demand at $1 50@$1 60. TOBACCO in good demand at full prices. COTTON unchanged and dull; Middlings nominally 18½c.@19c. WHISKY in good demand for free, but irregular and no demand for bonded. PROVISIONS firmer and in fair demand; Clear Rib and Clear Bacon Sides advanced to 17c.@18c., and sales; later, holders were asking 17½c. for Clear Rib and 18½c. for Clear Sides. No sales for BULK MEATS. Nearly all CUT MEATS were in smoke or smoked. BACON SHOULDERS were held at 14c. LARD firm at 13¾c.; the demand was light. Gold 145¼, buying.

ST. LOUIS, Thursday, Oct. 3.

TOBACCO active; low and medium grades advanced ¼c.; others are unchanged. COTTON, 18½c. for Low Middling. HEMP dull. FLOUR dull; Superfine, $7 50@$7 75; Extra, $8 70@$8 75; Double Extra, $10 25@$11 25; Fancy, $14@$14 25. WHEAT firmer—White, $2 40@$2 50; Red, $2 30@$2 45; Spring, $1 87@$1 90. CORN firm at $1 05@$1 07 for Yellow and $1 14@$1 16 for White. OATS declining: sales at 59c.@63c. RYE firm at $1 17½@$1 28 for Spring and $1 75 for prime Fall. RYE unchanged. PROVISIONS easier. MESS PORK, $24 50. BACON—Clear Sides, 17½c.@17¾c.; Shoulders, 14c; plain Hams, 18½c. LARD quiet at 15c. for choice kegs. WHISKY nominal. RECEIPTS—Flour, 7,000 bbls.; Wheat, 4,500 sacks; Corn, 2,000 sacks; Oats, 5,500 sacks; Barley, 4,500 sacks; Rye, 3,200 sacks.

TOLEDO, Thursday, Oct. 3.

FLOUR firm. WHEAT firm and advancing; White has advanced 5c.; No. 2 Spring advanced 7c.; sales of White Michigan at $2 75; Amber, do. $2 56@$2 59; No. 1 Spring at $2 07; No. 2 do. at $2; sales of Amber for all October at $2 59½@$2 60. CORN advanced 1½c.; sales of No. 1 Wabash at $1 12@$1 12½; No. 2 White at $1 10; Michigan at $1 08@$1 08½. Oats advanced 3c; sales of No. 1 at 58c @59c; No. 2 at 57c. RYE nominally $1 25 for No. 1. BARLEY quiet at $1 15 for No. 2. LAKE FREIGHTS unchanged. RECEIPTS—4,200 bbls. Flour, 1,000 bushels Wheat, 12,000 bushels Corn, 3,800 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Barley.

NEW-ORLEANS, Thursday, Oct. 3.

COTTON easy but unchanged; sales 400 bales; Low Middling, 18c.@18½c.; receipts, 142 bales. FLOUR—The stock is small, and the market is firm with an upward tendency; Extra, $10 75; Double Extra, $11 50. CORN firm; White and Mixed, $1 40. OATS unchanged. PORK dull and nominally $26 75@$27. BACON—Shoulders, 15c.; Clear Sides, 19c. Sugar-cured HAMS scarce and in good request at 27c. LARD firm; tierces, 15c.; kegs, 16c. Gold. 144. Sterling Exchange, 155@158. New-York Sight Exchange ¼ ℔ cent. premium.

LOUISVILLE, Thursday, Oct. 3.

TOBACCO—Sales 97 hhds.; the frost has damaged the crop, and prices have advanced; sales at $4@$65 for inferior to medium Leaf. Superfine FLOUR active at $8 50; No. 1, $12 50. WHEAT $2 45. CORN dull at $1 05 for shelled in bulk. OATS 68c. in bulk. GROCERIES firmer. MESS PORK $24 25@$24 50. BACON higher—Shoulders 14½c.; Clear Sides 18½c.@18¾c. LARD—Tierces, 13½c.@14c. for kettle-rendered. WHISKY, in bond, nominal at 35c. COTTON 19c.

MILWAUKEE, Thursday, Oct. 3.

FLOUR active and higher; City Double Extras, $10@$10 50; Country do. $9 25@$9 50. WHEAT advanced 4c.@5c., and firm at $1 95 for No. 1, and $1 91½ for No. 2. OATS advancing; sales at 53c. for No. 1. CORN advancing; sales at $1 05 for No. 1. LAKE FREIGHTS—Wheat to Buffalo, 10c. RECEIPTS—3,600 bbls. Flour, 16,000 bushels Wheat, 13,000 bushels Oats. SHIPMENTS—3,800 bbls. Flour, 134,000 bushels Wheat, 9,000 bushels Oats, 2,500 bushels Corn.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, Oct. 3.

FLOUR firmer; standard City Mills $10 25, and Superfine $9 50; Howard-street, $9 75@$11 25. WHEAT firm; prime to choice White, $2 75@$2 85; prime Red, $2 60@$2 65. CORN steady and unchanged. OATS steady, but quiet. RYE firm. PROVISIONS generally are quiet, but for Mess Pork there is good demand at $24 50. COTTON firmer, and more active; sales of 90 bales, to arrive, at 22c. for Georgia Middling.

CLEVELAND, Thursday, Oct. 3.

FLOUR firm and better; Double Extras from Winter Red Wheat, $11 25@$11 75; from Amber, $12 25@$12 75; from White, $13 25@$13 75. WHEAT very firm and better; No. 1 Winter Red, $2 55; No. 2 do., $2 40@$2 42; No. 1 Milwaukee Spring, $2 15@$2 18. CORN firm at $1 08@$1 09 for No. 1 Mixed. OATS dull and quiet at 63c. RYE firm and nominal at $1 30@$1 35 for No. 1. BARLEY nominal. PETROLEUM firm but unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Thursday, Oct. 3.

COTTON opened with an active demand, but closed dull and heavy; Middlings, 17½c.; sales, 309 bales; receipts, 1,909 bales. Receipts of the week, 7,126 bales; exports, 5,243 bales; stock, 3,815 bales; total receipts during the season, 12,396 bales.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Thursday, Oct. 3.

The COTTON market opened at 17¾c. for Middling, but closed at 17c.; sales, 145 bales; receipts, 546 bales. The great scarcity of money restricts sales.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Thursday, Oct. 3.

COTTON active and firmer; sales, 550 bales; receipts, 920 bales.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Thursday, Oct. 3.

SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE steady at 53c. RESIN quiet $3 12½@$4 50 for Common to Pale.

MOBILE, Ala., Thursday, Oct. 3.

COTTON closed quiet at 18c. for Middling; sales, 800 bales; receipts, 654 bales; exports, 1,750 bales.

[Advertisement.]

KNOX is indispensable to the well-being of the manly heads of New-York society. His brilliant establishments, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-street, and No. 533 Broadway, (Prescott House,) are now ready for the public, where his superb Fall style of hats may be had at all hours of the day.

[Advertisement.]

BARNEY WILLIAMS, Esq.'s residence was saved from being robbed a few days since by the Burglar Alarm Telegraph, which, in an experience of eight years, has not been broken through.

E. HOLMES, No. 201 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE.

Prize medal awarded HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFES at Paris. Also, at the WORLD'S FAIR, London, and WORLD'S FAIR, NEW-YORK. For sale only at No 251 Broadway, corner Murray-st., New-York.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FROM EUROPE.			
Weser	Sept. 21	Bremen	New-York.
Siberia	Sept. 24	Liverpool	New-York.
City of Boston	Sept. 25	Liverpool	New-York.
Ville de Paris	Sept. 28	Havre	New-York.
FOR EUROPE.			
City of Antwerp	Oct. 5	New-York	Liverpool
Denmark	Oct. 5	New-York	Liverpool.
Britannia	Oct. 5	New-York	Glasgow.
St. Laurent	Oct. 5	New-York	Havre.
Hammonia	Oct. 5	New-York	Hamburg.
City of New-York	Oct. 9	New-York	Liverpool.
Chicago	Oct. 9	New-York	Liverpool.
Java	Oct. 9	Boston	Liverpool.
Palmyra	Oct. 9	New-York	Liverpool.
FOR HAVANA.			
Corsica	Oct. 5	Havana.	

Departure of Foreign Mails.

The mails for Europe *via* Southampton and Hamburg, by the *Hammonia*, close at the General Post-office, Saturday, Oct. 5, at 10:30 A. M.; supplementary mail for paid letters on pier foot of Third-street, Hoboken, to 12 M.

The mails for Ireland, *via* Queenstown, by the *City of Antwerp*, close Saturday, Oct. 5, at 10:30 A. M.

The mails for France, *via* Havre and Brest, by the *St. Laurent*, close Saturday, Oct. 5, at 8 A. M.

The mails for Havana and Nassau, by the *Corsica*, close Saturday, Oct. 5, at 10 A. M.

The mails for Mexico, *via* Vera Cruz, by the *Georgia*, close Saturday, Oct. 5, at 2 P. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at.....5 A. M., 1:30, 2:20 and 6 P. M.

Western Mails....5 A. M. 3:30, 4:30 6:30 and 4:15 P. M.

Long Island.....5 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.

Newport and Fall River.....3 P. M.

New-York Central Railroad.....3 P. M.

North Mails.....5 A. M. and 4 P. M.

North Mail, Way.....A. M. and 2 P. M.

South Mails at.....5 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Passengers Sailed.

In steamship Gen. Barnes, for Savannah—J. M. Chute, C. Cheney, D. M. Connell, Mrs. D. M. Connell, Capt. Thomas Stone, Mrs. Thomas Stone, Mrs. Jane Thomas, Mrs. Tilden, Mrs. Shields and daughter, F. W. Cornwell, Mrs. F. W. Cornwell and 2 children, Miss Watson, servant and child, Miss Perkins, Miss A. Hartridge, Miss L. Adams, G. W. Wardwell and daughter, J. D. Barnes, W. McKay, Mrs. W. McKay, Miss N. Robinson, Miss Maria McKay, Miss Mary McKay, Miss Catherine McKay, Miss Fannie McKay, Masters Wm. McKay and Henry McKay, Alex. Doyle, Mrs. A. Doyle, Jno. Russell, A. G. Rouse and wife, Mrs. N. N. Curtis, Miss Lizzie Curtis, Mrs. M. McLaughlin and child, Mrs. G. Leakins, Mrs. C. Voglen and child, Miss A. L. Wiley and servant, Mrs. J. F. Wheaton and child, Miss D. Thomas, S. J. Wheaton, S. B. Thomas, Jr., C. E. Beach, E. Wood, J. L. Haupt, Miss Haupt, Mrs. J. W. Stone, Miss Stone, Miss Nellie Long, Miss S. Stone, Jos. Eichbaum and wife, Col. J. Scriven, D. Mallett, F. Cutler, D. Bing, S. B. Wight, J. Grass, N. Grass, J. Triest, L. Schom, P. Obendorfer, M. C. Brown, W. S. McCoy, A. D. Siegels, A. C. Botler, R. A. Solomon, W. Polk, C. Ellis, M. Randall, M. Duggan, C. G. Macy, P. Hursey, A. D. Warren, J. Long, H. Crawford, Henry Rogers, R. L. Skinner, and 7 in the steerage.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Eagle, from Havana—Mrs. N. Harris and 2 daughters, Ellen Morris, F. Rond and lady, Ramon Liepert, B. G. Lawton, J. Newberg, Robert McCerron, Santiago Marquez, Wm. Raund, Andreas Muntas, A. C. Iverress, A. Echemendit, Thomas Clarkson, John McKeon.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.....5 59 | Sun sets.....5 38 | Moon sets...10 29

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..11 39 | Gov. Island.12 21 | Hell Gate.....1 49

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....THURSDAY, Oct. 3.

Cleared.

Steamships Columbia, Barton, Havana, Atlantic Mail Steamship Co.; Gen. Barnes, Morton, Savannah, Livingston, Fox & Co.; Propontis, (Br.,) Higginson, Liverpool, Tapscott Bros. & Co.; Montgomery, Lyons, Savannah, R. Lowden; E. B. Souder, Libby, Charleston, Wheeler & Leonard.

Steamer Nereus, Baarse, Boston, W. P. Clyde.

Ships Arkwright, Caulkins, Liverpool, Spofford, Tileston & Co.; Stonehouse, (Br.,) Bley, London, Morgan & Tinker.

Bark Live Oak, (Br.,) Manchester, New-Bedford, A. Leary.

Brigs A. V. Goodhue, (Br.,) Crosby, Trinidad, Cuba, J. Edmiston; J. Titus, (Br.,) Lovejoy, Kingston, Jam., Brett, Son & Co.; Josephine, (Br.,) Forbes, Truro, N. S., H. J. De Wolf & Co.

Schooners Helen Smith, Spencer, Dighton, G. K. Rackett & Co.; Hero, Kelly, Salem, R. W. Ropes & Co.; Evelyn, Burgess, Stamford; Lucy, Copp, Kingston, Jam., John Boynton's Son & Co.; Neptune's Bride, Crowell, Baltimore, S. W. Lewis & Co.

Sloop Report, Step, New-Haven, Conn., G. K. Rackett & Co.

Arrived.

Steamship Eagle, Greene, Havana 4 ds. 3 hours, with mdse. and passengers to Atlantic Mail Steamship Co.

Steamship Louisa Moore, Wallace, Newbern, N. C., 3 ds., with mdse. and passengers to Murray, Ferris & Co.

Steamship Niagara, Blakeman, Richmond and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steamship Co.

Steamship Acushnet, Kelly, New-Bedford, with mdse. and passengers to Ferguson & Wood.

Steamer Nereus, Bearse, Boston, with mdse. and passengers to W. P. Clyde.

Ship Kate Davenport, Otis, Philadelphia 2 ds., in ballast to S. L. Merchant. Will load coal for Acapulco for the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Ship City of Brooklyn, Cousins, Liverpool Aug. 19, with mdse. to Nesmith & Sons. The first part of the passage had strong westerly winds; the latter part variable, with calms.

Bark Acme, Kinne, Rio Janeiro 58 ds., with coffee to G. H. Millington. Off the West India Islands met with a heavy revolving storm; since then had calms and light baffling winds throughout.

Bark Jane Young, (Br., of St. John, N. B.,) Corning, Newport 23 ds., with railroad iron to Boyd & Hincken.

Bark Graf in Knyphausen, (Pruss.,) Pabst, Rio Janeiro 50 ds., with coffee to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Bark Orona, (Br.,) Day, Maracaibo 29 ds., with coffee to Morrison & Phillips.

Bark Salier, (Brem.,) Meesegaes, Rio Janeiro 56 ds., with coffee to Baring Bros.

Bark Columbus, Hilmer, of and from Bremen 45 ds., with mdse. and 268 passengers to Hermann Koop & Co. Sept. 3, lat. 50 29, lon. 14 7, spoke ships Thornton and American Congress, from London, both for New-York.

Brig Salinas, (of Barbados,) Hout, Para 26 ds., with rubber, nuts, &c., to L. E. Amsinck & Co. Sept. 30, lat. 35 20, lon. 74, encountered a heavy gale from S. E. to N. W., which lasted for 7 hours with great violence, during which lost jibboom, with everything attached, lost and split sails, was hove down on the beam ends twice, shifted cargo and strained vessel badly.

Brig Julius, (of Norfolk,) Wagner, (late Kelly,) Miragoane 23 ds., with logwood to R. Murray, Jr. Sept. 16, Capt. Geo. Kelly, of Truro, N. S., died of yellow fever, and was buried at sea.

Brig Amazon, (Br.,) Branscomb, Kingston, Jam., 33 ds., with logwood, &c., to master.

Brig Lorana, Nickerson, Boston.

Schr. Willie Dill, English, Moorehead City, N. C., with naval stores to Thomas & Holmes. Has been 11 ds. north of Hatteras. Oct. 1, lat. 39, lon. 73 50, saw a quantity of yellow pine adrift.

Schr. Louisa Frances, Kilburn, Newbern, N. C., 12 ds., with naval stores to master.

Schr. E. S. Gildersleeve, Gildersleeve, Middletown, Conn., with stone for Philadelphia.

Schr. Ives, Cerves, Maracaibo 25 ds., with coffee to master.

Schr. E. F. Prindle, Ward, Baltimore, with corn.

Schr. Caroline & Cornelia, Davis, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. J. G. Ferris, Hunt, Virginia.

Schr. Moderator, Rulon, Virginia.

Schr. Ocean Bird, Reggin, Virginia.

Schr. Willard Hart, Davis, Baltimore.

Schr. J. T. Bond, Robbins, Virginia.

Schr. Julius Webb, Knapp, Virginia.

Schr. J. S. Dowrey, Dukes, Virginia.

Schr. H. Nichols, Brown, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. H. Nichols, Brown, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. Annie, Moore, Virginia.

Schr. Mary Parker, Parker, Virginia.

Schr. F. French, Lippincott, Virginia.

Schr. J. Atkins, Robbins, Virginia.

Schr. G. H. Hoyt, Cranmer, Virginia.

WIND—At sunset, N. W.

BELOW—Ship Winged Hunter, 131 ds. from Calcutta.—(By pilot-boat Edmund Blunt, No. 2.)

Sailed.

Steamships Bremen, Columbia, Fah-Kee, Montgomery, Gen. Barnes, Albemarle and E. B. Souder.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Oct. 3—Arr. ship Ansel, from Liverpool; barks Richard Irvin, from Buenos Ayres; White Wing, from Buenos Ayres.

HOLMES' HOLE, Sept. 30—Arr. since last report: Brigs L. M. Johnson, Williams, New-York; S. D. Hart, Calais, for New-Haven; Potomac, Knowles, Bangor, for Philadelphia; schrs. A. F. Ames, Ames, New-York, for Glace Bay; Joseph, Warren, of Bath; S. G. Willard, Philadelphia, for Boston; E. M. Furber, do. do.; Fleetwing, of Wilmington; Hugh B. McCauley, New-Bedford; Cook, Elizabethport, for Newburyport; Grapeshot, for New-York; T. R. Hammond, Eastport; G. W. Kimball, Hall, Boston, for New-York, reports Sept. 30, when in Block Island channel, experienced very heavy weather, in which she lost mainboom and split sails; bark Wm. Vannaman, Craig, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Oct. 1, P. M.—Arr. Emma R. Graham, Smith; M. G. Gardner, Philadelphia; Moro, Elma, bound W.; Jas. S. Allderdice, Jackoney, Boston, for Philadelphia; she lost in the late gale fore and mainsail and jib.

Oct. 2, A. M.—Arr. Thomas Hix, Hall, Portsmouth, for New-York; Sarah Gardner, Teel, Providence, for Calais; L. Guptill, Smalley, Rockland, for Fall River. Bound East—John Adams, Spofford, for New-York; Ella Mathews, McGalvey, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Sailed—Schrs. P. S. Lindsey, James Allderdice.

Wind W.

Sailed—All vessels before reported, except schrs. J. H. Wainwright, Wm. Garrison, S. D. Hart, Mary L. Van Kirk, R. Hammond; J. S. Melding, and brig Charlotta.

Miscellaneous.

The steamship Baltic sailed from Quarantine this morning at 9 o'clock.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 3.—The schr. Catherine Bunsey, from Boston for Ellsworth, went ashore on Fox Island on the 30th ult., but was got off by the Survey steamer Corwin.

The brig Nathaniel Stevens, Capt. Saunders, from Boston for Calais, went ashore the same day in Pulpit Harbor, Fox Island, with loss of anchor and sails. She will probably come off easily.

Spoken, &c.

Cœur de Leon—Br. bark, strg. S. E., Aug. 14, lat. 24 30 S., lon. 31 30.

Maria y Vicenta—Span. bark, from Manila for Havana, 120 ds. out, Sept. 2, lat. 8 30 N., lon. 47.

Mary—Br. schr., from Halifax for Orinoco, Sept. 8, lat. 13 N., lon. 51 30.

Osprey—Br. schr., strg. N., Sept. 29, lat. 36 48, lon. 73 17.

Richard—brig, of Jersey, from —— for New Deep, Holland, Sept. 16, lat. 45 30, lon. 48 20.

Thone—Br. ship, from Liverpool for Calcutta, Aug. 21, lat. 11 S., lon. 31 W.

West—bark, of London, bound E., Aug. 31, lat. 51 40, lon. 10 20.

Zambesi—ship, from Bristol for Quebec, Sept. 17, lat. 45 10, lon. 50.

RAYMOND'S
CLOTHING WAREHOUSE.
BOYS' CLOTHING,
MEN'S CLOTHING,
CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.
121, 123 AND 125 FULTON-ST.

WOOD TURNERY

Wood turning of every variety, either eccentric, concentric or regular. Handles of every variety, skate woods, Logotrope, mouse traps, &c.

JOHN N. BUNNELL, Unionville, Ct.

Thirty-three miles from New-Haven *via* Canal R. R.

BEEBE'S RANGES

The best cooking apparatus for family use; durable, economical, and sure bakers. Made, put up, and warranted by JAMES, KIRTLAND & CO., Corner Reade, Centre and Elm sts.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA—Prizes paid in gold, information furnished, highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

PRIZES CASHED IN ROYAL HAVANA and all legalized lotteries. Circulars sent free. Information given.

JOSEPH BATES, No. 78 Broadway.

CIRCULARS AND INFORMATION FURNISHED in all legalized lotteries.

J. CLUTE, Broker,

No. 176 Broadway and No. 182 Fulton-st.